



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Hunter New England Area Health Service

To Members of the New South Wales Parliament

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Hunter New England Area Health Service (the Service), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2010, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows, service group statements, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes for both the Service and the consolidated entity. The consolidated entity comprises the Service and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Auditor's Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements:

- present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Service and the consolidated entity as at 30 June 2010, and of the financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations)
- are in accordance with section 45E of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1983 (the PF&A Act) and the Public Finance and Audit Regulation 2010

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report.

Chief Executive's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Chief Executive is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the PF&A Act. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that I comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Chief Executive, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

My opinion does not provide assurance:

- about the future viability of the Service or the consolidated entity
- that they have carried out their activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- about the effectiveness of their internal controls
- on the assumptions used in formulating the budget figures disclosed in the financial statements.

Independence

In conducting this audit, the Audit Office of New South Wales has complied with the independence requirements of the Australian Auditing Standards and other relevant ethical requirements. The PF&A Act further promotes independence by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as auditor of public sector agencies but precluding the provision
 of non-audit services, thus ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of New South
 Wales are not compromised in their role by the possibility of losing clients or income.

A T Whitfield

Deputy Auditor-General

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29 September 2010

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Certification of Parent/Consolidated Financial Statements For Period Ended 30 June 2010

Pursuant to Section 45F of the *Public Finance and Audit Act*, 1983, I state that to the best of my knowledge and belief:

- 1) The financial report has been prepared in accordance with:
 - Australian Accounting Standards
 - Public Finance and Audit Act 1983
 - Public Finance and Audit Regulations 2010
 - Health Services Act 1997 and its Regulations
 - the Accounts and Audit Determination
- The financial report exhibits a true and fair view of the financial position and the financial performance of the Hunter New England Area Health Service.

3) There are no circumstances which would render any particulars included in the financial report to be misleading or inaccurate.

Nigel Lyons

Chief Executive

Mark Jeffrey

Director, Financial Services

Date

Monday 20th September 2010

Hunter New England Area Health Service Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2010

	PARENT			CONSOLIDATION		
Actual 2010 \$000	Budget 2010 \$000	Actual 2009 \$000	Notes	Actual 2010 \$000	Budget 2010 \$000	Actual 2009 \$000
		шО	თ •	1,031,266	1,034,354	994,381
1,031,266 72,876	1,034,354 68,531	994,381 Personnel Services 68,681 Visiting Medical Officers	4	72,876	68,531	- 68,681
530,654	525,578	- 1	5	530,654	525,578	439,822
61,098 9.235	61,392 9,252	56,378 Depreciation and Amortisation 9,882 Grants and Subsidies	2(i), 6 7	61,098 9.235	61,392 9.252	56,378
19,191	19,195	12,035 Finance Costs	- ∞	19,191	19,195	12,035
96,103	96,115	135,241 Payments to Affiliated Health Organisations	တ	96,103	96,115	135,241
1,820,423	1,814,417	1,716,420 Total Expenses excluding losses		1,820,423	1,814,417	1,716,420
332.977	315.168	Revenue 261.839 Sale of Goods and Services	10	332.977	315.168	261.839
12.695	12,782	6,486 Investment Revenue	÷ =	12,695	12.782	6.486
53,464	50,109	52,089 Grants and Contributions	: 12	33,615	29,344	32,422
6,612	7,655	5,661 Other Revenue	13	6,612	7,655	5,661
405,748	385,714	326,075 Total Revenue		385,899	364,949	306,408
(1,572) (2,640)	(869)	(280) Gain/(Loss) on Disposal 47 Other Gains/(Losses)	4 5 5 1	(1,572) (2,640)	(869) (1,682)	(280)
1,418,887	1,431,254	1,390,578 Net Cost of Services	32	1,438,736	1,452,019	1,410,245
1,362,755	1,362,755	Government Contributions NSW Department of Health 1,291,014 Recurrent Allocations	2(d)	1,362,755	1,362,755	1,291,014
38,715	39,382	Now Department of realing 47,606 Capital Allocations (Asset Sale Proceeds Transferred to the	2(d)	38,715	39,382	47,606
		NSW Department of Health) Acceptance by the Crown Entity of - Employee Benefits	2(a)(ii)	19,849	20,765	19,667
1,401,470	1,402,137	1,338,620 Total Government Contributions		1,421,319	1,422,902	1,358,287
(17,417)	(29,117)	(51,958) RESULT FOR THE YEAR		(17,417)	(29,117)	(51,958)
		Other Comprehensive Income				
83,845		0 Property Plant & Equipment Valuation Gains/(Losses)		83,845	•	0
83,845	•	0 Other Comprehensive Income for the year		83,845	•	0
66,428	(29,117)	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (51,958) FOR THE YEAR		66,428	(29,117)	(51,958)

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Hunter New England Area Health Service Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2010

PARENT CONSOLIDATION Actual Actual Actual Actual **Budget** Notes **Budget** 2010 2010 2009 2010 2010 2009 \$000 \$000 \$000 \$000 \$000 \$000 **ASSETS Current Assets** 117,861 111,453 108,153 Cash and Cash Equivalents 18 117,861 111,453 108,153 44,000 40,406 43,677 Receivables 19 44,000 40,406 43,677 6,639 6.014 20 6,639 6,014 7.203 Inventories 7.203 2,139 4,431 2,070 Other Financial Assets 21 2,139 4,431 2,070 2,527 Non-Current Assets Held for Sale 23 2,234 2,527 2,234 2,527 2,527 172,873 164,831 163,630 Total Current Assets 172,873 164,831 163,630 **Non-Current Assets** 259 217 217 Receivables 19 259 217 217 11,245 13,384 13.384 Other Financial Assets 21 11,245 13,384 13,384 Property, Plant and Equipment 1,024,133 950,093 958,504 - Land and Buildings 22 1,024,133 950,093 958,504 22 99,437 93,459 84,393 - Plant and Equipment 99,437 93,459 84,393 22 71,260 76.498 69.021 71,260 - Infrastructure Systems 76.498 69,021 1,200,068 1,112,573 1,114,157 Total Property, Plant and Equipment 1,200,068 1,112,573 1,114,157 1,211,572 1,126,174 1,127,758 Total Non-Current Assets 1,211,572 1,126,174 1,127,758 1,384,445 1,291,005 1,291,388 Total Assets 1,384,445 1,291,005 1,291,388 LIABILITIES **Current Liabilities** 94,605 109,036 102,173 Payables 25 94,605 109,036 102,173 11,828 3,079 Borrowings 26 11,828 2,893 2,893 3,079 319,424 Provisions 342.171 327.288 27 327.288 319.424 342,171 2,985 1,713 1,713 Other 28 2,985 1,713 1,713 451,589 440,930 426,389 Total Current Liabilities 451,589 440,930 426,389 Non-Current Liabilities 156,169 Borrowings 156,847 165,464 156,847 165,464 156,169 26 7,490 11,607 6,990 Provisions 27 7,490 11,607 6,990 405 405 Other 375 28 375 405 405 163,564 Total Non-Current Liabilities 164,712 177,476 164,712 177,476 163,564 616,301 618,406 589,953 Total Liabilities 616,301 618,406 589,953 768,144 672,599 701,435 Net Assets 768,144 672,599 701,435 **EQUITY** 306.469 222,645 222.645 Reserves 306.469 222.645 222.645 478,327 Accumulated Funds 461,140 449.491 461,140 449,491 478,327 767,609 672,136 700,972 767,609 672,136 700,972 Amounts Recognised in Equity Relating to Assets 535 463 463 Held for Sale 535 463 463 768,144 672,599 701,435 Total Equity 768,144 672,599 701,435

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Hunter New England Area Health Service Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2010

	;	Accumulated Funds	Asset Revaluation Surplus	Assets Held for Sale	Total
	Notes	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Balance at 1 July 2009	1 1	478,327	222,645	463	701,435
Result For The Year		(17,417)	•	•	(17,417)
Other Comprehensive Income: Net Increase/(Decrease) in Property, Plant & Equipment		•			•
Available for Sale Firlandal Assets: -Valuation Gains/(Losses) -Transfers on Disposal		- (51)	83,845	- 72	83,845
Total Other Comprehensive Income	1 1	(51)	83,	72	83,845
Total Comprehensive Income For The Year	1 1	(17,468)	83,824	72	66,428
Transactions With Owners In Their Capacity As Owners Increase/(Decrease) in Net Assets From Equity Transfers	37	281	•		281
Balance at 30 June 2010	1 11	461,140	306,469	535	768,144
Balance at 1 July 2008	1 1	515,486	223,048	425	738,959
Result For The Year		(51,958)	•	•	(51,958)
Other Comprehensive Income: Net Increase/(Decrease) in Property, Plant & Equipment		,	•		•
Available for Sale Fillational AssetsValuation Gains/(Losses)				. (
- Iransfers on Disposal Total Other Comprehensive Income	1 1	365	(403) (403)	38	. 0
Total Comprehensive Income For The Year	1 1	(51,593)	(403)	38	(51,958)
Transactions With Owners In Their Capacity As Owners Increase/(Decrease) in Net Assets From Equity Transfers		14.434	•		14.434
Balance at 30 June 2009	1 11	478,327	222,64	463	701,435

Hunter New England Area Health Service Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2010

	PARENT				CONSOLIDAT	TION
Actual 2010 \$000	Budget 2010 \$000	Actual 2009 \$000	Not	es 2	010 2	lget Actual 010 2009 000 \$000
			CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
			Payments Employee Related	(982,9	22) (077 (055) (921,066)
(117,214)	(117,221)	(120,964)	• •	(117,2	,	
(17,931)	(17,936)	(9,760)		(17,9		
(1,632,061)	(1,623,616)	(1,461,602)	Other	(649,1	28) (646,5	(540,536)
(1,767,206)	(1,758,773)	(1,592,326)	Total Payments	(1,767,2	06) (1,758,7	(1,592,326)
			Receipts			
352,373	331,845	274,028	Sale of Goods and Services	352,	373 331,	845 274,028
4,634	5,091	5,185				091 5,185
83,680	85,289	80,393	Other	83,	85,	289 80,393
440,687	422,225	359,606	Total Receipts	440,	687 422,	225 359,606
			Cash Flows From Government			
1,362,755	1,362,755	1.291.014	NSW Department of Health Recurrent Allocations	1,362,	755 1,362,	755 1,291,014
38,715	39,382		NSW Department of Health Capital Allocations	38,		382 47,606
			Asset Sale Proceeds Transferred to the			
-	-		NSW Department of Health		-	-
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	Cash Reimbursements from the Crown Entity		<u>-</u>	
1,401,470	1,402,137	1,338,620	Net Cash Flows From Government	1,401,	1,402,	137 1,338,620
			NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING			
74,951	65,589	105,900		32 74 ,	951 65,	589 105,900
			CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
			Proceeds from Sale of Land and Buildings, Plant and Equipmen	t		
2,855	1,612	2,308	and Infrastructure Systems		855 1,	612 2,308
-	-	-	Proceeds from Sale of Investments		-	
()	/		Purchases of Land and Buildings, Plant and Equipment			
(67,836)	(63,639)		and Infrastructure Systems Purchases of Investments	(67,8	36) (63,6	639) (106,298)
(64,981)	(62,027)	(103,990)	NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(64,9	81) (62,0	027) (103,990)
			•			
			CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_		
2,502	2,502		Proceeds from Borrowings and Advances Repayment of Borrowings and Advances			502 34,125
(2,764)	(2,764)	(4,230)	Repayment of Borrowings and Advances	(2,7	(2,1	764) (4,230)
(262)	(262)	29,895	NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(2	62) (2	262) 29,895
		·	1	<u>`</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
9,708	3,300	31,805	NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH	9,	708 3,	300 31,805
108,153	108,153	66,156	Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	108,	153 108,	153 66,156
		10 102	Cash Transferred In/(Out) as a Result of		_	_ 10.400
		10,192	Administrative Restructuring		<u> </u>	- 10,192
117,861	111,453	108,153	CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	18 117 ,	861 111,	453 108,153
					_	

Hunter New England Area Health Service Service Group Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2010

