# NSW ARBOVIRUS SURVEILLANCE & MOSQUITO MONITORING PROGRAM 2016-2017 Weekly Update

Date: 3/Mar/2017

# SUMMARY

- **Climate**: over the last week, the last week, there was light to moderate rainfall along ranges and coastal strip, while the inland was largely dry. For February, rainfall below average for most of the state with parts of the inland very much below average. Maximum for February were up to 4-5 degrees above average.
- Three Month Forecast: for March to May 2017, rainfall predictions for NSW are for below average precipitation, with western areas of the state having a higher probability of being drier than average. Maximum and minimum temperatures are expected to be well above normal across the state. According to the BOM as of 28/Feb/2017, the El Niño-Southern Oscillation remains neutral, but an El Niño may form this year.
- Tidal: the recent series of high tides that occurred over 26/Feb 1/Mar/2017 were around 0.2m above average, being supplemented by rainfall. This resulted in a massive larval hatch at both Homebush Bay and southeast Queensland, with larval control operations ensuing. the next series of high tides that could initiate *Aedes vigilax* egg hatching are forecasted for 10-12/Mar/2017, but not predicted to be very high nor prolonged.
- **MVEV models**: the data relevant to both the Forbes' and Nichols' hypotheses have been updated to the end of February 2017 and both theories remain inconsistent with past MVEV outbreaks.
- **Mosquito Numbers Inland**: mosquito numbers were slighter greater this week and 'high' at Griffith and Leeton. All other locations produced 'low' numbers.
- Mosquito Numbers Coast: numbers are much greater this week, with 'high' mosquito numbers and 'high' collections of *Aedes vigilax* at Ballina, Gosford and Tweed.
- **Mosquito Numbers Sydney**: *Aedes vigilax* numbers were lower this week with only Georges River yielding 'high' collections. Most other sites were 'low'.
- Arboviral Isolates: there were no new isolates.
- Chicken Sentinel Seroconversions: there were no new seroconversions.
- Human Notifications: no update has been released this week.

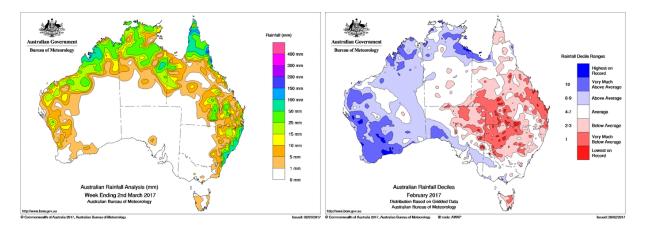
**Comment**: with the end of the inland Ross River virus outbreak, the focus of arboviral activity for NSW now turns to the coast. So far mosquito numbers have been below average, although this week numbers are well up. Furthermore, the recent high tides resulted in mass *Aedes vigilax* hatching and the wet week is likely to have provided some lovely habitat for freshwater mosquito breeding. The forecast is for above average temperatures over the next three months and so the arboviral season is far from being over.



### **ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS**

## Rainfall

Rainfall across Australia for the week ending 2/Mar/2017 is depicted on the left and monthly rainfall deciles for February 2017 are on the right. Over the last week, there was light to moderate rainfall along the ranges and coastal strip, while the inland was largely dry. Precipitation during February (right graph below) was below average for most of the state with parts of the inland very much below average. Maximum temperatures for February were up to 4-5 degrees above average, while minimum temperatures were around 2-3 degrees above normal. Temperatures tended to be more above average in the north of the state.



## **Three Month Rainfall & Temperature Forecast**

For March to May 2017, rainfall predictions for NSW are for below average precipitation, with western areas of the state having a higher probability of being drier than average. Maximum and minimum temperatures are expected to be well above normal across the state. The following pages contain graphics of the seasonal outlook:

<u>www.bom.gov.au/climate/outlooks/#/rainfall/median</u> (Rainfall outlook). <u>www.bom.gov.au/climate/outlooks/#/temperature/summary</u> (Max & min temperature outlook).

According to the BOM as of 28/Feb/2017 the El Niño-Southern Oscillation remains neutral, however climatic indices suggest the possibility of an El Niño forming in 2017 (a La Niña event is typically associated with wetter than average conditions and an El Niño with drier conditions).

