LEGIONNAIRES’ DISEASE ALERT
Information for NSW Emergency Department Clinicians

Summary
There is a cluster of Legionella pneumophila with four confirmed cases notified, all caused by serogroup 1, with onsets between 31 August and 17 September. All the cases have spent time in or near the Lidcombe industrial area during their exposure period. A contaminated cooling tower has been identified and cleaned, however people with legionellosis may still present.

Modes of transmission
- Legionella pneumophila bacteria can contaminate air conditioning cooling towers, whirlpool spas, shower heads and other bodies of water. People walking outside or driving past may be exposed if they inhale aerosolised contaminated water.
- Legionnaires’ disease is not spread from person to person.
- Typical incubation period is 2 to 10 days, but more commonly 5 to 6 days.

Symptoms of Legionnaires’ disease
Legionnaires’ disease usually causes fever, chills, a cough and shortness of breath. Early symptoms are non-specific including muscle aches, headache, tiredness, loss of appetite and diarrhoea. Cases may not present with pneumonia until a week after onset. Most people recover but the disease is occasionally fatal, particularly when it occurs with other co-morbidities or in the context of immune suppression.

Diagnosis
- It is difficult to distinguish Legionnaires’ disease from other types of pneumonia by symptoms alone. Chest X-rays help diagnose pneumonia but the diagnosis of Legionnaires’ disease requires special tests.
- Samples and testing:
  - urine for Legionella urinary antigen test - available in local laboratories
  - sputum and or bronchial washings for culture - please refer these specimens to NSW Health Pathology-ICPMR for legionella culture and serogrouping.
- For further information about testing, consult with your local laboratory, infectious disease physicians and local public health unit.

Treatment
Consult Therapeutic Guidelines: Antibiotics for treatment options.

Public Health Response
- Please urgently notify your public health unit of any suspected case.

Further Information:
- Contact your local public health unit on 1300 066 055

Yours sincerely

Dr Christine Selvey
A/Director, Communicable Diseases Branch

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