SERVICE'S EXPENSES AND	Service Group	Group	Service Group	Group	Service Group	3roup	Service Group	roup	Service Group		Service Group	Servi	Service Group	Servic	Service Group	Service Group	Group	Service Group		Non Attributable	ntable	Total	
INCOME	<u>+</u>	*	1.2	*	1.3	*	2.1		2.2 *		2.3 *	•	* * *	4.	*	5.1	*	6.1	*				
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009 2	2010 2009	9 2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009 2	2010	2009
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$ 000\$	\$000 \$000	000\$ 0	000\$	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$ 000\$	\$ 000\$	\$000
Expenses excluding losses																							
Operating Expenses																							
Employee Related	99,753	98,773	908'9	6,744	93,260	92,400	75,987	75,287 43	430,133 399,	399,149 33,630	33,322	120,883	3 119,771	114,197	113,076	18,948	18,755	37,669	37,104	•	- 1,03	1,031,266 99	994,381
Visiting Medical Officers	1,344	1,265	18	17	6,059	5,701	8,636	8,126 4;	42,519 40,	40,117 6,206	06 5,839	2,571	1 2,419	9 4,771	4,489	419	395	333	313	•	-	72,876	68,681
Other Operating Expenses	27,348	22,407	2,053	1,682	43,978	36,701	40,476	34,203 30:	303,462 248,961	961 35,113	13 30,636	3,802	19,769	9 43,244	35,954	5,131	4,291	6,047	5,218	•	- 53	530,654 43	439,822
Depreciation and Amortisation	4,085	3,792	249	231	6,725	6,243	6,365	5,908	27,606 25,	25,290 3,602	3,343	5,519	5,123	3 6,550	6,080	302	280	98	88	•	-	61,098	56,378
Grants and Subsidies	4,944	5,326	309	333	32	35	4	2	35	48	2	3,071	3,306	906	254	531	572	-	-	•	•	9,235	9,882
Finance Costs	1,667	988	118	63	2,021	1,074	1,722	915	8,286 6,	6,240 91	915 486	1,964	1,043	3 2,127	1,131	237	126	134	71	•	·	19,191	12,035
Payments to Affiliated Health Organisations	1,926	2,711	•	•	24,891	35,028	7,458	10,495 4	48,070 67,	67,646 3,160	60 4,446	-		- 6,537	9,201	272	382	3,789	5,332	•	'	96,103 13	135,241
Other Expenses	•					-	-		-						•	•						-	1
Total Expenses excluding losses	141,067	135,160	9,553	9,070	176,966	177,182	140,648	134,939 86	860,111 787,451	,451 82,628	28 78,074	157,810	151,431	1 177,732	170,185	25,840	24,801	48,068	48,127	•	- 1,82	1,820,423 1,7	1,716,420
Revenue																							
Sale of Goods and Services	9,973	8,728	195	171	21,328	18,693	20,833	17,391 20	206,798 152,	152,020 13,233	33 11,902	6,781	1 5,950	0 43,193	38,190	2,100	1,804	8,543	066'9	•	- 33	332,977 26	261,839
Investment Revenue	2,425	1,201	84	8	066	472	399	188	2,355	911 21	214 99	181	1 77	7 2,213	1,132	2,410	998	1,424	1,456	•	•	12,695	6,486
Grants and Contributions	6,386	6,119	356	364	2,548	2,432	1,022	974	4,935 4,	4,706 54	542 515	5 436	5 411	1 5,942	5,712	5,302	4,908	6,146	6,281	•		33,615	32,422
Other Revenue	1,302	1,080	48	39	530	440	214	177	1,033	1,032	114 95	96	8	1,190	988	1,274	1,057	811	673	•	•	6,612	5,661
Total Revenue	20,086	17,128	683	658	25,396	22,037	22,468	18,730 21	215,121 158,	58,669 14,103	12,611	7,494	4 6,518	8 52,538	46,022	11,086	8,635	16,924	15,400	٠	- 38	385,899	306,408
Gain / (Loss) on Disposal		(19)	•	Ξ	•	(31)	•	(30)	(1,572)	(125)	- (17		- (26)	9)	(30)	-	3	•	•	•	•	(1,572)	(280)
Other Gains / (Losses)	•	3				9		5	(2,640)	21	- 3			3	5	•	1				-	(2,640)	47
Net Cost of Services	120,981	118,048	8,870	8,413	151,570	155,170	118,180	116,234 64	649,202 628,	628,886 68,525	25 65,477	150,316	3 144,936	6 125,194	124,188	14,754	16,166	31,144	32,727	•	- 1,43	1,438,736 1,47	1,410,245
Government Contributions																				•	- 1,42	1,421,319 1,38	1,358,287
RESULT FOR THE YEAR																						17,417	51,958
Other Comprehensive Income Increase/(Decrease) in Asset Revaluation Reserve Other																						83,845	
Total Other Comprehensive Income TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME																					9)	(66,428)	51,958

Service Group Statements focus on the key measures of service delivery performance.

The name and purpose of each service group is summarised in Note 17.

The Service Group Statement uses statistical data to 30 June 2009 to allocate the current period's financial information on expenses and revenue to each service group. No changes have occurred during the period between 30 June 2009 and 30 June 2010 which would materially impact this allocation. Changes to the methodology of statistical data in 08/09 resulted in movement in fractions applied to the results and a re-calculation of 08/09 data

Hunter New England Area Health Service Service Group Statements (Continued) for the Year Ended 30 June 2010

SERVICE'S ASSETS AND	Service Group	Group	Service Group	Group	Service Group	iroup	Service Group		Service Group		Service Group	Service	Service Group	Service	Service Group	Service Group		Service Group	-	Non Attributable	able	Total	
LIABILITIES	<u>+</u>	*	1.2	*	4.3	*	2.7		2.2		2.3 *	3.1	*	1.4	*	2.1		*					
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009 20	2010 2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010 20	2009 2010		2009
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$ 000\$	\$000 \$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$ 000\$	\$000\$	\$000\$	\$ 000\$	\$000 \$000		\$000
ASSETS																							
Current Assets																							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	9,133	8,517	618	572	11,457	11,164	9,106	8,503 55,	55,687 49,618	18 5,350	0 4,920	10,217	9,542	11,507	10,723	1,673	1,563	3,112	3,033	•	- 117	117,861 108	108,153
Receivables	2,290	2,442	78	94	2,896	3,141	2,562	2,670 24,	24,528 22,618	1,608	3 1,798	854	929	5,990	6,560	1,264	1,231	1,930	2,195	•	- 44	44,000 43	43,677
Inventories	342	367	26	28	220	109	909	560 3,	3,797 4,077	77 439	9 502	298	324	541	289	64	70	92	82	•	9	6,639	7,203
Other Financial Assets	166	163	7	1	208	214	165	163	1,011	950 97	7	185	183	209	205	30	30	99	28	•	- 2	2,139	2,070
Non-Current Assets Held for Sale	149	170	თ	10	246	280	233	265 1,	1,009	34 132	150	202	230	239	273	7	13	က	4	•	- 2	2,234	2,527
Total Current Assets	12,081	11,658	742	714	15,357	15,400	12,572	12,160 86,	86,031 78,396	96 7,626	3 7,463	11,757	11,207	18,487	18,350	3,043	2,906	5,177	5,375		- 172	172,873 163	163,630
Non-Current Assets																							
Receivables	13	12	0	0	17	16	15	13	144	112 9	6	5	5	35	33	7	9	7	1	•	•	259	217
Other Financial Assets	871	1,054	59	71	1,093	1,382	869	1,052 5,	5,313 6,140	40 510	609	975	1,181	1,098	1,327	160	193	297	375		-	11,245 13	13,384
Property, Plant and Equipment													_										
- Land and Buildings	68,473	64,469	4,174	3,927	112,725	106,140	106,691	100,444 462,	462,736 429,965	65 60,377	7 56,836	92,510	87,098	109,792	103,368	5,062	4,760	1,592	1,496	•	- 1,024,133	٠,	958,504
- Plant and Equipment	6,648	5,676	405	346	10,945	9,345	10,359	8,844 44,	44,929 37,857	5,862	5,004	8,982	7,669	10,660	9,101	492	419	155	132	•	- 66	99,437 84	84,393
- Infrastructure Systems	5,115	4,793	312	292	8,420	7,891	2,969	7,468 34,	34,564 31,966	66 4,510	4,225	6,910	6,475	8,201	7,685	378	354	119	111		- 76	76,498 71	71,260
Total Non-Current Assets	81,121	76,005	4,950	4,636	133,201	124,773 1	125,903 1	117,821 547,	547,686 506,040	40 71,269	9 66,683	109,382	102,428	129,786	121,514	6,009	5,733	2,174	2,125	-	- 1,211,572	,	1,127,758
TOTAL ASSETS	93,202	87,663	5,693	5,350 1	148,558	140,173 1	138,475 12	129,981 633,717	,717 584,436	36 78,895	5 74,146	121,139	113,634	148,273	139,865	9,141	8,639	7,352	7,500		- 1,384,445	,445 1,291,388	1,388
LIABILITIES													_										
Current Liabilities													_										
Payables	4,876	5,205	366	391	7,840	8,526	7,216	7,946 54,	54,101 57,835	35 6,260	7,117	4,243	4,592	7,710	8,352	915	266	1,078	1,212	•	- 94	94,605 102	102,173
Borrowings	917	242	62	16	1,150	318	914	242 5,	5,588 1,413	13 537	140	1,025	272	1,155	305	168	44	312	98		-	11,828	3,079
Provisions	33,098	31,729	2,258	2,166	30,943	29,682	25,212	24,184 142,	142,717 128,218	11,158	3 10,704	40,109	38,474	37,890	36,323	6,287	6,025	12,498 1	11,919	•	- 342	342,171 319	319,424
Other	231	135	16	6	290	177	231	135 1,	1,410 78	786 135	78	259	151	291	170	42	25	79	48		- 2	2,985	1,713
Total Current Liabilities	39,121	37,311	2,702	2,582	40,224	38,702	33,573	32,507 203,	203,817 188,252	52 18,091	18,039	45,636	43,489	47,046	45,151	7,412	7,091	13,968	13,265		- 451	451,589 426	426,389
Non-Current Liabilities													_										
Borrowings	12,154	12,298	823	825	15,247	16,121	12,118	12,277 74,	74,107 71,646	46 7,119	7,104	13,597	13,778	15,313	15,484	2,226	2,257	4,142	4,379	•	- 156	156,847 156	156,169
Provisions	724	694	49	47	2.29	029	552	529 3,	3,124 2,806	244	1 234	878	842	829	795	138	132	274	261	•	- 1	7,490	6,990
Other	29	32	2	2	36	42	29	32	177 18	186 17	7 18	33	36	37	40	5	9	10	11	•	•	375	405
Total Non-Current Liabilities	12,908	13,024	874	875	15,961	16,812	12,699	12,839 77,	77,408 74,638	38 7,380	7,356	14,507	14,656	16,179	16,319	2,369	2,394	4,425	4,651	-	- 164	164,712 163	163,564
TOTAL LIABILITIES	52,029	50,335	3,576	3,457	56,185	55,514	46,272	45,345 281,	281,225 262,890	90 25,471	1 25,395	60,143	58,145	63,225	61,470	9,781	9,485	18,393 1	17,916		- 616	616,301 589	589,953
NET ASSETS	41,173	37,327	2,116	1,893	92,373	84,659	92,204	84,636 352,492	,492 321,546	46 53,424	48,751	966'09	55,490	85,048	78,394	(640)	(846) (1	(11,041) (1	(10,416)	•	- 768	768,144 701	701,435

The ame and purpose of each service group is summarised in Note 17

Assets and allabilities are apportioned to service groups in accordance with the methodology advised in Note 2(ae), thereby ensuing that the benefit of each asset and the liabilities incurred in the provision of services are duly recognised in each service group.

1 The Health Service Reporting Entity

The Hunter New England Area Health Service was established under the provisions of the Health Services Act with effect from 1 January 2005.

The Health Service, as a reporting entity, comprises all the operating activities of the Hospital facilities and the Community Health Centres under its control. It also encompasses the Special Purposes and Trust Funds which, while containing assets which are restricted for specified uses by the grantor or the donor, are nevertheless controlled by the Health Service. The Health Service is a not-for-profit entity (as profit is not its principal objective).

The Hunter New England Area Health Service Special Purpose Service Entity was established as a Division of the Government Service on 17 March 2006 in accordance with the Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002 and the Health Services Act 1997. These Divisions provide personnel services to enable a Health Service to exercise its functions.

As a consequence the values in the annual financial statements presented herein consist of the Health Service (as the parent entity), the financial statements of the special purpose entity division and the consolidated financial statements of the economic entity. Notes capture both the parent and consolidated values with notes 3, 4, 12, 25, 27 and 32 being especially relevant.

In the process of preparing the consolidated financial statements for the economic entity consisting of the controlling and controlled entities, all inter-entity transactions and balances have been eliminated.

The accounts are presented in \$000 and as such rounding errors may occur.

The reporting entity is consolidated as part of the financial statements prepared for both the NSW Department of Health and the NSW Total State Sector Accounts.

These consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2010 have been authorised for issue by the Chief Executive on 20th September 2010.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Health Service's financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with applicable Australian Accounting Standards (which include Australian Accounting Interpretations), the requirements of the *Health Services Act 1997* and its regulations including observation of the Accounts and Audit Determination for Area Health Services and Public Hospitals.

Property, plant and equipment, investment property, assets (or disposal groups) held for sale and financial assets at "fair value through profit and loss" and available for sale are measured at fair value. Other financial statement items are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention.

The consolidated entity has a deficiency of working capital of \$278.7M (2009 \$262.8M). Notwithstanding this deficiency the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis because the entity has the support of the New South Wales Department of Health.

All amounts are rounded to the nearest one thousand dollars and are expressed in Australian currency.

Judgments, key assumptions and estimations made by management are disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

Except when an Australian Accounting Standard permits or requires otherwise, comparative information is disclosed in respect of the previous period for all amounts reported in the financial statements.

No new or revised accounting standards or interpretations are adopted earlier than their prescribed date of application. Set out below are changes to be effected, their date of application and the possible impact on the financial statements of the Hunter New England Area Health Service.

Accounting Standard/Interpretation

AASB 9, Financial Instruments and AASB 2009-11, Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9, have application from 1 July 2013 and focus on simplifying the classifications of financial assets into those carried at amortised cost and those carried at fair value. They also simplify the requirements for embedded derivatives and remove the tainting rules associated with held-to-maturity assets. They have been assessed as having no material impact on the Health Service.