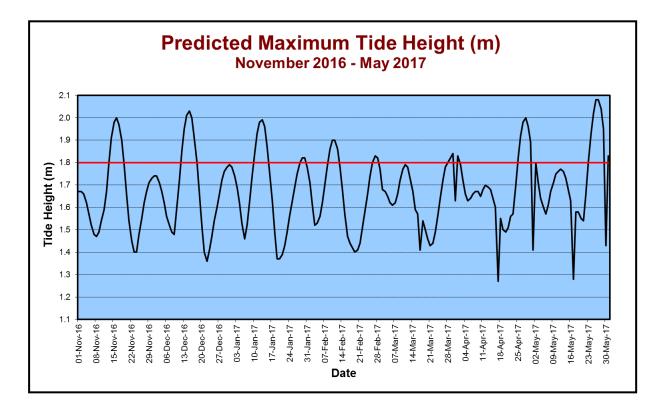
For more information: <a href="http://www.bom.gov.au/climate/ind/">www.bom.gov.au/climate/ind/</a> and, <a href="http://www.bom.gov.au/climate/ind/">http://www.bom.gov.au/climate/ind/</a>





## Tidal

Tidal information is relevant for the prediction of the activity of the salt marsh mosquito, *Aedes vigilax*. Typically for NSW, tides of over 1.8m can induce hatching of *Aedes vigilax* larvae and the graph below of predicted tide heights can provide some indication of when this is likely to occur.



The recent series of high tides that occurred over 26/Feb – 1/Mar/2017 were around 0.2m above average, being supplemented by rainfall. This resulted in a massive larval hatch at both Homebush (C. Webb, *pers. comm*.) and southeast Queensland (M. Muller, Brisbane City Council, *pers. comm*.). Control operations ensued at both locations.

The next series of high tides that could initiate *Aedes vigilax* egg hatching are forecasted for 10-12/Mar/2017, but not predicted to be very high nor prolonged.

Note that actual tide heights can vary by 0.3m (or more in unusual circumstances) due to variations in atmospheric pressure, rainfall, wind and other climatic phenomena. Thus predicted tide height should be used as a gauge only for potential *Aedes vigilax* activity. The larvae of the saltmarsh mosquito relies on a inundation/drying cycle for the mudflats in which it lives; continual wet weather prevents the drying cycles thereby reducing larval production.





## **MVEV Climatic Models**

Three predictive environmental based models for MVEV activity have been developed; the Forbes (which relies on rainfall in the river catchment basins of Eastern Australia), Nichols (based on the Southern Oscillation), and the Bennett theory (based on the Indian Ocean Dipole). The latter theory is poorly developed (and unreliable), and is not considered below. Note that all the predictive models have been developed on a limited data set and do not always forecast activity. There can also be unusual environmental conditions that may lead to the introduction of the virus to southeastern Australia, such as the movement of low pressure cells from the north to the south of the country during 2008 and 2011. Vertical transmission of the virus (from adult to the egg in *Aedes* species) can result in restricted activity following localised heavy precipitation (as per 2003 at Menindee).

#### i. Forbes' Hypothesis

Rainfall was not above Decile 7 in all of the river catchment basins in eastern Australia for the last quarter of 2015 or the majority of the catchments for the first quarter of 2016 (Table 1). For the Oct-Dec 2016 and Jan-Mar 2017 periods, rainfall was not above Decile 7 in all of the catchment basins.

**Table 1**. Rainfall indices for the main catchment basins of eastern Australia as per Forbes' hypothesis, relevant to the 2016-2017 season. Note that a value of 1 equals Decile 7 rainfall.

Catchment Basin	Oct-Dec 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Oct-Dec 2016	Jan-Mar 2017*
Darling River	0.72	0.67	0.58	0.51
Lachlan/Murrumbidgee/ Murray Rivers	0.70	1.14	0.92	0.92
Northern Rivers	1.35	0.57	0.98	1.10
North Lake Eyre system	1.35	0.63	1.09	0.80

\*Data for January and February 2017 only.