AASB 1053, Application of tiers of Australian Accounting Standards, has application from 1 July 2013 and establishes a differential reporting framework consisting of two tiers of reporting requirements. Tier 1 entities will continue to apply existing Australian Accounting Standards. Tier 2 entities will apply the same recognition, measurement and presentation requirements but reduced disclosure requirements. Tier 2 entities include the majority of public sector entities. This standard has been assessed as having no material impact on the Health Service.

AASB 2009-5, Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Project, has application from 1 July 2010 and comprises accounting changes for presentation, recognition or measurement purposes. This standard has been assessed as having no material impact on the Health Service.

AASB 2009-8, Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions, has application from 1 July 2010 and makes amendments which clarify the scope of AASB 2 by requiring an entity that receives goods or services in a share-based payment arrangement to account for those goods or services no matter which entity in the group settles the transaction, and no matter whether the transaction is settled in shares or cash. This standard has been assessed as having no impact on the Health Service.

AASB 2009-9, Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards- Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters, has application from 1 July 2010 and makes amendments to ensure that entities applying Australian Accounting Standards for the first time will not face undue cost or effort in the transition process in particular situations. This standard has been assessed as having no impact on the Health Service.

AASB 2009-10, Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards- Classification of Rights Issues, has application from 1 July 2010 and provides clarification concerning equity instruments. This standard has been assessed as having no material impact on the Health Service.

AASB 124, Related Party Disclosures and AASB 2009-12, Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards, have application from 1 July 2011 and simplify the definition of a related party. They have been assessed as having no impact on the Health Service.

Interpretation 19, Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments and AASB 2009-13, Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from Interpretation 19, have application from 1 July 2010 and addresses the accounting by an entity when the terms of a financial liability are renegotiated and result in the entity issuing equity instruments to a creditor to extinguish all or part of the financial liability. They have been assessed as having no impact on the Health Service.

AASB 2009-14, Amendments to Australian Interpretation- Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement, has application from 1 July 2011 and makes limited-application amendments to Interpretation 14 AASB 119 - The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction. This standard has been assessed as having no impact on the Health Service.

AASB 2010-1, Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards- Limited Exemption from Comparative AASB 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters, has application from 1 July 2010 and provides additional exemption on IFRS transition in relation to AASB 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures, to avoid the potential use of hindsight and to ensure that first-time adopters are not disadvantaged as compared with current IFRS-compliant preparers. This standard has been assessed as having no impact on the Health Service.

AASB 2010-2, Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from Reduced Disclosure Requirements, has application from 1 July 2013 and determines disclosures in Australian Accounting Standards from which Tier 2 entities are exempt. This standard has been assessed as having no material impact on the Health Service.

AASB 2010-3 and AASB 2010-4, Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Project, have application from 1 January 2011 and amend a number of different Australian Accounting Standards. These standards have been assessed as having no material impact on the Health Service.

Other significant accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are as follows:

a) Employee Benefits and Other Provisions

i) Salaries & Wages, Annual Leave, Sick Leave and On-Costs

At the consolidated level of reporting, liabilities for salaries and wages (including non-monetary benefits), annual leave and paid sick leave that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the service are recognised and measured in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date at undiscounted amounts based on the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

All Annual Leave employee benefits are reported as "Current" as there is an unconditional right to payment. Current liabilities are then further classified as "Short Term" or "Long Term" based on past trends and known resignations and retirements. Anticipated payments to be made in the next twelve months are reported as "Short Term". On-costs of 17% are applied to the value of leave payable at 30 June 2010, such on-costs being consistent with actuarial assessment (Comparable on-costs for 30 June 2009 were also 17%).

Unused non-vesting sick leave does not give rise to a liability as it is not considered probable that sick leave taken in the future will be greater than the benefits accrued in the future.

The outstanding amounts of workers' compensation insurance premiums and fringe benefits tax, which are consequential to employment, are recognised as liabilities and expenses where the employee benefits to which they relate have been recognised.

ii) Long Service Leave and Superannuation

At the consolidated level of reporting, long service leave entitlements are dissected as "Current" if there is an unconditional right to payment and "Non-Current" if the entitlements are conditional. Current entitlements are further dissected between "Short Term" and "Long Term" on the basis of anticipated payments for the next twelve months. This in turn is based on past trends and known resignations and retirements.

Long service leave provisions are measured on a short hand basis at an escalated rate of 18.3% (9.8% at 30 June 2009) for all employees with five or more years of service. The escalation applied is consistent with actuarial assessment and is affected in the main by the fall in the Commonwealth Government 10 year bond yield which is used as the discount rate.

The Health Service's liability for the closed superannuation pool schemes (State Authorities Superannuation Scheme and State Superannuation Scheme) is assumed by the Crown Entity. The Health Service accounts for the liability as having been extinguished resulting in the amount assumed being shown as part of the non-monetary revenue item described as "Acceptance by the Crown Entity of Employee Benefits". Any liability attached to Superannuation Guarantee Charge cover is reported in Note 25, "Payables".

The superannuation expense for the financial year is determined by using the formulae specified by the NSW Department of Health. The expense for certain superannuation schemes (ie Basic Benefit and First State Super) is calculated as a percentage of the employees' salary. For other superannuation schemes (ie State Superannuation Scheme and State Authorities Superannuation Scheme), the expense is calculated as a multiple of the employees' superannuation contributions.

iii) Other Provisions

Other provisions exist when: the Health Service has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

b) Insurance

The Health Service's insurance activities are conducted through the NSW Treasury Managed Fund Scheme of self insurance for Government Agencies. The expense (premium) is determined by the Fund Manager based on past claim experience.

c) Finance Costs

Finance costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred, in accordance with the Department's mandate to not-for-profit general government sector agencies.

d) Income Recognition

Income is measured at the fair value of the consideration or contribution received or receivable. Additional comments regarding the accounting policies for the recognition of revenue are discussed below.

Sale of Goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised as revenue when the agency transfers the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the assets.

Rendering of Services

Revenue is recognised when the service is provided or by reference to the stage of completion (based on labour hours incurred to date).

Patient Fees

Patient Fees are derived from chargeable inpatients and non-inpatients on the basis of rates specified by the NSW Department of Health from time to time.

Investment Revenue

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method as set out in AASB139, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. Rental revenue is recognised in accordance with AASB117 Leases on a straight line basis over the lease term. Dividend revenue is recognised in accordance with AASB118 Revenue when the Health Service's right to receive payment is established.

Royalty revenue is recognised in accordance with AASB118 on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement.

Debt Forgiveness

Debts are accounted for as extinguished when and only when settlement occurs through repayment or replacement by another liability.

Use of Hospital Facilities

Specialist doctors with rights of private practice are subject to an infrastructure charge for the use of hospital facilities at rates determined by the NSW Department of Health. Charges consist of two components:

- * a monthly charge raised by the Health Service based on a percentage of receipts generated
- * the residue of the Private Practice Trust Fund at the end of each financial year, such sum being credited for Health Service use in the advancement of the Health Service or individuals within it.

Use of Outside Facilities

The Health Service uses a number of facilities owned and maintained by the local authorities in the area to deliver community health services for which no charges are raised by the authorities. The cost method of accounting is used for the initial recording of all such services. Cost is determined as the fair value of the services given and is then recognised as revenue with a matching expense.

Grants and Contributions

Grants and Contributions are generally recognised as revenues when the Health Service obtains control over the assets comprising the contributions. Control over contributions is normally obtained upon the receipt of cash.

NSW Department of Health Allocations

Payments are made by the NSW Department of Health on the basis of the allocation for the Health Service as adjusted for approved supplementations mostly for salary agreements, patient flows between Health Services and approved enhancement projects. This allocation is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income before arriving at the "Result for the Year" on the basis that the allocation is earned in return for the health services provided on behalf of the Department. Allocations are normally recognised upon the receipt of Cash.

General operating expenses/revenues of Calvary Mater Newcastle have only been included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income prepared to the extent of the cash payments made to the Health Organisations concerned. The Health Service is not deemed to own or control the various assets/liabilities of the aforementioned Health Organisations and such amounts have been excluded from the Statement of Financial Position. Any exceptions are specifically listed in the notes that follow.

e) Accounting for the Goods & Services Tax (GST)

Income, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except that:

- * the amount of GST incurred by the Health Service as a purchaser that is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of an asset or as part of an item of expense and
- * receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis. However, the GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office are classified as operating cash flows.

f) Inter Area and Interstate Patient Flows

Inter Area Patient Flows

Health Services recognise patient flows for patients they have treated that live outside the Service's regional area. The flows recognised are for acute inpatients (other than Mental Health Services), emergency and rehabilitation and extended care.

Patient flows have been calculated using benchmarks for the cost of services for each of the categories identified and deducting estimated revenue, based on the payment category of the patient. The flow information is based on activity for the last completed calendar year. The NSW Department of Health accepts that category identification for various surgical and medical procedures is impacted by the complexities of the coding process and the interpretation of the coding staff when coding a patient's medical records. The Department reviews the flow information extracted from Health Service records and once it has accepted it, requires each Health Service and the Children's Hospital at Westmead to bring to account the value of patient flows in accordance with the Department's assessment.

The adjustments have no effect on equity values as the movement in Net Cost of Services is matched by a corresponding adjustment to the value of the NSW Department of Health Recurrent Allocation.

Inter State Patient Flows

Health Services recognise the outflow of acute inpatients that are treated by other States and Territories within Australia who normally reside in the Service's residential area. The Health Services also recognise the value of inflows for acute inpatient treatment provided to residents from other States and territories. The expense and revenue values reported within the financial statements have been based on 2008/09 activity data using standard cost weighted separation values to reflect estimated costs in 2009/10 for acute weighted inpatient separations. Where treatment is obtained outside the home health service, the State/Territory providing the service is reimbursed by the benefiting Area.

The reporting adopted for both inter area and interstate patient flows aims to provide a greater accuracy of the cost of service provision to the Area's resident population and disclose the extent to which service is provided to non-residents.

The composition of patient flow expense/revenue is disclosed in Notes 5 and 10.

g) Acquisition of Assets

The cost method of accounting is used for the initial recording of all acquisitions of assets controlled by the Health Service. Cost is the amount of cash or cash equivalents paid or the fair value of the other consideration given to acquire the asset at the time of its acquisition or construction or, where applicable, the amount attributed to that asset when initially recognised in accordance with the specific requirements of other Australian Accounting Standards.

Assets acquired at no cost, or for nominal consideration, are initially recognised as assets and revenues at their fair value at the date of acquisition (See also assets transferred as a result of an equity transfer Note 2(z)).

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

Where payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal credit terms, its cost is the cash price equivalent, ie the deferred payment amount is effectively discounted at an asset-specific rate.

Land and Buildings which are owned by the Health Administration Corporation or the State and administered by the Health Service are deemed to be controlled by the Health Service and are reflected as such in the financial statements.

h) Capitalisation Thresholds

Individual items of property, plant & equipment are capitalised where their cost is \$10,000 or above.

i) Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment

Depreciation is provided for on a straight-line basis for all depreciable assets so as to write off the depreciable amount of each asset as it is consumed over its useful life to the Health Service. Land is not a depreciable asset. All material separately identifiable components of assets are depreciated over their shorter useful lives.

Details of depreciation rates initially applied for major asset categories are as follows:

Buildings	2.5%
Electro Medical Equipment	
- Costing less than \$200,000	10.0%
- Costing more than or equal to \$200,000	12.5%
Computer Equipment	20.0%
Infrastructure Systems	2.5%
Motor Vehicle Sedans	12.5%
Motor Vehicles, Trucks & Vans	20.0%
Office Equipment	10.0%
Plant and Machinery	10.0%
Linen	25.0%
Furniture, Fittings and Furnishings	5.0%

"Infrastructure Systems" means assets that comprise public facilities and which provide essential services and enhance the productive capacity of the economy including roads, bridges, water infrastructure and distribution works, sewerage treatment plants, seawalls and water reticulation systems.

Depreciation rates are subsequently varied where changes occur in the assessment of the remaining useful life of the assets reported.

j) Revaluation of Non-Current Assets

Physical non-current assets are valued in accordance with the NSW Department of Health's "Valuation of Physical Non-Current Assets at Fair Value" policy. This policy adopts fair value in accordance with AASB116, *Property, Plant and Equipment* and AASB140, *Investment Property*. Investment property is separately discussed at Note 2(o).

Property, plant and equipment is measured on an existing use basis, where there are no feasible alternative uses in the existing natural, legal, financial and socio-political environment. However, in the limited circumstances where there are feasible alternative uses, assets are valued at their highest and best use.

The Health Service revalues its Land and Buildings and Infrastructure at minimum every three years by independent valuation. The last revaluation for assets assumed by the Area as at 1st July 2007 was completed on 30 June 2008 and was based on an independent assessment. To ensure that the carrying amount for each asset does not differ materially from its fair value at reporting date, indices provided in expert advice from the Department of Lands are applied. The indices reflect an assessment of movements made in the period between revaluations.

Non-specialised assets with short useful lives are measured at depreciated historical cost, as a surrogate for fair value.

When revaluing non-current assets by reference to current prices for assets newer than those being revalued (adjusted to reflect the present condition of the assets), the gross amount and the related accumulated depreciation are separately restated.

For other assets, any balances of accumulated depreciation existing at the revaluation date in respect of those assets are credited to the asset accounts to which they relate. The net asset accounts are then increased or decreased by the revaluation increments or decrements.

Revaluation increments are credited directly to the asset revaluation reserve, except that, to the extent that an increment reverses a revaluation decrement in respect of that class of asset previously recognised as an expense in the Result for the Year, the increment is recognised immediately as revenue in the Result for the Year.

Revaluation decrements are recognised immediately as expenses in the Result for the Year, except that, to the extent that a credit balance exists in the asset revaluation reserve in respect of the same class of assets, they are debited directly to the asset revaluation reserve.

As a not-for-profit entity, revaluation increments and decrements are offset against one another within a class of non-current assets, but not otherwise.

Where an asset that has previously been revalued is disposed of, any balance remaining in the asset revaluation reserve in respect of that asset is transferred to accumulated funds.

k) Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment

As a not-for-profit entity with no cash generating units, the Health Service is effectively exempt from AASB 136 *Impairment of Assets* and impairment testing. This is because AASB136 modifies the recoverable amount test to the higher of fair value less costs to sell and depreciated replacement cost. This means that, for an asset already measured at fair value, impairment can only arise if selling costs are regarded as material. Selling costs are regarded as immaterial.

I) Assets Not Able to be Reliably Measured

The Health Service may at times hold certain assets that are not recognised in the Balance Sheet because the Health Service is unable to measure reliably the value for the assets. An example of an asset that may not be capable of reliable measurement is land under roads.

m) Restoration Costs

The estimated cost of dismantling and removing an asset and restoring the site is included in the cost of an asset, to the extent it is recognised as a liability.

n) Non-Current Assets (or disposal groups) Held for Sale

The Health Service has certain non-current assets (or disposal groups) classified as held for sale, where their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction, not through continuing use. Non-current assets (or disposal groups) held for sale are recognised at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. These assets are not depreciated while they are classified as held for sale.

o) Investment Properties

Investment property is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation, or both. However, for not-for-profit entities, property held to meet service delivery objectives rather than to earn rental or for capital appreciation does not meet the definition of investment property and is accounted for under AASB 116 *Property, Plant and Equipment*. The Health Service does not have any property that meets the definition of Investment Property.

p) Intangible Assets

The Health Service recognises intangible assets only if it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Health Service and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are measured initially at cost. Where an asset is acquired at no or nominal cost, the cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition. All research costs are expensed. Development costs are only capitalised when certain criteria are met.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be finite.

Intangible assets are subsequently measured at fair value only if there is an active market. As there is no active market for the Health Service's intangible assets, the assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation.

Computer software developed or acquired by the Health Service are recognised as intangible assets and are amortised over five years using the straight line method based on the useful life of the asset for both internally developed assets and direct acquisitions.

Intangible assets are tested for impairment where an indicator of impairment exists. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount the carrying amount is reduced to recoverable amount and the reduction is recognised as an impairment loss.

q) Maintenance

Day-to-day servicing costs or maintenance are charged as expenses as incurred, except where they relate to the replacement of a part or component of an asset, in which case the costs are capitalised and depreciated.

r) Leased Assets

A distinction is made between finance leases which effectively transfer from the lessor to the lessee substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased assets, and operating leases under which the lessor effectively retains all such risks and benefits.

Where a non-current asset is acquired by means of a finance lease, the asset is recognised at its fair value at the commencement of the lease term. The corresponding liability is established at the same amount. Lease payments are allocated between the principal component and the interest expense.

Operating lease payments are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the periods in which they are incurred.

s) Inventories

Inventories are stated at cost, adjusted when applicable for any loss of service potential. A loss of service potential is identified and measured based on the existence of a current replacement cost that is lower than the carrying amount.

Obsolete items are disposed of in accordance with instructions issued by the NSW Department of Health.

t) Loans and Receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. These financial assets are recognised initially at fair value, usually based on the transaction cost or face value. Subsequent measurement is at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less an allowance for any impairment of receivables. Any changes are recognised in the Result for the Year when impaired, derecognised or through the amortisation process.

Short-term receivables with no stated interest rate are measured at the original invoice amount where the effect of discounting is immaterial.

u) Investments

Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. The Hunter New England Area Health Service determines the classification of its financial assets after initial recognition and, when allowed and appropriate, reevaluates this at each financial year end.

* Fair value through profit or loss - The Hunter New England Area Health Service subsequently measures investments classified as "held for trading" or designated upon initial recognition "at fair value through profit or loss" at fair value. Financial assets are classified as "held for trading" if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term. Derivatives are also classified as held for trading. Gains or losses on these assets are recognised in the Result for the Year.

The Hour-Glass Investment facilities are designated at fair value through profit or loss using the second leg of the fair value option i.e. these financial assets are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management strategy, and information about these assets is provided internally on that basis to the agency's key management personnel.

The risk management strategy of the Health Service has been developed consistent with the investment powers granted under the provision of the Public Authorities (Financial Arrangements) Act. T Corp investments are made in an effort to improve interest returns on cash balances otherwise available whilst also providing secure investments guaranteed by the State market exposures.

The movement in the fair value of the Hour-Glass Investment facilities incorporates distributions received as well as unrealised movements in fair value and is reported in the line item 'investment

- * Held-to-maturity investments Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity that the Hunter New England Area Health Service has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity are classified as "held-to-maturity". These investments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Changes are recognised in the Result for the Year when impaired, derecognised or through the amortisation process.
- * Available-for-sale investments Any residual investments that do not fall into any other category are accounted for as available-for-sale investments and measured at fair value in other comprehensive income until disposed or impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in the Result for the Year. However, interest calculated using the effective interest method and dividends are recognised in the Result for the Year.

Purchases or sales of investments under contract that require delivery of the asset within the timeframe established by convention or regulation are recognised on the trade date; i.e. the date the Health Service commits to purchase or sell the asset.

The fair value of investments that are traded at fair value in an active market is determined by reference to quoted current bid prices at the close of business on the Statement of Financial Position date.

v) Impairment of financial assets

All financial assets, except those measured at fair value through profit and loss, are subject to an annual review for impairment. An allowance for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the entity will not be able to collect all amounts due.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the allowance is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the Result for the Year

When an available for sale financial asset is impaired, the amount of the cumulative loss is removed from equity and recognised in the Result for the Year, based on the difference between the acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortisation) and current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in the Result for the Year.

Any reversals of impairment losses are reversed through the Result for the Year, where there is objective evidence, except reversals of impairment losses on an investment in an equity instrument classified as "available for sale" must be made through the reserve. Reversals of impairment losses of financial assets carried at amortised cost cannot result in a carrying amount that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had there not been an impairment loss.

w) De-recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire; or if the Health Service transfers the financial asset:

- * where substantially all the risks and rewards have been transferred; or
- * where the Health Service has not transferred substantially all the risks and rewards, if the entity has not retained control.

Where the Health Service has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards or transferred control, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Health Service's continuing involvement in the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

x) Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Health Service and other amounts. Payables are recognised initially at fair value, usually based on the transaction cost or face value. Subsequent measurement is at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Short-term payables with no stated interest rate are measured at the original invoice amount where the effect of discounting is immaterial.

Payables are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Health Service.

y) Borrowings

Loans are not held for trading or designated at fair value through profit or loss and are recognised at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains or losses are recognised in the Result for the Year on derecognition.

The finance lease liability is determined in accordance with AASB 117, Leases.

z) Equity Transfers

The transfer of net assets between agencies as a result of an administrative restructure, transfers of programs/functions and parts thereof between NSW public sector agencies is designated or required by Accounting Standards to be treated as contributions by owners and is recognised as an adjustment to "Accumulated Funds". This treatment is consistent with AASB1004, Contributions and Australian Interpretation 1038 Contributions by Owners Made to Wholly-Owned Public Sector Entities.

Transfers arising from an administrative restructure involving not-for-profit entities and for-profit government departments are recognised at the amount at which the asset was recognised by the transferor immediately prior to the restructure. Subject to below, in most instances this will approximate fair value.

All other equity transfers are recognised at fair value, except for intangibles. Where an intangible has been recognised at (amortised) cost by the transferor because there is no active market, the agency recognises the asset at the transferor's carrying amount. Where the transferor is prohibited from recognising internally generated intangibles, the agency does not recognise that asset.

aa) Equity and Reserves

(i) Asset Revaluation Reserve

The asset revaluation reserve is used to record increments and decrements on the revaluation of non-current assets. This accords with the Health Service's policy on the revaluation of property, plant and equipment as discussed in Note 2(j).

(ii) Accumulated Funds

The category "accumulated funds" includes all current and prior period retained funds.

(iii) Separate Reserves

Separate reserve accounts are recognised in the financial statements only if such accounts are required by specific legislation or Australian Accounting Standards.

ab) Trust Funds

The Health Service receives monies in a trustee capacity for various trusts as set out in Note 30. As the Health Service performs only a custodial role in respect of these monies, and because the monies cannot be used for the achievement of the Health Service's own objectives, they are not brought to account in the financial statements.

ac) Budgeted Amounts

The budgeted amounts are drawn from the budgets agreed with the NSW Health Department at the beginning of the financial reporting period and with any adjustments for the effects of additional supplementation provided.

ad) Emerging Asset

The Health Service's emerging interest in the Mater Public Private Partnership Funding has been valued in accordance with the Department of Health's policy for *Accounting for Privately Financed Projects*. This policy required the Health Service to initially determine the estimated written down replacement cost by reference to the project's historical cost escalated by a construction index and the system's estimated working life. The estimated written down replacement cost was then allocated on a systematic basis over the concession period of 25 years using the annuity method and the Government Bond rate of 5.63% at commencement of the concession period.

ae) Service Group Statements Allocation Methodology

Expenses and revenues are assigned to service groups in accordance with statistical data for the twelve months ended 30 June 2009 which is then applied to the current period's financial information. The same methodology is applied to attribute assets and liabilities to each service group.

In respect of assets and liabilities the Department requires that all Health Services take action to identify those components that can be specifically identified and reported by service groups. Remaining values are attributed to service groups in accordance with values advised by the NSW Department of Health, e.g. depreciation/amortisation charges form the basis of apportioning the values for Intangibles and Property, Plant & Equipment.

PARI	ENT		CONSOL	DATION
2010 \$000	2009 \$000		2010 \$000	2009 \$000
	3.	Employee Related		
		Employee related expenses comprise the following:		
-	-	Salaries and Wages	731,438	718,272
-	-	Awards	38,849	30,966
-	-	Superannuation - Defined Benefit Plans	19,849	19,668
-	-	Superannuation - Defined Contribution Plans	65,320	61,864
-	-	Long Service Leave	47,076	33,132
-	-	Annual Leave Sick Leave and Other Leave	84,019	84,922
-	-	Redundancies	31,719 98	28,549 633
-	-	Workers' Compensation Insurance	12,638	16,105
-	-	Fringe Benefits Tax	260	270
		Ç	1,031,266	994,381
			1,001,200	
		The following additional information is provided:		
-	- -	Employee Related Expenses Capitalised - Land and Buildings Employee Related Expenses Capitalised - Plant and Equipment	-	24
	4.	Personnel Services		
		Personnel Services comprise the purchase of the following:		
731,438	718,272	Salaries and Wages	_	_
38,849	30,966	Awards	_	-
19,849	19,668	Superannuation - Defined Benefit Plans	-	-
65,320	61,864	Superannuation - Defined Contribution Plans	-	-
47,076	33,132	Long Service Leave	-	-
84,019	84,922	Annual Leave	-	-
31,719	28,549	Sick Leave and Other Leave	-	-
98	633	Redundancies	-	-
12,638 260	16,105 270	Workers' Compensation Insurance Fringe Benefits Tax	-	-
1,031,266	994,381	Ç		
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		The following additional information is provided:		
-	24 -	Personnel Services Expenses Capitalised - Land and Buildings Personnel Services Expenses Capitalised - Plant and Equipment	-	-
	5.	Other Operating Expenses		
90,765	88,478	Allocations towards Inter Area Patient Outflows, NSW (see (d) below)	90,765	88,478
6,038	5,963	Blood and Blood Products	6,038	5,963
21,362	22,863	Domestic Supplies and Services	21,362	22,863
46,115	43,967	Drug Supplies	46,115	43,967
61,267	13,366	Food Supplies	61,267	13,366
12,692 28,588	10,757 26,767	Fuel, Light and Power General Expenses (See (b) below)	12,692	10,757
16,205	17,362	Hospital Ambulance Transport Costs	28,588 16,205	26,767 17,362
11,165	9,906	Information Management Expenses	11,165	9,906
3,146	1,444	Insurance	3,146	1,444
11,870	8,786	Interstate Patient Outflows (see (e) below) Maintenance (See (c) below)	11,870	8,786
15,433	11,608	Maintenance Contracts	15,433	11,608
18,817	13,488	New/Replacement Equipment under \$10,000	18,817	13,488
10,369	10,402	Repairs	10,369	10,402
		Maintenance/Non Contract		
62,225	58,938	Medical and Surgical Supplies	62,225	58,938
6,008	5,937 4,074	Postal and Telephone Costs	6,008	5,937
4,590 2,137	4,074 1,934	Printing and Stationery Rates and Charges	4,590 2,137	4,074 1,934
2,137 7,559	7,356	Rates and Charges Rental	2,137 7,559	7,356
65,752	52,775	Special Service Departments	65,752	52,775
7,624	8,333	Staff Related Costs	7,624	8,333
7,239	6,714	Health Support Services- Financial Services	7,239	6,714
2,501	1,985	Sundry Operating Expenses (See (a) below)	2,501	1,985
11,187	6,619	Travel Related Costs	11,187	6,619
530,654	439,822		530,654	439,822