#### ii. Nichol's Hypothesis

**Table 2.** The seasonal atmospheric pressures (in mm) according to Nichol's hypothesis, relevant to the 2016-2017 season.

	Autumn 2016	Winter 2016	Spring 2016
2015 Value	1010.30	1012.57	1010.07
Pre past MVEV seasons	<1009.74	<1012.99	<1009.99

Only the Winter period pertaining to the Nichol's hypothesis is in line with past MVEV active years.





# Table 3. ARBOVIRAL ISOLATES

LOCATION - Site	Date Trapped	Mosquito Species	Virus
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	6/Feb/17	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	6/Feb/17	*	Kokobera
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	31/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Kunjin
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	31/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	31/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	31/Jan/17	Anopheles annulipes	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	31/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
ALBURY – Kremur St	23/Jan/17	*	Kokobera
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	22/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	22/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	22/Jan/17 22/Jan/17	*	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	22/Jan/17 22/Jan/17	*	Sindbis
LEETON – Farm 347	17/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
LEETON – Farm 347	17/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
ALBURY – Waterworks Rd	16/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
ALBURY – Waterworks Rd	16/Jan/17	*	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	16/Jan/17	*	Barmah Forest
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	16/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Barmah Forest
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	10/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	10/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	10/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	10/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	10/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	10/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	10/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	10/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
LEETON – Almond Rd	9/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
LEETON – Almond Rd	9/Jan/17	*	Ross River
LEETON – Farm 347	9/Jan/17	*	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	3/Jan/17	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GEORGES RIVER – Alfords Point	29/Dec/16	Aedes alboannulatus	Ross River
GEORGES RIVER – Alfords Point	29/Dec/16	*	Ross River
ALBURY – Kremur St	19/Dec/16	*	Ross River
ALBURY – Kremur St	19/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Barren Box	19/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Barren Box	19/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Barren Box	19/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Barren Box	19/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	19/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	19/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	19/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	19/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	19/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis



LEETON – Farm 347	13/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
LEETON – Farm 347	13/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
LEETON – Farm 347	13/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
LEETON – Farm 347	13/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Barren Box	12/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Barren Box	12/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Barren Box	12/Dec/16	*	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Barren Box	12/Dec/16	Anopheles annulipes	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Barren Box	12/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Barren Box	12/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Barren Box	12/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	12/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	12/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	12/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GEORGES RIVER – Illawong	8/Dec/16	*	Ross River
LEETON – Farm 347	7/Dec/16	*	Ross River
LEETON – Farm 347	7/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
MURRAY – Moama	6/Dec/16	*	Ross River
ALBURY – Kremur St	5/Dec/16	*	Ross River
ALBURY – Kremur St	5/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
ALBURY – Kremur St	5/Dec/16	Aedes bancroftianus	Ross River
FORBES – STP	5/Dec/16	*	Ross River
FORBES – STP	5/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
FORBES – STP	5/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
FORBES – STP	5/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
FORBES – STP	5/Dec/16	Culex australicus	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Barren Box	5/Dec/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	5/Dec/16	Culex australicus	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	5/Dec/16	Culex australicus	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	31/Nov/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	31/Nov/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	31/Nov/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	31/Nov/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	31/Nov/16	Anopheles annulipes	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	31/Nov/16	Anopheles annulipes	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	31/Nov/16	*	Ross River
FORBES – STP	29/Nov/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
FORBES – STP	29/Nov/16	Culex australicus	Ross River
FORBES – Toms Lagoon	29/Nov/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
LEETON – Farm 347	29/Nov/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Barren Box	21/Nov/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Barren Box	21/Nov/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Barren Box	21/Nov/16	Anopheles annulipes	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Barren Box	21/Nov/16	Culex annulirostris	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	21/Nov/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	21/Nov/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Hanwood	21/Nov/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Barren Box	21/Nov/16	*	Ross River
LEETON – Farm 347	16/Nov/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
LEETON – Farm 347	16/Nov/16	Anopheles annulipes	Ross River