PARENT	Þ		CONSOLIDATION	DATION
2010	\$000		2010	2009 \$000
2,501	1,985	(a) Sundry Operating Expenses comprise: Isolated Patient Travel and Accommodation Assistance Scheme	2,501	1,985
2,501	1,985		2,501	1,985
845 694	1,152 674	(b) General Expenses include:- Advertising Books, Magazines and Journals	845 694	1,152 674
2,237	2,082	Consultancies - Operating Activities - Control Mode	2,237	2,082
2,598	2,047	- Capital works Courier and Freight	2,598	2,047
162 37	150 12	Auditor's Remuneration - Audit of Financial Statements Auditor's Remuneration - Other Services	162 37	150 12
25	30	Data Recording and Storage	52	30
543 964	887	Legal Services Membershio/Professional Fees	543 964	887 1.179
6,124	6,823	Motor Vehicle Operating Lease Expense - Minimum Lease Payments	6,124	6,823
1,921	1,965 4,607	Umer Operating Lease Expense - Minimum Lease Payments Other Motor vehicle Expenses	1,921	1,965 4,607
. :	. ;	Payroll Services	. :	. ;
949	640 855	Quality Assurance/Accreditation Security Services	949	640 855
24	34	Translator Services	24	34
44,619	35,498	(c) Reconciliation Total Maintenance Maintenance Expense - Contracted Labour and Other (Non-Employee Related), included in Note 5	44,619	35,498
11,129	10,793	Employee Kelated/Personnel Services Maintenance Expense included in Notes 3 and 4	11,129	10,793
55,748	46,291	Total Maintenance Expenses included in Notes 3, 4 and 5	55,748	46,291
		(d) Details of the allocations applied to Inter Area Patient Out Flows, NSW on an Area basis as accepted by the NSW Department of Health are as follows:-		
8,753	10,777	Children's Hospital Westmead	8,753	10,777
418	528	Greater Southern	418	528
1,547	1,404	Greater Western	1,547	1,404
9,540	7,864	North Coast	9,540	7,864
27,139	26,856	Northern Sydney Central Coast South East Illawarra	27,139	26,856
12.484	11.911	Sydney South West	12.484	11,911
8,459	7,541	Sydney West	8,459	7,541
90,765	88,478		90,765	88,478
370	622	(e) Expenses for Interstate Patient Flows are as follows:- Australian Canital Terrinory	370	622
, '	218	Northern Territory		218
9,370	5,512	Queensland	9,370	5,512
439	26	South Australia	439	99
302 1 153	1 228	Tasmania Victoria	302 1 153	1 228
236	1,150	Western Australia	236	1,150
11,870	8,786		11,870	8,786

PAREN	IT		CONSOLIDA	ATION
2010 \$000	2009 \$000		2010 \$000	2009 \$000
	6.	. Depreciation and Amortisation		
37,801	35,082	Depreciation - Buildings	37,801	35,082
243	115	Amortisation - Leased Buildings	243	115
20,116	18,257	Depreciation - Plant and Equipment	20,116	18,257
2,938	2,924	Depreciation - Infrastructure Systems	2,938	2,924
61,098	56,378		61,098	56,378
	7.	. Grants and Subsidies		
8,449	9,013	Non-Government Voluntary Organisations	8,449	9,013
45	62	Grants to Community Aged Care Packages	45	62
434	389	Research grants	434	389
307	418	Other	307	418
9,235	9,882		9,235	9,882
	8.	. Finance Costs		
1,260	2,275	Interest on Intra Health loans	1,260	2,275
17,931	9,760	Other Interest Charges	17,931	9,760
19,191	12,035	Total Finance Costs	19,191	12,035
	9.	Payments to Affiliated Health Organisations		
		(a) Recurrent Sourced		
92,982	91,835	Calvary Mater Newcastle	92,982	91,835
92,982	91,835		92,982	91,835
3,121	7,928	(b) Capital Sourced Calvary Mater Newcastle	3,121	7,928
		Carrary mater remodelle	 -	
3,121	7,928	(c) Non Recurrent	3,121	7,928
	35,478	Calvary Mater Newcastle	<u> </u>	35,478
<u> </u>	35,478		<u> </u>	35,478
06 102	125 244	Total Daymonts to Affiliated Health Organizations	06 103	125 244
96,103	135,241	Total Payments to Affiliated Health Organisations	96,103	135,241

PARE	ENT		CONSOLIDA	ATION
2010 \$000	2009 \$000		2010 \$000	2009 \$000
\$000		Sale of Goods and Services	\$000	\$000
		(a) Sale of Goods comprise the following:-		
5,045 825	4,592 542	Sale of Prosthesis Pharmacy Sales	5,045 825	4,592 542
		(b) Rendering of Services comprise the following:-		
101,172	98,651	Patient Fees [see note 2(d)]	101,172	98,651
661	1,173	Staff-Meals and Accommodation	661	1,173
59,121 8,274	44,987 7,193	Infrastructure Fees - Monthly Facility Charge [see note 2(d)] - Annual Charge	59,121 8,274	44,987 7,193
33,890	34,675	Allocation from Inter Area Patient Inflows, NSW [see note (c) below]	33,890	34,675
575	1,141	Cafeteria/Kiosk	575	1,141
4,194	3,783	Car Parking	4,194	3,783
807	775	Child Care Fees	807	775
8,496	4,612	Clinical Services (excluding Clinical Drug Trials)	8,496	4,612
72,968	40,189	Commercial Activities	72,968	40,189
232 6	214 7	Fees for Medical Records Information Retrieval	232 6	214 7
-	3	Linen Service Revenues - Non Health Services	-	3
270	780	Meals on Wheels	270	780
194	280	PADP Patient Copayments	194	280
3,176	2,850	Patient Inflows from Interstate [see note (d) below]]	3,176	2,850
5,070	4,824	Services Provided to Non NSW Health Organisations	5,070	4,824
15,890	40.500	Highly Specialised Drugs*	15,890	40.500
12,111	10,568	Other -	12,111	10,568
332,977	261,839		332,977	261,839
		*The Commonwealth Highly Specialised Drug program was varied from 1 July 2009. The State now claims on a recovery basis the cost of highly specialised drugs through Medicare (Commonwealth).		
		In previous years these funds were received within annual Government Allocation from the NSW Department of Health.		
		(c) Details of the Allocations received for Inter Area Patient Flows, NSW on an Area basis as accepted by the NSW Department of Health are as follows:		
400	458	Greater Southern	400	450
460 4,497	4,691	Greater Western	460 4,497	458 4,691
11,348	12,446	North Coast	11,348	12,446
12,817	12,959	Northern Sydney Central Coast	12,817	12,959
1,563	1,084	South East Illawarra	1,563	1,084
1,322	1,513	Sydney South West	1,322	1,513
1,883	1,524	Sydney West	1,883	1,524
33,890	34,675		33,890	34,675
		(d) Revenues from Patient Inflows from Interstate are as follows:-		
89	-	Australian Capital Territory	89	-
461	3	Northern Territory	461	3
1,761 149	1,517 110	Queensland South Australia	1,761 149	1,517
28	219	Tasmania	28	110 219
531	866	Victoria	531	866
157	135	Western Australia	157	135
3,176	2,850	-	3,176	2,850
		•		,,,,,,
	11.	Investment Revenue		
4,635	5,143	Interest	4,635	5,143
6,549	92	Interest Intra Health loans	6,549	92
1,510 1	1,251 -	Lease and Rental Income Royalties	1,510 1	1,251 -
40.005	0.400	-	40.005	6 400
12,695	6,486		12,695	6,486

PAR	ENT	for the Year Ended 30 June 2010	CONSOLI	DATION
			00.11002.	2711011
2010	2009		2010	2009
\$000	\$000		\$000	\$000
	12.	Grants and Contributions		
610	505	Clinical Drug Trials	610	505
8,190	9,746	Commonwealth Government Grants	8,190	9,746
157	144	Commonwealth Teaching Hospital Grants	157	144
5,963	3,614	Industry Contributions/Donations	5,963	3,614
8,127	7,421	Cancer Institute Grants	8,127	7,421
8,154	6,903	NSW Government Grants	8,154	6,903
19,849	19,667	Personnel Services - Superannuation Defined Benefit Plans		-
1,676	1,345	Research Grants	1,676	1,345
738	2,744	Other Grants	738	2,744
53,464	52,089	<u>.</u>	33,615	32,422
	13.	Other Revenue		
	10.			
		Other Revenue comprises the following:-		
_	2	Bad Debts Recovered	_	2
269	196	Commissions	269	196
1,012	906	Conference and Training Fees	1,012	906
46	31	Sale of Merchandise, Old Wares and Books	46	31
17	120	Sponsorship Income	17	120
1,436	1,275	Treasury Managed Fund Hindsight Adjustment	1,436	1,275
3,832	3,131	Other	3,832	3,131
6,612	5,661		6,612	5,661
	14.	Gain/(Loss) on Disposal		
16,015	25,533	Property, Plant and Equipment	16,015	25,533
11,858	23,162	Less Accumulated Depreciation	11,858	23,162
4,157	2,371	Written Down Value	4,157	2,371
2,455	2,075	Less Proceeds from Disposal	2,455	2,075
		Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of		
(1,702)	(296)	Property, Plant and Equipment	(1,702)	(296)
270	217	Assets Held for Sale	270	217
400	233	Less Proceeds from Disposal	400	233
		Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Assets		
130	16	Held for Sale	130	16
// F==>	(000)	Total Octoff on N. Di	// 	(655)
(1,572)	(280)	Total Gain/(Loss) on Disposal	(1,572)	(280)
	15.	Other Gains/(Losses)		
(2,640)	47	Impairment of Receivables	(2,640)	47
(2,640)	47	•	(2,640)	47
(2,070)			(2,040)	

PARENT AND CONSOLIDATION

16. Conditions on Contributions

	Purchase of Assets	Health Promotion, Education and Research	Other	Total
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Contributions recognised as revenues during the current reporting period for which expenditure in the manner specified had not occurred as at balance date	3,459	14,947	3,335	21,741
Contributions recognised in amalgamated balance as at 30 June 2009 which were not expended in the current reporting period	4,777	39,252	7,705	51,734
Total amount of unexpended contributions as at balance date	8,236	54,199	11,040	73,475
Comment on restricted assets appears in Note 24				

17 Service Groups of the Health Service

Service Group 1.1 - Primary and Community Based Services

Service Description:

This service group covers the provision of health services to persons attending community health centres or in the home, including health promotion activities, community based women's health, dental, drug and alcohol and HIV/AIDS services. It also covers the provision of grants to non-Government organisations for community health purposes.

Objective:

This service group contributes to making prevention everybody's business and strengthening primary health and continuing care in the community by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- improved access to early intervention, assessment, therapy and treatment services for claims in a home or community setting
- reduced rate of avoidable hospital admissions for conditions identified in the State Plan that can be appropriately treated in the community and
- reduced rate of hospitalisation from fall-related injury for people aged 65 years and over.

Service Group 1.2 - Aboriginal Health Services

Service Description:

This service group covers the provision of supplementary health services to Aboriginal people, particularly in the areas of health promotion, health education and disease prevention. (Note: This Service Group excludes most services for Aboriginal people provided directly by Area Health Services and other general health services which are used by all members of the community).

Objective:

This service group contributes to ensuring a fair and sustainable health system by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- the building of regional partnerships for the provision of health services
- raising the health status of Aboriginal people and
- promoting a healthy lifestyle.

Service Group 1.3 - Outpatient Services

Service Description:

This service group covers the provision of services provided in outpatient clinics including low level emergency care, diagnostic and pharmacy services and radiotherapy treatment.

Objective:

This service group contributes to creating better experiences for people using health services and ensuring a fair and sustainable health system by working towards a range of intermediate results including improving, maintaining or restoring the health of ambulant patients in a hospital setting through diagnosis, therapy, education and treatment services.

Service Group 2.1 - Emergency Services

Service Description:

This service group covers the provision of emergency ambulance services and treatment of patients in designated emergency departments of public hospitals.

Objective:

This service group contributes to creating better experiences for people using the health system by working towards a range of intermediate results including reduced risk of premature death or disability by providing timely emergency diagnostic treatment and transport services.

Service Group 2.2 - Overnight Acute Inpatient Services

Service Description:

This service group covers the provision of health care to patients admitted to public hospitals with the intention that their stay will be overnight, including elective surgery and maternity services.

Objective:

This service group contributes to creating better experiences for people using the health system by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- timely treatment of booked surgical patients, resulting in improved clinical outcomes, quality of life and patient satisfaction and
- reduced rate of unplanned and unexpected hospital readmissions.

Service Group 2.3 - Same Day Acute Inpatient Services

Service Description:

This service group covers the provision of health care to patients who are admitted to public hospitals with the intention that they will be admitted, treated and discharged on the same day.

Objective:

This service group contributes to creating better experiences for people using the health system by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- timely treatment of booked surgical patients resulting in improved clinical outcomes, quality of life and patient satisfaction and
- reduced rate of unplanned and unexpected hospital readmissions.