LEETON – Farm 347	16/Nov/16	*	Ross River
FORBES – Toms Lagoon	15/Nov/16	Culex annulirostris	Ross River
FORBES – STP	15/Nov/16	Culex annulirostris	Barmah Forest
FORBES – STP	15/Nov/16	*	Barmah Forest
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	14/Nov/16	Aedes sagax	Barmah Forest
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	14/Nov/16	*	Barmah Forest
MURRAY – Moama	8/Nov/16	*	Ross River
MURRAY – Moama	8/Nov/16	Aedes sagax	Ross River
FORBES – Toms Lagoon	7/Nov/16	Aedes sagax	Sindbis
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	1/Nov/16	Aedes theobaldi	Ross River
GRIFFITH – Lake Wyangan	1/Nov/16	Anopheles annulipes	Ross River

\*Detection via Honey-Baited Cards, the mosquito species cannot be determined. <u>http://medent.usyd.edu.au/arbovirus/results/virusisolates.htm</u>

### Table 4. Arboviral Detections\* 2016-2017, Summary Table

	Date				Vir	rus	
LOCATION	Trapped	BFV	RRV	SINV	KOKV	KUNV	Total
ALBURY	23/Jan/17				1		1
ALBURY	16/Jan/17		2				2
ALBURY	19/Dec/16		2				2
ALBURY	5/Dec/16		3				3
FORBES	5/Dec/16		5				5
FORBES	29/Nov/16		3				3
FORBES	15/Nov/16	2	1				3
FORBES	7/Nov/16			1			1
GEORGES RIVER	29/Dec/16		2				2
GEORGES RIVER	8/Dec/16		1				1
GRIFFITH	6/Feb/17			1	1	1	3
GRIFFITH	31/Jan/17			4			4
GRIFFITH	22/Jan/17			4			4
GRIFFITH	16/Jan/17	2					2
GRIFFITH	10/Jan/17		1	7			8
GRIFFITH	3/Jan/17			1			1
GRIFFITH	19/Dec/16			9			9
GRIFFITH	12/Dec/16		3	7			10
GRIFFITH	5/Dec/16		2	1			3
GRIFFITH	31/Nov/16		4	3			7
GRIFFITH	21/Nov/16		7	1			8
GRIFFITH	14/Nov/16	2					2
GRIFFITH	1/Nov/16		2				2
LEETON	17/Jan/17			2			2
LEETON	9/Jan/17		2	1			3
LEETON	13/Dec/16		2	2			4
LEETON	7/Dec/16		1	1			2
LEETON	29/Nov/16		1				1
LEETON	16/Nov/16		3				3
MURRAY	6/Dec/16		1				1
MURRAY	8/Nov/16		2				2
	TOTAL	6	50	46	2	1	104

\*This is a summary of the detections via FTA card and cell culture, in some cases both systems will be detecting the same virus.



## HUMAN NOTIFICATIONS

Weekly notifications of human mosquito-borne diseases infections are available from the NSW Ministry of Health, Communicable Disease Weekly Report and summarised in the Table below\*: <u>www.health.nsw.gov.au/Infectious/reports/Pages/CDWR.aspx</u>. It should also be noted that notifications are for NSW residents and that infection may have been acquired elsewhere.

Week Ending	RRV	BFV	DENV <sup>†</sup>	Malaria <sup>†</sup>	<b>CHIKV<sup>†</sup></b>	ZIKV <sup>†</sup>	Total
3-Jul-16	3	0	1	1	0	0	5
10-Jul-16	2	0	5	2	0	0	9
17-Jul-16	4	1	6	0	0	0	11
24-Jul-16	3	3	9	2	0	0	17
31-Jul-16	2	0	6	4	0	0	12
7-Aug-16	2	0	6	3	0	0	11
14-Aug-16	1	0	5	1	0	0	7
21-Aug-16	4	0	1	1	1	0	7
28-Aug-16	2	0	4	0	1	0	7
4-Sep-16	3	0	4	0	0	0	7
11-Sep-16	1	0	3	2	0	0	6
18-Sep-16	3	0	3	1	0	1	8
25-Sep-16	9	0	4	1	0	1	15
2-Oct-16	2	0	0	0	0	1	3
9-Oct-16	3	0	5	2	0	0	10
16-Oct-16	2	0	8	4	1	0	15
23-Oct-16	3	0	9	0	1	0	13
30-Oct-16	6	0	5	0	1	0	12
6-Nov-16	4	0	4	2	2	0	12
13-Nov-16	2	0	9	0	1	0	12
20-Nov-16	6	0	10	0	1	0	17
27-Nov-16	8	0	4	2	1	0	15
4-Dec-16	13	0	6	2	1	0	22
11-Dec-16	18	0	8	3	0	0	29
18-Dec-16	21	0	2	0	2	0	25
25-Dec-16	31	0	0	2	0	0	33
1-Jan-17	8	0	3	1	0	0	12
7-Jan-17	35	0	2	2	1	0	40
14-Jan-17	82	1	7	1	1	0	92
21-Jan-17	122	1	8	3	0	0	134
28-Jan-17	84	3	12	0	0	0	99
4-Feb-17	85	0	10	1	0	0	96

**Table 5**. Notifications of Mosquito-Borne Disease in NSW, 2016-2017\*





Week Ending	RRV	BFV	<b>DENV</b> <sup>†</sup>	Malaria <sup>†</sup>	<b>CHIKV</b> <sup>†</sup>	ZIKV <sup>†</sup>	Total
11-Feb-17	69	2	5	3	0	0	79
18-Feb-17	67	0	8	0	0	0	75
Total	710	11	<b>181</b> <sup>+</sup>	<b>46</b> <sup>+</sup>	<b>15</b> ⁺	<b>3</b> <sup>+</sup>	965

<sup>†</sup>All of these viruses are acquired overseas, although some DENV cases may be from North Queensland. \*The data in this table is updated once available from the NSW Ministry of Health.

*Comment*: high notifications of Ross River virus disease for 2016-2017 are continuing with another 68 cases reported, although cases from the inland are on the decline. The December 2016 and January 2017 notifications are the highest since 2013 (Table 6). The total for this period was 609 notifications and this is several times higher than for the most recent years during the comparable period; e.g. 2015-2016 (96), 2014-2015 (207), and 2013-2014 (63). In comparison to previous years that had high case numbers in December and January, the season of 2005-2006 had 295 notifications, and 1998-1999 produced 276. The difference for this season highlights the dramatic nature of the outbreak.

The activity in Victoria has been even more dramatic, with more than 1,400 confirmed cases of Ross River virus for just this year.

Barmah Forest virus disease notifications continue to be very low despite some arboviral detections. This decline appears to be artificial and due to the withdrawal of the commercial test that was over diagnosing patients.

**Table 6**. Ross River virus infection notifications in NSW residents, by month of disease onset. January 2013 to February 2017\*.

Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
2013	38	46	34	57	101	49	36	23	27	36	30	30	507
2014	33	35	44	72	86	57	38	50	46	67	59	90	677
2015	117	305	431	264	102	50	54	61	53	61	70	54	1622
2016	42	60	78	79	52	16	12	10	22	18	37	212	638
2017	397	177											574

\*updated 2/Mar/2017. Table from: http://www0.health.nsw.gov.au/data/diseases/rossriver.asp

For more data on Ross River virus notifications in NSW see: <a href="http://www0.health.nsw.gov.au/data/diseases/rossriver.asp">http://www0.health.nsw.gov.au/data/diseases/rossriver.asp</a>

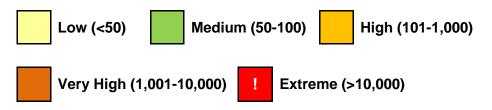
For more data on Barmah Forest virus notifications in NSW see: <a href="http://www0.health.nsw.gov.au/data/diseases/barmahforest.asp">http://www0.health.nsw.gov.au/data/diseases/barmahforest.asp</a>



# **MOSQUITO RESULTS**

All the full mosquito results can be obtained from: <u>http://medent.usyd.edu.au/arbovirus/results/results.htm#site</u>

Mosquito abundances are best described in relative terms, and in keeping with the terminology from previous NSWASP Annual Reports, mosquito numbers are depicted on the tables below as:



Each location represents the average for all trapping sites at that location.