Service Group 3.1 - Mental Health Services

Service Description:

This service group covers the provision of an integrated and comprehensive network of services by Area Health Services and community based organisations for people seriously affected by mental illness and mental health problems. It also includes the development of preventative programs which meet the needs of specific client groups.

Objective:

This service group contributes to strengthening primary health and continuing care in the community by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- improving the health, wellbeing and social functioning of people with disabling mental disorders and
- reducing the incidence of suicide, mental health problems and mental disorders in the community.

Service Group 4.1 - Rehabilitation and Extended Care Services

Service Description:

This service group covers the provision of appropriate health care services for persons with long-term physical and psycho-physical disabilities and for the frail-aged. It also includes the coordination of the Department's services for the aged and disabled, with those provided by other agencies and individuals.

Objective:

This service group contributes to strengthening primary health and continuing care in the community and creating better experiences for people using the health system by working towards a range of intermediate results including improving or maintaining the wellbeing and independent functioning of people with disabilities or chronic conditions, the frail and terminally ill.

Service Group 5.1 - Population Health Services

Service Description:

This service group covers the provision of health services targeted at broad population groups including environmental health protection, food and poisons regulation and monitoring of communicable diseases.

Objective:

This service group contributes to making prevention everybody's business by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- reduced incidence of preventable disease and disability and
- improved access to opportunities and prerequisites for good health.

Service Group 6.1 - Teaching and Research

Service Description:

This service group covers the provision of professional training for the needs of the New South Wales health system. It also includes strategic investment in research and development to improve the health and wellbeing of the people of New South Wales.

Objective:

This service group contributes to ensuring a fair and sustainable health system by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- developing the skills and knowledge of the health workforce to support patient care and population health and
- extending knowledge through scientific enquiry and applied research aimed at improving the health and wellbeing of the people of New South Wales.

PARENT	Ę			i d
2010	2009		2010	
\$000	\$000	18. Cash and Cash Equivalents	000\$	\$000
48,261 69,600	56,151 52,002	Cash at Bank and On Hand Short Term Deposits	48,261 69,600	56,151 52,002
117,861	108,153		117,861	108,153
		Cash & cash equivalent assets recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are reconciled at the end of the financial year to the Statement of Cash Flows as follows:		
117,861	108,153	Cash and Cash Equivalents (per Statement of Financial Position)	117,861	108,153
117,861	108,153	Closing Cash and Cash Equivalents (per Statement of Cash Flows)	117,861	108,153

Refer to Note 38 for details regarding credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk arising from financial instruments.

PAREN	NT		CONSOLIDA	ATION
2010	2009		2010	2009
\$000	\$000		\$000	\$000
	19.	Receivables		
		Current		
17,308	18,681	(a) Sale of Goods and Services	17,308	18,681
159	312	Leave Mobility	159	312
636	791	NSW Health Department	636	791
10,885	9,900	Goods and Services Tax	10,885	9,900
3,372	2,929	Expense/Payments	3,372	2,929
12,638	9,710	Other Debtors	12,638	9,710
44,998	42,323	Sub Total	44,998	42,323
(2,737)	(574)	Less Allowance for Impairment	(2,737)	(574)
42,261	41,749	Sub Total	42,261	41,749
1,739	1,928	Prepayments	1,739	1,928
44,000	43,677		44,000	43,677
		(b) Movement in the Allowance for Impairment		
(485)	(357)	Sale of Goods and Services Balance at 1 July	(485)	(357)
97	151	Amounts written off during the year	97	151
762	128	Amounts recovered during the year	762	128
859	279	Increase/(decrease) in Allowance Recognised in	859	279
(1,247)	(485)	Result for the Year Balance at 30 June	(1,247)	(485)
		(c) Movement in the Allowance for Impairment		
		Other Debtors		
(89)	(473)	Balance at 1 July	(89)	(473)
343	58	Amounts written off during the year	343	58
1,401	(384)	Amounts recovered during the year	1,401	(384)
1,744	(326)	Increase/(decrease) in Allowance Recognised in	1,744	(326)
-	-	Result for the Year		
(1,490)	(89)	Balance at 30 June	(1,490)	(89)
(2,737)	(574)		(2,737)	(574)
		Non-Current		
		(a) Sale of Goods and Services		
226	263	Other Debtors	226	263
115	<u> </u>		115	
341	263	Sub Total	341	263
(82)	(46)	Less Allowance for Impairment	(82)	(46)
259	217	Sub Total Prepayments	259	217
		•		
259	217		259	217
		(b) Movement in the Allowance for Impairment		
		Sale of Goods and Services		
(46)	(90)	Balance at 1 July	(46)	(90)
-	44	Amounts written off during the year	<u>.</u>	44
36		Amounts recovered during the year	36	-
36	-	Increase/(decrease) in Allowance Recognised in Result for the Year	36	-
(82)	(46)	Balance at 30 June	(82)	(46)
		(d) Sale of Goods and Services Receivables		
4.040	4 500	(Current and Non-Current) include:	4.040	4 500
1,313 967	1,533 518	Patient Fees - Compensable Patient Fees - Ineligible	1,313 967	1,533 518
9,445	9,832	Patient Fees - Other	9,445	9,832
11,725	11,883	. 410.11. 555 51.107	11,725	11,883
11,123	11,005		11,123	11,003

Details regarding credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk, including financial assets that are either past due or impaired are disclosed in Note 38.

Hunter New England Area Health Service Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2010

z	\$000			2,448	4,500	225	30	•	7,203
CONSOLIDATION	2010 \$000			2,564	4,075	,		•	6,639
			Current - Held for Distribution		Medical and Surgical Supplies	Food and Hotel Supplies	Engineering Supplies	Other Including Goods in Transit	
		Inventories	Current -	Drugs	Medical ar	Food and	Engineerir	Other Incl	
L L	\$000	20.		2,448	4,500	225	30	•	7,203
PARENT	2010			2,564	4,075		•	•	6,639

	PARENT		CONSOLIDATION	NOI
2010	2009	21. Other Financial Assets	2010 \$000	\$000
2,139	39 2,070	Current Loans (Other Area Health Services)	2,139	2,070
2,139	39 2,070		2,139	2,070
11,245	13,384	Non-Current Loans (Other Area Health Services)	11,245	13,384
11,245	13,384		11,245	13,384

Refer to Note 38 for further information regarding credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk arising from financial instruments.

Loans represent monies outstanding from other Area Health Services, transfer of leave liability. Debt to be extinguished in 2015/16.

PARENT			CONSOLID	ATION
2010 2009 \$000 \$000			2010 \$000	2009 \$000
	22.	Property, Plant and Equipment		
		Land and Buildings - Fair Value		
1,829,552	1,656,134	Gross Carrying Amount Less Accumulated Depreciation	1,829,552	1,656,134
805,419	697,630	and Impairment	805,419	697,630
1,024,133	958,504	Net Carrying Amount	1,024,133	958,504
		Plant and Equipment - Fair Value		
234,479	212,709	Gross Carrying Amount	234,479	212,709
135,042	128,316	Less Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	135,042	128,316
99,437	84,393	Net Carrying Amount	99,437	84,393
		Infrastructure Systems - Fair Value		
130,235	117,508	Gross Carrying Amount	130,235	117,508
53,737	46,248	Less Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	53,737	46,248
33,737	40,240	and impairment	33,737	40,240
76,498	71,260	Net Carrying Amount	76,498	71,260
		Total Property, Plant and Equipment		
1,200,068	1,114,157	At Net Carrying Amount	1,200,068	1,114,157

PARENT AND CONSOLIDATED

22. Property, Plant and Equipment - Reconciliation

	Land	Buildings	Work in Progress	Leased Buildings	Plant and Equipment	Infrastructure Systems	Total
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
2010							
Net Carrying Amount at Start of Year	109,503	802,474	42,377	4,150	84,393	71,260	1,114,157
Additions	-	154	40,331	156	27,106	89	67,836
Reclassifications to Intangibles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Recognition of Assets Held for Sale	2	20	-	-	-	-	22
Disposals	-	-	-	-	(4,157)	-	(4,157)
Administrative Restructures - Transfers							
In/(Out)	-	-	-	-	(537)	-	(537)
Net Revaluation Increment Less							
Revaluation Decrements Recognised in							
Reserves	(6,097)	82,508	-	-	-	7,434	83,845
Impairment Losses (Recognised in "Other							
Gains/Losses)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation Expense		(37,801)	-	(243)	(20,116)	(2,938)	(61,098)
Reclassifications	1,301	22,526	(37,269)	41	12,748	653	-
Net Carrying Amount at End of Year	104,709	869,881	45,439	4,104	99,437	76,498	1,200,068

	Land	Buildings	Work in Progress	Leased Buildings	Plant and Equipment	Infrastructure Systems	Total
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
	ΨΟΟΟ	ψοσο	ΨΟΟΟ	ΨΟΟΟ	ΨΟΟΟ	ΨΟΟΟ	ΨΟΟΟ
2009							
Net Carrying Amount at Start of Year	110,208	761,016	35,174	-	81,844	73,895	1,062,137
Additions	-	50,436	39,807	-	16,055	-	106,298
Reclassifications to Intangibles	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Recognition of Assets Held for Sale	(480)	(22)	-	-	-	-	(502)
Disposals	(225)	(146)	-	-	(2,000)	-	(2,371)
Administrative Restructures - Transfers							
In/(Out)	-	-	-	-	4,973	-	4,973
Net Revaluation Increment Less							
Revaluation Decrements Recognised in							
Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment Losses (Recognised in "Other							
Gains/Losses)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation Expense	-	(35,082)	-	(115)	(18,257)	(2,924)	(56,378)
Reclassifications	-	26,272	(32,604)	4,265	1,778	289	-
Net Carrying Amount at End of Year	109,503	802,474	42,377	4,150	84,393	71,260	1,114,157

Above categories and transaction type should be deleted if not applicable.

- (i) Land and Buildings include land owned by the Health Administration Corporation and administered by the Health Service [see note 2(g)].
- (ii) Land and Buildings were valued by Global Valuation Services Pty Ltd (FRICS. FVLE Val & Econ Registered Number 27) on 1 July 2007 [see note 2(j)]. Global Valuations is not an employee of the Health Service.
- (iii) In accordance with the fair value requirements of AASB 116 the land, buildings and infrastructure assets have had a factor applied in relation to the movement in the market and variation in the building and infrastructure costs. The adjustment has been performed on a gross basis in accordance with note 2 (j). This factor gives consideration to the valuation of Physical Non-Current Assets at Fair Value. Indice applied to Non Current Assets are determined by the Department of Lands.

PARENT	LN:	ior the rear Enged 30 June 2010	CONSOLIDATION	NOIL
2010	2009 \$000 23.	23. Non-Current Assets (or Disposal Groups) Held for Sale	2010 \$000	\$000
2,107	2,400	Assets Held for Sale Land and Buildings Infrastructure Systems	2,107	2,400
2,234	2,527		2,234	2,527
535	463	Amounts Recognised in Equity Relating to Assets Held for Sale Property, Plant and Equipment Asset Revaluation Increments/Decremen	535	463
535	463		535	463

Land, Buildings And Infrastructure held for Sale are:

Land, Lot 1 Kanagra Drive Taree Land, Building and Infrastructure Walcha Hospital Land, Gibbon & Cameron Sts-Campus Narrabri These Assets are surplus to health services requirements and it is expected that the sale will occur within the next 12 months. The sale has management and Department of Health approval and assets are available for immediate sale.

Changes to asset held for sale from prior year:

Land & Building 13 William St New Lambton sold June 2010 Land & Building 82 George Street Mungindi no longer an impending sale, withdrawn from market, asset currently leased.

				5
2010	2009 \$000 24. Restricted Assets		2010 \$000	\$000
	The Health Service's financial statements include which are restricted by externally imposed α requirements. The assets are only available accordance with the terms of the donor restrictions.	The Health Service's financial statements include the following assets which are restricted by externally imposed conditions, eg. donor requirements. The assets are only available for application in accordance with the terms of the donor restrictions.		
	Category	Brief Details of Externally Imposed Conditions including Asset Category affected		
8,237	8,657 Specific Purposes	Condition Imposed by Donor	8,237	8,657
15	15 Perpetually Invested Funds	Original Principal not to be spent	15	15
19,539	18,185 Research Grants	Condition imposed by granting body	19,539	18,185
34,644	31,209 Private Practice Funds	Trust Deeds	34,644	31,209
11,040	12,239 Other	Condition Imposed by Donor	11,040	12,239
73,475	70,305		73,475	70,305

ATION		2009	\$000		26,587	5,771	•	33,739	2,818		4,166	3,430	25,662	102,173
CONSOLIDATION		2010	\$000		18,840	1,306		30,937	2,453		889	10,335	29,845	94,605
	les			Current	Accrued Salaries, Wages and On-Costs	Taxation and Payroll Deductions	Accrued Liability - Purchase of Personnel Services	Creditors - Trade Creditors Only	Taxation Payables - Goods & Services Tax	Other Creditors	- Capital Works	- Intra Health Liability	- Other	
	25. Payables	2009	\$000				32,358	33,739	2,818		4,166	3,430	25,662	102,173
PARENT		2010	\$000			1	20,146	30,937	2,453		889	10,335	29,845	94,605

Details regarding credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk, including a maturity analysis of the above payables are disclosed in Note 38.