### Inland

Location	Mooguito	Oct-16								C			Jai	n-17				Feb	I			Mar	,				
Location	Mosquito	2	9	16	23	30	6	13	20	27	4	11	18	25	1	8	15	22	29	5	12	19	26	5	12	19	26
Albury	Cx. annul																										
<u>Albury</u>	Total Mosq.																										
Bourke	Cx. annul																										
DUUIKE	Total Mosq.																										
Forbos	Cx. annul																										
Forbes	Total Mosq.																										
	-																-										
Griffith	Cx. annul																										
Grintin	Total Mosq.																										
Leeton	Cx. annul																										
Leelon	Total Mosq.																										
Mathoura	Cx. annul																										
Matrioura	Total Mosq.																										
Menindee	Cx. annul																										
Merindee	Total Mosq.																										
		_																									
Wagga	Cx. annul																										
<u>Wagga</u>	Total Mosq.																										



### Coastal

Location	Magguita	Nov	Nov			De	C			Jai	า-17				Feb				Ма	ar			Apr	,			
Location	Mosquito	6	13	20	27	4	11	18	25	1	8	15	22	29	5	12	19	26	5	12	19	26	2	9	16	23	30
Ballina	Ae. vigilax																										
	Total Mosq.																										
<u>Coffs</u>	Ae. vigilax																										
<u>Harbour</u>	Total Mosq.																										
Gosford	Ae. vigilax																										
Gostoru	Total Mosq.																										
Lake	Ae. vigilax																										
<u>Lake</u> Macquarie	Total Mosq.																										
Port	Ae. vigilax																										
Macquarie	Total Mosq.																										
Tweed	Ae. vigilax																										
Tweed	Total Mosq.																										
Muona	Ae. vigilax																										
<u>Wyong</u>	Total Mosq.																										





### Sydney

Location	Magguita	Nov	Nov			De	C			Jar	า-17				Feb				Ма	ar			Арг				
Location	Mosquito	6	13	20	27	4	11	18	25	1	8	15	22	29	5	12	19	26	5	12	19	26	2	9	16	23	30
Banks-	Ae. vigilax																										
town	Total Mosq.																										
Blacktown	Ae. vigilax																										
Diacktown	Total Mosq.																										<u> </u>
Georges	Ae. vigilax																										
<u>River</u>	Total Mosq.																										
Hawkes-	Ae. vigilax																										
bury	Total Mosq.																										
			-	-							-		-		-		-	-			-	-	-	-			
Hills Shire	Ae. vigilax																										
	Total Mosq.																										L
Penrith	Ae. vigilax																										
	Total Mosq.																										L
Sydney	Ae. vigilax																									<b></b>	
<u>Olympic</u> Park	Total Mosq.																										





### **Sentinel Chicken Seroconversions**

http://medent.usyd.edu.au/arbovirus/results/chicken\_results\_all\_sites.htm

	Oct-16					Nov				Dec				Jan-17					Feb				Mar			
Location	2	9	16	23	30	8	13	20	27	4	11	18	22	1	8	15	22	29	5	12	19	26	5	12	19	26
Bourke																										
<b>Deniliquin</b>						15N	15N	13N		13N	13N	13N	13N	12N	10N	10N	15N	10N	9N	9N						
<b>Forbes</b>				15N		15N	15N			15N	14N	15N														
<u>Griffith</u>			15N	13N	14N		14N	14N	14N	14N	14N	14N	14N													
<u>Hay</u>			15N		15N	15N	15N	15N	15N	15N		14N	15N	15N												
Leeton			15N		15N	14N	15N	15N		15N	15N	15N	15N		15N											
Macquarie Marshes								15N	15N		15N			15N	15N	1KUNV, 13N	5KUNV 9N	9N								
<u>Menindee</u>					15N	15N	15N	14N	14N	15N	13N	13N	13N	13N		13N	13N	13N	13N	13N	13N					
<u>Moama</u>								15N	15N			15N														
Moree										15N	15N	15N	12N	15N	15N	15N	15N	15N	13N	14N						
Wee Waa							15N	13N	15N	15N	15N		15N	15N		14N	14N	14N	14N	14N						

N= Negative for MVEV & KUNV

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