ı	PARENT		CONSOLII	DATION
2010 \$000	2009 \$000		2010 \$000	2009 \$000
	26.	Borrowings		
		Current		
5,894	1,815	Other Loans and Deposits	5,894	1,815
5,934	1,264	Novacare - Calvary Mater Newcastle PPP	5,934	1,264
11,828	3,079		11,828	3,079
		Non-Current		
10,010	3,398	Other Loans and Deposits	10,010	3,398
146,837	152,771	Novacare - Calvary Mater Newcastle PPP	146,837	152,771
156,847	156,169		156,847	156,169
	NSW	r loans still to be extinguished represent monies to be Health & other Area Health Services, leave liabilities. repayment of the loans is scheduled for 2016/17.	repaid to	
	l iahii	litude Neuropea 6452m		
	Final	lity to Novacare, \$153m repayment to Novacare for Calvary Mater Newcastle Hos lity is scheduled for 2033/34	pital PPP	
		Repayment of Borrowings		
11,829	3,079	Not later than one year	11,829	3,079
39,348	31,670	Between one and five years	39,348	31,670
117,498	124,499	Later than five years	117,498	124,499
	.=	Total Borrowings at face value		
168,675	159,248		168,675	159,248
	ding credit risk, liquidity ri disclosed in Note 38.	sk and market risk, including a maturity analysis of the ab	ove	
		Mater PPP		
5,934	1,264	Not later than one year	5,934	1,264
31,664	28,272	Between one and five years	31,664	28,272
115,173	124,499	Later than five years	115,173	124,499
		Total Borrowings at face value		
152,771	154,035		<u>152,771</u>	154,035
		Loans NSW Health		
5,895	1,815	Not later than one year	5,895	1,815
7,684	3,398	Between one and five years	7,684	3,398
2,325		Later than five years	2,325	
		Total Borrowings at face value		
15,904	5,213		15,904	5,213

	2009		69,951	58,734	15,745 174,994	•		319.424	 6,990		6,990	207	919,424 6,990	32,358	358,772
CONSOLIDATION															
CONSOI	2010 \$000		73,140	59,323	15,651 194,057			342.171	 7,490		7,490	C 2 C 2 C 2 C 2 C 2 C 2 C 2 C 2 C 2 C 2	7,490	20,146	369,807
		SI	Current Employee Benefits and Related On-Costs Annual Leave - Short Term Benefit	Annual Leave - Long Term Benefit	Long Service Leave - Short Term Benefit Long Service Leave - Long Term Benefit	O O	Other Provision for Personnel Services Liability	Total Current Provisions	Non-Current Employee Benefits and Related On-Costs Long Service Leave - Conditional Sick Leave	Other Provision for Personnel Services Liability	Total Non-Current Provisions	Aggregate Employee Benefits and Related On-Costs	Provisions - Varient Provisions - Non-Current	Accrued Salaries, Wages and On-Costs (Note 25) Accrued Liability - Purchase of Personnel Services (Note 25)	
		Provisions	Current I Annual L	Annual L	Long Ser Long Ser	Sick Leave	Other Provision	Total Cu	Non-Currel Long Servic Sick Leave	Other Provision	Total No	Aggrega	Provision	Accrued	
ENT	2009	27.					319.424	319.424		- 066'9	066'9	7070	9,12,42,4	32,358	358,772
PAREN	2010			•		•	342.171	342.171		7,490	7,490	121 010	7,490	20,146	369,807

z	\$000		1,713	1,713	405	405
CONSOLIDATION	2010		2,985	2,985	375	375
		28. Other Liabilities	Current Income in Advance		Non-Current Income in Advance	
	\$000	28.	1,713	1,713	405	405
PARENT	2010		2,985	2,985	375	375

from Armidale Private Hospital \$0.4million, deposit on the sale of David Maddison building \$0.6million, Mater PPP-Funding Volume Adjustment \$0.6 million, Cancer institute funding \$0.3 million, Compacks - HAH \$0.3million, SHIP research project \$0.3million, Aboriginal Employment Outcomes \$0.2million, Rural Health Service Program Grant \$0.1million, Others \$0.5million. The major components of Income in advance as at the 30th June 2010 relates to rent in advance received

PARENT			CONSOLIDATION	DATION
2010	2009 29	29. Commitments for Expenditure	2010	2009
		(a) Capital Commitments Aggregate capital expenditure for the acquisition of land and buildings, plant and equipment, infrastructure and intangible assets, contracted for at balance date and not provided for.		
39,844	15,613	provided for the control of the cont	39,844	15,613
t 0000	0 0 0	Later than five years	50.00	660.
42,908	17,312	Total Capital Expenditure Commitments (including GST)	42,908	17,312
		Of the commitments reported at 30 June 2010 it is expected that NIL will be met from locally generated moneys.		
		(b) Operating Lease Commitments Commitments in relation to non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:		
9,040	9,192	Not later than one year	9,040	9,192
13,450 32,133	14,128 34,223	Later than one year and not later than five years Later than five years	13,450 32,133	14,128 34,223
54,622	57,543	Total Operating Lease Commitments (including GST)	54,622	57,543

The operating lease commitments above are for motor vehicles, information technology, equipment including personal computers, medical equipment and other equipment

(c) Contingent Asset related to Commitments for Expenditure

The total of "Commitments for Expenditure" above, i.e. **\$97.5m** million as at 30 June 2010 includes input tax credits of \$8.9m that are expected to be recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office.

(d) Calvary Mater Newcastle Hospital Public, Private Partnership (PPP)

refurbishment of existing buildings, and facilities management and delivery of ancillary non-clinical services on the site until In 2005-06, the Health Administration Corporation entered into a contract with a private sector provider, Novacare Project Partnership for financing, design, construction and commissioning of a new Mater Hospital, a mental health facility and November 2033. The redevelopment has been completed in three stages. Stage 1 was completed in January 2008 followed by Stage 2 in February 2009. Construction of Stage 3 was completed on 16 June 2009.

transferred the Mater hospital to Calvary Mater Newcastle and recognised the transfer as a grant expense of \$71.33M. The recognition is based on the fact that services are delivered by Little Company of Mary Health Care being a Third Schedule Hospital health care provider which is outside the accounting control of either HNEAHS or the Department. Upon completion of the Project, HNEAHS transferred the other parts of the new Hospital and recognised the transfer of a grant expense of When Stage 1 construction was completed in January 2008, the Hunter New England Area Health Service (HNEAHS) \$35.48M in June 2009.

at the Mater hospital site as occupied by HNEAHS, was also recognised as an asset and offsetting liability of \$11.08M. The basis for the accounting treatment is that services will be delivered by HNEAHS on the site of Mater Hospital for the duration HNEAHS recognised the new mental health facility as an asset of \$39.29M. The refurbished Convent and McAuley buildings of the Head Lease of the these facilities until November 2033. In addition, the Hunter New England Area Health Service recognised the liability to Novacare, payable over the period to 2033, for the construction of both hospitals.

An estimate of the commitments is as follows:

2010 2009 \$000 \$000	6,527 1,390	•	
(e) (i) Commitments – Repayment of PPP Liability (Borrowings)	Not later than one year	Later than one year and not later than five years	l ater than five years
\$000	1,390	31,099	136,949
2010 \$000	6,527	34,831	126,690

2010 \$000	\$000	(ii) Capital Commitments – New Mental Health Building and Refurbished Buildings	2010 \$000	\$000
4,637 18,788 33,921	6,847 19,756 38,209	Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five years Later than five years	4,637 18,788 33,921	6,847 19,756 38,209
57,346	64,812	Total Capital Expenditure Commitments (including GST)	57,346	64,812
		(iii) Other Expenditure Commitments – Redevelopment of Mater Hospital (which will be recognised as a grant after completion of construction) and provision of facilities management and other non-clinical services to both hospitals.		
26,414	29,341	Not later than one year	26,414	29,341
107,059 565.643	106,895 592,220	Later than one year and not later than five years Later than five vears	107,059 565.643	106,895 592,220
699,115	728,456	Total Other Expenditure Commitments (including GST)	699,115	728,456

The expenditure commitments include Goods and Services Tax. Related input tax credits of \$84M (2009: \$87M) are

The liability to pay Novacare for the redevelopment of the Mater Hospital is based on a financing arrangement involving CPI-linked finance and fixed finance. An interest rate adjustment will be made as appropriate for the CPI-linked interest component over the project term. The estimated value of the contingent liability is unable to be fully determined because of uncertain future events.

Total Other Commitments

Aggregate other expenditure Calvary Mater Newcastle Hospital Public, Private Partnership (PPP)

37,578 157,750 767,378	962,706
37,578 160,678 726,254	924,509
Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five years Later than five years	Total Other Commitments (including GST)
37,578 157,750 767,378	962,706
37,578 160,678 726,254	924,509

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30 Trust Funds

The Health Service holds trust fund moneys of \$2.5 million which are used for the safe keeping of patients' monies, deposits on hired items of equipment and Private Practice Trusts. These monies are excluded from the financial statements as the Health Service cannot use them for the achievement of its objectives. The following is a summary of the transactions in the trust account:

		2009	2,591	66,674	(66,302)	2,963
	Total	2010 \$000	2,963	85,973	(86,425)	2,511
	e ce	\$000	719	65,135	(64,892)	962
	Private Practice Trust Funds	2010 \$000	962	85,205	(85,141)	1,026
		\$000	442	1,131	(888)	685
	Refundable Deposits	2010 \$000	685	398	(755)	328
		\$000	1,430	408	(522)	1,316
	Patient Trust	2010 \$000	1,316	370	(529)	1,157
transactions in the trust account:			Cash Balance at the beginning of the financial reporting period	Receipts	Expenditure	Cash Balance at the end of the financial reporting period

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31 Contingent Liabilities

a) Claims on Managed Fund

Since 1 July 1989, the Health Service has been a member of the NSW Treasury Managed Fund. The Fund will pay to or on behalf of the Health Service all sums which it shall become legally liable to pay by way of compensation or legal liability if sued except for employment related, discrimination and harassment claims that do not have statewide implications. The costs relating to such exceptions are to be absorbed by the Health Service. Open public liability claims against the Health Service at 30 June 2010 numbered 113 with an estimate value of \$68m (84 claims with an estimate value of \$73m at 30 June 2009). As such, since 1 July 1989, apart from the exceptions noted above no contingent liabilities exist in respect of liability claims against the Health Service. A Solvency Fund (now called Pre-Managed Fund Reserve) was established to deal with the insurance matters incurred before 1 July 1989 that were above the limit of insurance held or for matters that were incurred prior to 1 July 1989 that would have become verdicts against the State. That Solvency Fund will likewise respond to all claims against the Health Service.

b) Workers Compensation Hindsight Adjustment

Treasury Managed Fund normally calculates hindsight premiums each year. However, in regard to workers compensation the final hindsight adjustment for the 2003/04 fund year and an interim adjustment for the 2005/06 fund year were not calculated until 2009/10. As a result, the 2004/05 final and 2006/07 interim hindsight calculations will be paid in 2010/11.

It is not possible for the Health Service to reliably quantify the benefit to be received.

c) Affiliated Health Organisations

Based on the definition of control in Australian Accounting Standard AASB127, Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements, Affiliated Health Organisations listed in Schedule 3 of the Health Services Act, 1997 are only recognised in the Health Service's consolidated financial statements to the extent of cash payments made.

However, it is accepted that a contingent liability exists which may be realised in the event of cessation of health service activities by any Affiliated Health Organisation. In this event the determination of assets and liabilities would be dependent on any contractual relationship which may exist or be formulated between the administering bodies of the organisation, the Health Service and the NSW Department of Health.

d) Contingent Liabilities include Bank Guarantee - Fisher & Paykel Australia for sublease of Belford Place Cardiff, \$126k.

DATION	\$000		105,900	(56,378)	300	(19,667)	(47,935)	(2,507)	(48,058)	(280)	(1,291,014)	(47,606)				(1,410,245)		3,404	3,404
CONSOLIDATION	2010		74,951	(61,098)	(2,199)	(19,849)	(42,305)	9,739	5,067	(1,572)	(1,362,755)	(38,715)				(1,438,736)		5,414	5,414
		32. Reconciliation of Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities to Net Cost of Services	Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	Depreciation	Allowance for Impairment	Acceptance by the Crown Entity of Employee Superannuation Benefits	Decrease/(Increase) in Provisions	Increase / (Decrease) in Prepayments and Other Assets	(Increase)/ Decrease in Creditors	Net Gain/ (Loss) on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	NSW Health Department Recurrent Allocations	NSW Health Department Capital Allocations	Asset Sale Proceeds Transferred to the NSW	Department of Health	Cash Reimbursements from the Government	Net Cost of Services	33. Non-Cash Financing and Investing Activities	Assets Received by Donation	
PARENT	\$000	33	105,900	(56,378)	300	•	(47,935)	(2,507)	(48,058)	(280)	(1,291,014)	(47,606)			•	(1,390,578)	33	3,404	3,404
à	2010		74,951	(61,098)	(2,199)		(42,305)	6,739	2,067	(1,572)	(1,362,755)	(38,715)				(1,418,887)		5,414	5,414

34. 2009/10 Voluntary Services

It is considered impracticable to quantify the monetary value of voluntary services provided to the Health Service. Services provided include:

Patient & Family Support	Patient Services, Fund Raising	Practical Support to Patients and Relative	Counselling, Health Education, Transport,	Home Help & Patient Activities
. Chaplaincies and Pastoral Care -	. Pink Ladies/Hospital Auxiliaries -	. Patient Support Groups -	. Community Organisations -	

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35 Unclaimed Moneys

Unclaimed salaries and wages are paid to the credit of the NSW Treasury in accordance with the provisions of the *Industrial Relations Act*, 1996.

All money and personal effects of patients which are left in the custody of Health Services by any patient who is discharged or dies in the hospital and which are not claimed by the person lawfully entitled thereto within a period of twelve months are recognised as the property of health services.

All such money and the proceeds of the realisation of any personal effects are lodged to the credit of the Samaritan Fund which is used specifically for the benefit of necessitous patients or necessitous outgoing patients.

36 Budget Review - Parent and Consolidated

Net Cost of Services

The actual Net Cost of Services was favourable to budget by \$(13.28)M. This was primarily due to higher than budgeted income from infrastructure fees and User Charge income for Pathology North, lower than budgeted Goods and Services and Employee Related costs, partially offset by unfavourability in VMO and RMR costs.

Result for the Year

The actual result for the year was \$(11.70)m favourable. The result for the year was due to favourable Net Cost of Services of \$(13.28)m as detailed above, and unfavourable Government Contributions of \$(1.58)m.

Assets and Liabilities

Current Assets were higher than budget by \$(8.04)m due to higher than budgeted Cash at Bank balance (including cash investments)

Non Current Assets were higher than budget by \$(85.40)m due to asset revaluations.

Current Liabilities were higher than budget by \$(10.66)m due to higher than budgeted salaries and wages accrual.

Non Current Liabilities are favourable to budget by \$(12.76)m due to repayment of loans.

Cash Flows

Cash flow was favourable to budget by \$6.4m due to higher than anticipated receipts offset by additional capital expenditure.

Movements in the level of the NSW Department of Health Recurrent Allocation that have occurred since the time of the initial allocation on **1st July 2009** are as follows:

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		'\$000	
Initial Allo	cation		1,189,247
Award Inc	reases (Including Special Project Award Increases)		39,582
Special Pr	rojects: -		
•	Aboriginal Health	1,331	
	Drug and Alcohol	2,453	
	IDNS	333	
	Other	446	4,563
Other: -			,
	Interstate Area Patient Flows	56,875	
	Mater PPP	24,205	
	Mental Health	6,940	
	Planned Surgery	4,837	
	Keep Them Safe	3,309	
	TMF	2,814	
	Calvary Mater Newcastle PET / Linear Accelerator	2,799	
	Nurse Midwife Strategy	2,690	
	Caring Together Initiatives	2,504	
	VMO	2,353	
	Pathology North - Capital	1,842	
	COAG National Partnerships Sub Acute Reform	1,700	
	Severe Chronic Disease-Connected Care	1,406	
	Building Strong Foundations	1,382	
	MAA	1,000	
	Renal Services	950	
	Internventional Cardiology Services	900	
	SASS/SSS Superannuation Adjustment	817	
	Regional Medical Retrieval Services	810	
	Organ & Tissue Donation	661	
	Emergency Department Equipment	635	
	2009_10 Compacks Funding	579	
	Sustained Home Health Visiting Pilot	434	
	Child Health Networks	353	
	Obesity funding	345	
	NSW GP Procedural Training	329	
	Other	5,894	129,363
Balance a	s per Statement of Comprehensive Income		1,362,755
			, = = , , = =

37 Increase/(Decrease) in Net Assets from Equity Transfers

Net assets of \$0.5 Million were transferred from Hunter New England Area Health Service with effect from 1st Nov 2009 from which time Health Support Services assumed responsibility for the provision of Patient Support Services. Assets and liabilities transferred are as follows:

	\$000
Assets Inventories Plant & Equipment	(1,189) (537)
Liabilities Employee Leave Provisions Uplift Factor	2,007
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Assets From Equity Transfers	281

Note 38 Financial Instruments

The Health Service's principal financial instruments are outlined below. These financial instruments arise directly from the Health Service's operations or are required to finance its operations. The Health Service does not enter into or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

The Health Service's main risks arising from financial instruments are outlined below, together with the Health Service's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk. Further quantitative and qualitative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements.

The Chief Executive has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of risk management and reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks. Risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risk faced by the Health Service, to set risk limits and controls and monitor risks. Compliance with policies is reviewed by the Audit Committee/internal auditors on a continuous basis.

(a) Financial Instrument Categories

PARENT AND CONSOLIDATED

Class:	Category	Carrying Amount	Carrying Amount	
		2010 \$000	2009 \$000	
Financial Assets		•	·	
Cash and Cash Equivalents (note 18)	N/A	117,861	108,153	
Receivables (note 19)1	Loans and receivables (at amortised cost)	31,635	32,066	
Other Financial Assets (note 21)	Loans and receivables (at amortised cost)	13,384	15,454	
Total Financial Assets	,	162,880	155,673	
Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings (note 26) Payables (note 25)2	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	168,675 92,152	159,248 99,355	
Total Financial Liabilities		260,827	258,603	

Notes

¹ Excludes statutory receivables and prepayments (ie not within scope of AASB 7)

² Excludes statutory payables and unearned revenue (ie not within scope of AASB 7)

(b) Credit Risk

Credit risk arises when there is the possibility of the Health Service's debtors defaulting on their contractual obligations, resulting in a financial loss to the Health Service. The maximum exposure to credit risk is generally represented by the carrying amount of the financial assets (net of any allowance for impairment).

Credit risk arises from financial assets of the Health Service, including cash, receivables and authority deposits. No collateral is held by the Health Service. The Health Service has not granted any financial quarantees.

Credit risk associated with the Health Services's financial assets, other than receivables, is managed through the selection of counterparties and establishment of minimum credit rating standards. Authority deposits held with NSW TCorp are guaranteed by the State.

Cash

Cash comprises cash on hand and bank balances deposited in accordance with Public Authorities (Financial Arrangements) Act approvals. Interest is earned on daily bank balances at rates of approximately 3.9% in 2009/10 compared to 4.84% in the previous year.

Receivables - trade debtors

All trade debtors are recognised as amounts receivable at balance date. Collectability of trade debtors is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Procedures as established in the NSW Department of Health. Accounting Manual and Fee Procedures Manual are followed to recover outstanding amounts, including letters of demand. Debts which are known to be uncollectable are written off. An allowance for impairment is raised when there is objective evidence that the Health Service will not be able to collect all amounts due. This evidence includes past experience and current and expected changes in economic conditions and debtor credit ratings. No interest is earned on trade debtors.

The Health Service is not materially exposed to concentrations of credit risk to a single trade debtor or group of debtors. Of the total trade debtors balance at year-end, \$25.875M (\$2009: \$24.825M) related to debtors that were not past due and not considered impaired and debtors of \$5.760M (2009: \$7.235M) were past due but not considered impaired. Together these represent 91.8% (2009: 98.1%) of total trade debtors. Increase in provision from \$0.620M in 0809 to \$2.819M in 0910 was due to several one off items of both contractual obligations and patient fees. The Receivables include Patient Fees Compensables which are frequently not settled within 6 months of the date of the service provision due to the length of time it takes to settle legal claims. Most of the Health Services' debtors are Health Insurance Companies or Compensation Insurers settling claims in respect of inpatient treatments. There are no debtors which are currently not past due or impaired whose terms have been renegotiated.

Financial assets that are past due or impaired could be either 'sales of goods and services' or 'other debtors' in the 'receivables' category of the Statement of Financial Position. Patient Fees Ineligibles may represent the majority of financial assets that are past due or impaired.

\$000

2010	Total 1,2	Past due but not impaired 1,2	Considered impaired ^{1,2}
<3 months overdue	4479	2832	1647
3 months - 6 months overdue	762	621	141
> 6 months overdue	3338	2307	1031
2009			
<3 months overdue	4116	3938	178
3 months - 6 months overdue	1014	969	45
> 6 months overdue	2725	2328	397

Notes

- 1 Each column in the table reports "gross receivables".
- 2 The ageing analysis excludes statutory receivables, as these are not within the scope of AASB 7 and excludes receivables that are not past due and not impaired. Therefore, the "total" will not reconcile to the receivables total recognised in the statement of financial position.

(c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Health Service will be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due. The Health Service continuously manages risk through monitoring future cash flows and maturities planning to ensure adequate holding of high quality liquid assets. The objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through effective management of cash, investments and liquid assets and liabilities.

The Health Service has negotiated no loan outside of arrangements with the NSW Department of Health or the Sustainable Energy Development Authority.

During the current and prior years, there were no defaults or breaches on any loans payable. No assets have been pledged as collateral. The Health Service's exposure to liquidity risk is considered significant. However, the risk is minimised as the NSW Department of Health has indicated its ongoing financial support for the Hunter New England Area Health Service (refer Note 2).

The liabilities are recognised for amounts due to be paid in the future for goods or services received, whether or not invoiced. Amounts owing to suppliers (which are unsecured) are settled in accordance with the policy set by the NSW Department of Health. If trade terms are not specified, payment is made no later than the end of the month following the month in which an invoice or a statement is received.

In those instances where settlement cannot be effected in accordance with the above, eg due to short term liquidity constraints, terms of payment are negotiated with creditors.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Health Service's financial liabilities together with the interest rate exposure.

Maturity Analysis and interest rate exposure of financial liabilities

			\$.000					
	In Weighted	Interest Rate Exposure	Exposure			Maturity Dates	Dates	
	Average		Fixed	Variable	Non -			
	Effective Int.	Nominal	Interest	Interest	Interest			
	Rate	Amount 1	Rate	Rate	Bearing	< 1 Yr	1-5 Yr	> 5Yr
	%	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
2010								
Payables:								
Accrued Salaries								
Wages, On-Costs and Payroll Deductions		20,146			20,146	20,146		
Creditors		72,006			72,006	72,006		
Borrowings:								
Non Interest Loans Intra Health		15,904			15,904	5,895	7,684	2,325
Other Loans and deposits	8%	152,771		152,771		5,934	31,664	115,173
		260,827		152,771	108,056	103,981	39,348	117,498
2009								
Payables:								
Accrued Salaries								
Wages, On-Costs and Payroll Deductions		32,358			32,358	32,358		
Creditors		266,99			266,99	266,99		
Borrowings:								
Non-Interest Loans		5,213			5,213	1,815	3,398	
Other Loans and deposits	%8	154,035		154,035		1,264	28,272	124,499
		258,603		154,035	104,568	102,434	31,670	124,499

1 The amounts disclosed are the contractual undiscounted cash flows of each class of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the

Health Service can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows and therefore will not reconcile to the Statement Of Financial Position.

^{2.} Of the \$152.8M disclosed in the 2010 'other loans and deposits' time band 1-5 yrs, the Health Service has no intent to effect payments in advance of maturity dates on or prior to 30 September 2010.

d) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The Health Service's exposures to market risk are primarily through interest rate risk on the Health Service's borrowings and other price risks associated with the movement in the unit price of the Hour-Glass Investment facilities. The Health Service has no exposure to foreign currency risk and does not enter into commodity contracts.

The effect on profit and equity due to a reasonably possible change in risk variable is outlined in the information below, for interest rate risk and other price risk. A reasonably possible change in risk variable has been determined after taking into account the economic environment in which the Health Service operates and the time frame for the assessment (i.e. until the end of the next annual reporting period). The sensitivity analysis is based on risk exposures in existence at the Statement of Financial Position date. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2009. The analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises primarily through the Health Service's interest bearing liabilities.

However, Health Services are not permitted to borrow external to the NSW Department of Health (Loans which are negotiated through Treasury excepted). Both NSW Treasury and NSW Department of Health loans are set at fixed rates and therefore are generally not affected by fluctuations in market rates. The Health Service does not account for any fixed rate financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss or as available-for-sale. Therefore, for these financial instruments, a change of interest rates would not affect profit or loss or equity. A reasonably possible change of +/-1% is used consistent with current trends in interest rates. The basis will be reviewed annually and amended where there is a structural change in the level of interest rate volatility. The Health Service's exposure to interest rate risk is set out below.

	\$'000				
	·	-19	%	+19	6
	Carrying Amount				
		Profit	Equity	Profit	Equity
2010					
Financial Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	117,861	(1,179)	(1,179)	1,179	1,179
Other Financial Assets	13,384	_	_	_	_
Financial Liabilities					
Borrowings;					
Non Interest Loans Intra Health	15,904	-	-	-	-
Other Loans and deposits	152,771	(1,528)	(1,528)	1,528	1,528
2009					
Financial Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	108,153	(1,082)	(1,082)	1,082	1,082
Other Financial Assets	15,454	-	-	-	-
Financial Liabilities					
Borrowings;					
Non Interest Loans Intra Health	5,213	-	-	-	-
Other Loans and deposits	154,035	(1,540)	(1,540)	1,540	1,540

Note 39 Post Balance Date Events

On 20 April 2010 the State of NSW and the Commonwealth agreed on national health reforms to establish Local Health Networks in NSW and to introduce national standards for timely access to emergency care and elective surgery.

Under the Agreement, NSW will remain responsible for system-wide planning, performance and purchasing of public hospital services and supporting the transition process for the Commonwealth to assume full funding and policy responsibility for general practice, primary health care and the national aged care system.

This agreement will result in structural and corporate changes including the establishment of these Local Health Networks in 2010-11. A professional Governing Council will be constituted for each Local Health Network. It is expected that these reforms will significantly change this reporting entity.

END OF AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS