

South Western Sydney Local Health District

Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

South Western Sydney Local Health District

To Members of the New South Wales Parliament

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the South Western Sydney Local Health District (the District), which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2018, the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2018, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a Statement of Significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory information of the District and the consolidated entity. The consolidated entity comprises the District and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

In my opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of the District and the consolidated entity as at 30 June 2018, and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards
- are in accordance with section 45E of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1983* (PF&A Act) and the Public Finance and Audit Regulation 2015.

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under the standards are described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of my report.

I am independent of the District and the consolidated entity in accordance with the requirements of the:

- Australian Auditing Standards
- Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 'Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants' (APES 110).

I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with APES 110.

Parliament promotes independence by ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of New South Wales are not compromised in their roles by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as auditor of public sector agencies
- precluding the Auditor-General from providing non-audit services.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter – Presentation of Budget Information

Without modification to the opinion expressed above, I draw attention to the basis of presenting adjusted budget information detailed in Note 1(ah). The note states that AASB 1055 'Budgetary Reporting' is not applicable to the District. It also states that, unlike the requirement in AASB 1055 'Budgetary Reporting' to present original budget information, the District's financial statements present adjusted budget information.

The Chief Executive's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

The Chief Executive is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the PF&A Act, and for such internal control as the Chief Executive determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Chief Executive is responsible for assessing the ability of the District and the consolidated entity to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting except where operations will cease as a result of an administrative restructure.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to:

- obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- issue an Independent Auditor's Report including my opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect material misstatements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions users take based on the financial statements.

A description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar3.pdf. The description forms part of my auditor's report.

My opinion does not provide assurance:

- that the District or the consolidated entity carried out their activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- about the assumptions used in formulating the budget figures disclosed in the financial statements
- about the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited financial statements on any website where they may be presented
- about any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the financial statements.



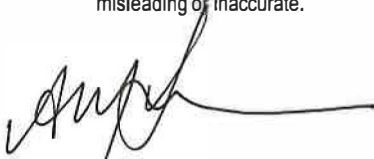
David Daniels
Director, Financial Audit Service

3 September 2018
SYDNEY

**South Western Sydney Local Health District
Certification of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018**

We state, pursuant to section 45F of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1983*:

- 1) The financial statements of the South Western Sydney Local Health District for the year ended 30 June 2018 have been prepared in accordance with:
 - a) Australian Accounting Standards (which include Australian Accounting Interpretations);
 - b) the requirements of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1983 (PFAA)*, the *Public Finance and Audit Regulation 2015 (Regulation)*; and
 - c) Financial Reporting Directions mandated by the Treasurer.
- 2) The financial statements exhibit a true and fair view of the financial position and the financial performance of the South Western Sydney Local Health District; and
- 3) We are not aware of any circumstances which would render any particulars in the financial statements to be misleading or inaccurate.



Amanda Larkin
Chief Executive
29 August 2018



Ross Sinclair
Director Finance
29 August 2018

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2018

PARENT			CONSOLIDATION				
Actual	Adjusted Budget Unaudited	Actual	Notes	Actual	Adjusted Budget Unaudited	Actual	
2018	2018	2017		2018	2018	2017	
\$000	\$000	\$000		\$000	\$000	\$000	
Expenses excluding losses							
Operating Expenses							
-----	-----	-----					
				2	1,206,432	1,204,641	1,089,483
1,156,832	1,155,314	1,063,319		3	-----	-----	-----
84,626	84,636	76,786			84,626	84,636	76,786
484,870	485,148	481,404		4	484,870	485,148	481,404
62,466	62,742	60,838		1(n), 5	62,466	62,742	60,838
10,038	9,807	9,163		6	10,038	9,807	9,163
2,465	1,928	2,495		1(h), 7	2,465	1,928	2,495
31,965	31,965	32,533		8	31,965	31,965	32,533
1,833,262	1,831,540	1,726,538			1,882,862	1,880,867	1,752,702
Revenue							
1,531,731	1,531,731	1,411,790		1(i)	1,531,731	1,531,731	1,411,790
26,955	27,163	9,696		1(i)	26,955	27,163	9,696
-----	-----	-----		1(e)(ii), 12	49,600	49,327	26,164
196,670	193,632	195,940		1(i), 9	196,670	193,632	195,940
1,181	1,173	1,175		1(i), 10	1,181	1,173	1,175
36,510	34,392	34,373		1(i), 11	36,510	34,392	34,373
8,008	5,935	12,918		13	8,008	5,935	12,918
1,801,055	1,794,026	1,665,892			1,850,655	1,843,353	1,692,056
(384)	-----	(614)		14	(384)	-----	(614)
(3,242)	(2,794)	(3,941)		15	(3,242)	(2,794)	(3,941)
(35,833)	(40,308)	(65,201)		29	(35,833)	(40,308)	(65,201)
Net Result							
Other Comprehensive Income							
-----	-----	-----			-----	-----	-----
(35,833)	(40,308)	(65,201)			(35,833)	(40,308)	(65,201)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME							

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2018

PARENT								CONSOLIDATION		
Actual	Adjusted Budget Unaudited	Actual				Notes	Actual	Adjusted Budget Unaudited	Actual	
2018	2018	2017					2018	2018	2017	
\$000	\$000	\$000					\$000	\$000	\$000	
ASSETS										
Current Assets										
69,856	78,149	76,895	Cash and Cash Equivalents		16	69,856	78,149	76,895		
60,936	50,119	50,133	Receivables		17	60,936	50,119	50,133		
5,210	4,490	4,490	Inventories		18	5,210	4,490	4,490		
<u>136,002</u>	<u>132,758</u>	<u>131,518</u>				<u>136,002</u>	<u>132,758</u>	<u>131,518</u>		
136,002	132,758	131,518	Total Current Assets			136,002	132,758	131,518		
Non-Current Assets										
1,125	1,170	1,170	Receivables		17	1,125	1,170	1,170		
1,203,368	1,208,387	1,227,398	- Land and Buildings		19	1,203,368	1,208,387	1,227,398		
92,294	95,216	83,620	- Plant and Equipment		19	92,294	95,216	83,620		
11,949	11,954	12,338	- Infrastructure Systems		19	11,949	11,954	12,338		
326	745	745	- Leasehold Improvements		19	326	745	745		
<u>1,307,937</u>	<u>1,316,302</u>	<u>1,324,101</u>	Total Property, Plant & Equipment			<u>1,307,937</u>	<u>1,316,302</u>	<u>1,324,101</u>		
397	(2,671)	323	Intangible Assets		20	397	(2,671)	323		
<u>1,309,459</u>	<u>1,314,801</u>	<u>1,325,594</u>				<u>1,309,459</u>	<u>1,314,801</u>	<u>1,325,594</u>		
1,445,461	1,447,559	1,457,112	Total Non-Current Assets			1,445,461	1,447,559	1,457,112		
Total Assets										
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities										
121,264	128,215	112,438	Payables		23	121,264	128,215	112,438		
6,007	5,989	5,989	Borrowings		24	6,007	5,989	5,989		
212,506	206,056	193,420	Provisions		25	212,506	206,056	193,420		
1,087	1,167	1,167	Other		26	1,087	1,167	1,167		
<u>340,864</u>	<u>341,427</u>	<u>313,014</u>	Total Current Liabilities			<u>340,864</u>	<u>341,427</u>	<u>313,014</u>		
Non-Current Liabilities										
51,303	56,771	54,845	Borrowings		24	51,303	56,771	54,845		
2,204	2,204	1,788	Provisions		25	2,204	2,204	1,788		
20,466	21,008	21,008	Other		26	20,466	21,008	21,008		
<u>73,973</u>	<u>79,983</u>	<u>77,641</u>	Total Non-Current Liabilities			<u>73,973</u>	<u>79,983</u>	<u>77,641</u>		
<u>414,837</u>	<u>421,410</u>	<u>390,655</u>	Total Liabilities			<u>414,837</u>	<u>421,410</u>	<u>390,655</u>		
<u>1,030,624</u>	<u>1,026,149</u>	<u>1,066,457</u>	Net Assets			<u>1,030,624</u>	<u>1,026,149</u>	<u>1,066,457</u>		
EQUITY										
253,073	253,073	253,073	Reserves			253,073	253,073	253,073		
777,551	773,076	813,384	Accumulated Funds			777,551	773,076	813,384		
<u>1,030,624</u>	<u>1,026,149</u>	<u>1,066,457</u>	Total Equity			<u>1,030,624</u>	<u>1,026,149</u>	<u>1,066,457</u>		

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2018

PARENT AND CONSOLIDATION	Notes	Accumulated Funds \$000	Revaluation Surplus \$000	Total \$000
Balance at 1 July 2017		813,384	253,073	1,066,457
Total Equity at 1 July 2017		813,384	253,073	1,066,457
Net Result for the year		(35,833)	-----	(35,833)
Other Comprehensive Income:				
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		(35,833)	-----	(35,833)
Transactions With Owners In Their Capacity As Owners				
Balance at 30 June 2018		777,551	253,073	1,030,624
Balance at 1 July 2016		878,117	253,541	1,131,658
Total Equity at 1 July 2016		878,117	253,541	1,131,658
Net Result for the year		(65,201)	-----	(65,201)
Other Comprehensive Income:				
Transfers on Disposal		468	(468)	-----
Total Other Comprehensive Income		468	(468)	-----
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		(64,733)	(468)	(65,201)
Transactions With Owners In Their Capacity As Owners				
Balance at 30 June 2017		813,384	253,073	1,066,457

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2018

PARENT			CONSOLIDATION				
Actual	Adjusted Budget Unaudited	Actual		Notes	Actual	Adjusted Budget Unaudited	Actual
2018	2018	2017			2018	2018	2017
\$000	\$000	\$000			\$000	\$000	\$000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Payments							
----	----	----	Employee Related		(1,149,537)	(1,156,159)	(1,065,138)
(614,294)	(605,432)	(578,622)	Suppliers for Goods and Services		(614,294)	(605,432)	(578,622)
(45,800)	(45,568)	(45,701)	Grants and Subsidies		(45,800)	(45,568)	(45,701)
(1,928)	(1,928)	(2,157)	Finance Costs		(1,928)	(1,928)	(2,157)
(1,149,537)	(1,156,159)	(1,065,138)	Other		----	----	----
<u>(1,811,559)</u>	<u>(1,809,087)</u>	<u>(1,691,618)</u>	Total Payments		<u>(1,811,559)</u>	<u>(1,809,087)</u>	<u>(1,691,618)</u>
Receipts							
1,531,731	1,531,731	1,411,790	NSW Ministry of Health Recurrent Allocations		1,531,731	1,531,731	1,411,790
26,955	27,163	9,696	NSW Ministry of Health Capital Allocations		26,955	27,163	9,696
14,682	14,682	14,231	Reimbursements from the Crown Entity		14,682	14,682	14,231
187,698	193,675	194,366	Sale of Goods and Services		187,698	193,675	194,366
1,168	1,173	1,175	Interest Received		1,168	1,173	1,175
38,363	36,245	36,504	Grants and Other Contributions		38,363	36,245	36,504
53,777	55,660	70,229	Other		53,777	55,660	70,229
<u>1,854,374</u>	<u>1,860,329</u>	<u>1,737,991</u>	Total Receipts		<u>1,854,374</u>	<u>1,860,329</u>	<u>1,737,991</u>
<u>42,815</u>	<u>51,242</u>	<u>46,373</u>	NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	29	<u>42,815</u>	<u>51,242</u>	<u>46,373</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
44	----	1,768	Proceeds from Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangibles		44	----	1,768
(46,769)	(51,913)	(29,809)	Purchases of Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangibles		(46,769)	(51,913)	(29,809)
<u>(46,725)</u>	<u>(51,913)</u>	<u>(28,041)</u>	NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		<u>(46,725)</u>	<u>(51,913)</u>	<u>(28,041)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
(3,129)	1,925	(2,900)	Repayment of Borrowings and Advances		(3,129)	1,925	(2,900)
<u>(3,129)</u>	<u>1,925</u>	<u>(2,900)</u>	NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		<u>(3,129)</u>	<u>1,925</u>	<u>(2,900)</u>
(7,039)	1,254	15,432	NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(7,039)	1,254	15,432
76,895	76,895	61,463	Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	16	76,895	76,895	61,463
<u>69,856</u>	<u>78,149</u>	<u>76,895</u>	CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	16	<u>69,856</u>	<u>78,149</u>	<u>76,895</u>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

1. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

a) The Reporting Entity

The South Western Sydney Local Health District (the SWSLHD) was established under the provisions of the Health Services Act 1997 with effect from 1 January 2011.

The SWSLHD is a NSW Government entity and is controlled by the NSW Ministry of Health, which is the immediate parent. The reporting entity is also controlled by the State of New South Wales (and is consolidated as part of the NSW Total State Sector Accounts), which is the ultimate parent. The reporting entity is a not-for-profit entity (as profit is not its principal objective).

The SWSLHD, as a reporting entity, comprises all the entities under its control, namely:

- * The parent entity, comprises all the operating activities of the Hospital Facilities and the Community Health Centres under its control. It also encompasses the Restricted Assets (as disclosed in Note 22), which, while containing assets which are restricted for specified uses by the grantor or the donor, are nevertheless controlled by the parent entity.
- * The South Western Sydney Local Health District Special Purpose Service Entity, which was established as a Division of the SWSLHD on 1 January 2011 in accordance with the Health Services Act 1997. This Division provides personnel services to enable the SWSLHD to exercise its functions.

As a consequence the values in the financial statements presented herein consist of the parent entity and the consolidated entity which comprises the parent and special purpose service entity. In the process of preparing the consolidated financial statements consisting of the controlling and controlled entities, all inter-entity transactions and balances have been eliminated, and like transactions and other events are accounted for using uniform accounting policies.

These consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018 have been authorised for issue by the Chief Executive on 29 August 2018.

b) Basis of Preparation

The SWSLHD's financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared on an accrual basis and in accordance with applicable Australian Accounting Standards (which include Australian Accounting Interpretations), the requirements of the Health Services Act 1997 and its regulations (including observation of the Accounts and Audit Determination for Public Health Organisations), the Public Finance and Audit Act 1983 and the Public Finance and Audit Regulation 2015, and Financial Reporting Directions mandated by the Treasurer. The financial statements comply with the NSW Treasury mandates circular for NSW General Government Sector Entities. Further information on the adjusted budget figures can be found at Note 1(ah).

The financial statements of the SWSLHD have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The Secretary of NSW Health, the Chair of the South Western Sydney Local Health District Board and the Chief Executive, through the Service Agreement have agreed to service and funding levels for the forward financial year. The Service Agreement sets out the level of financial resources for public health services under the SWSLHD's control and the source of these funds. By agreement, the Service Agreement requires local management to control its financial liquidity and in particular meet benchmarks for the payment of creditors. Where the SWSLHD fails to meet Service Agreement performance standards, the NSW Ministry of Health as the state manager can take action in accordance with annual performance framework requirements, including financial support and increased management interaction by the NSW Ministry of Health.

Other circumstances why the going concern assumption is appropriate include:

- * Allocated funds, combined with other revenues earned, are applied to pay debts as and when they become due and payable.
- * The SWSLHD has the capacity to review timing of subsidy cashflows to ensure that debts can be paid when they become due and payable.
- * The SWSLHD has developed an Efficiency and Improvement Plan (EIP) which identifies revenue improvement and cost saving strategies. Benefits from the EIP are retained by the SWSLHD and assist in meeting its overall budget target. The EIP is monitored and evaluated by the NSW Ministry of Health throughout the financial year.

Property, plant and equipment, assets (or disposal groups) held for sale and financial assets at 'fair value through profit and loss' are measured at fair value. Other financial statement items are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention except where specified otherwise.

Judgements, key assumptions and estimations management has made are disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

All amounts are rounded to the nearest one thousand dollars and are expressed in Australian currency.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

1. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

c) Comparative Information

Except when an Australian Accounting Standard permits or requires otherwise, comparative information is disclosed in respect of the previous period for all amounts reported in the financial statements.

Certain comparative information has been reclassified to ensure consistency with current year presentation and classification.

d) Statement of Compliance

The financial statements and notes comply with Australian Accounting Standards which include Australian Accounting Interpretations.

e) Employee Benefits and Other Provisions

i) Salaries and Wages, Annual Leave, Sick Leave, Allocated Days Off (ADO) and On-Costs

Salaries and wages (including non-monetary benefits) and paid sick leave that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the service are recognised and measured at the undiscounted amounts of the benefits.

Annual leave and ADO are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. As such, it is required to be measured at present value in accordance with AASB 119 Employee Benefits (although short-cut methods are permitted).

Actuarial advice obtained by NSW Treasury, a controlled entity of the ultimate parent, has confirmed that using the nominal annual leave balance plus the annual leave entitlements accrued while taking annual leave can be used to approximate the present value of the annual leave liability. On-costs of 18.6% are applied to the value of leave payable at 30 June 2018 (comparable on-costs for 30 June 2017 were 17.2%). The SWSLHD has assessed the actuarial advice based on the SWSLHD's circumstances to both the annual leave and ADO and has determined that the effect of discounting is immaterial. All annual leave and ADO are classified as a current liability even where the consolidated entity does not expect to settle the liability within 12 months as the consolidated entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement.

Unused non-vesting sick leave does not give rise to a liability as it is not considered probable that sick leave taken in the future will be greater than the benefits accrued in the future.

ii) Long Service Leave and Superannuation

The SWSLHD's liability for Long Service Leave and defined benefit superannuation (State Authorities Superannuation Scheme and State Superannuation Scheme) are assumed by the Crown Entity, which is a controlled entity of the ultimate parent.

The SWSLHD accounts for the liability as having been extinguished resulting in the amount assumed being shown as part of the non-monetary revenue item described as 'Acceptance by the Crown Entity of Employee Benefits'.

Specific on-costs relating to Long Service Leave assumed by the Crown Entity are borne by the SWSLHD as shown in Note 25.

Long service leave is measured at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided up to the reporting date. Consideration is given to certain factors based on actuarial review, including expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures, and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using Commonwealth government bond rate at the reporting date.

The superannuation expense for the financial year is determined by using the formulae specified in the Treasurer's Directions. The expense for certain superannuation schemes (i.e. Basic Benefit and First State Super) is calculated as a percentage of the employee's salary. For other superannuation schemes (i.e. State Superannuation Scheme and State Authorities Superannuation Scheme), the expense is calculated as a multiple of the employee's superannuation contributions.

iii) Consequential On-Costs

Consequential costs to employment are recognised as liabilities and expenses where the employee benefits to which they relate have been recognised. This includes outstanding amounts of workers' compensation insurance premiums and fringe benefits tax.

iv) Other Provisions

Other provisions exist when the SWSLHD has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

f) Insurance

The SWSLHD's insurance activities are conducted through the NSW Treasury Managed Fund (TMF) Scheme of self insurance for government entities. The expense (premium) is determined by the Fund Manager based on past claims experience. The TMF is managed by Insurance and Care NSW (iCare), a controlled entity of the ultimate parent.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

1. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

g) Grants and Subsidies

Grant and subsidies expense generally comprise contributions in cash or in kind to various local government authorities and not-for-profit community organisations to support their health-related objectives and activities. The grant and subsidies are expensed on the transfer of the cash or assets. The transferred assets are measured at their fair value.

h) Finance Costs

Finance costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred in accordance with NSW Treasury's Mandate to not-for-profit NSW general government sector entities.

i) Income Recognition

Income is measured at the fair value of the consideration or contribution received or receivable. Additional comments regarding the accounting policies for the recognition of revenue are discussed below.

Sale of Goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised as revenue when the SWSLHD transfers the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the assets.

Rendering of Services

Revenue is recognised when the service is provided or by reference to the stage of completion (based on labour hours incurred to date).

Grants and Other Contributions

Grants and other contributions, comprising mainly cash and in-kind contributions, are recognised as revenues when control passes to the SWSLHD and the contractual obligations have been satisfied. In-kind contributions are measured at fair value on transfer date.

Patient Fees

Patient fees are derived from chargeable inpatients and non-inpatients on the basis of rates specified by the NSW Ministry of Health. Revenue is recognised on an accrual basis when the service has been provided to the patient.

Highly Specialised Drugs

Revenue for highly specialised drugs is paid by the Commonwealth in accordance with the terms of the Commonwealth agreement through Medicare and reflects the recoupment of costs incurred under Section 100 of the *National Health Act 1953* for highly specialised drugs. The agreement provides for the provision of medicines for the treatment of chronic conditions where specific criteria are met in respect of day admitted patients, non admitted patients or patients on discharge. Revenue is recognised when the drugs have been provided to the patient.

Motor Accident Authority Third Party

A bulk billing agreement exists in which motor vehicle insurers effect payment directly to NSW Health for the hospital costs for those persons hospitalised or attending for inpatient treatment as a result of motor vehicle accidents. The SWSLHD recognises the revenue on an accruals basis from the time the patient is treated or admitted into hospital.

Department of Veterans' Affairs

An agreement is in place with the Commonwealth Department of Veterans' Affairs through which direct funding is provided for the provision of health services to entitled veterans. For inpatient services, revenue is recognised by the SWSLHD on an accrual basis by reference to patient admissions. Non admitted patients are recognised by the NSW Ministry of Health in the form of a block grant.

Investment Revenue

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Debt Forgiveness

Debts are accounted for as extinguished when and only when settlement occurs through repayment or replacement by another liability.

Use of Hospital Facilities

Specialist doctors with rights of private practice are subject to an infrastructure charge including service charges where applicable for the use of hospital facilities at rates determined by the NSW Ministry of Health. Charges consist of two components:

- * a monthly charge raised by the SWSLHD based on a percentage of receipts generated.
- * the residual of the Private Practice Trust Fund at the end of each financial year, such sum being credited for the SWSLHD use in the advancement of the SWSLHD or individuals within it.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

1. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

Refer to Note 9 (b) for further details.

NSW Ministry of Health Allocations

Payments are made by the immediate parent on the basis of the allocation for the SWSLHD as adjusted for approved supplementations mostly for salary agreements and approved enhancement projects.

This allocation is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income before arriving at the "Net Result" on the basis that the allocation is earned in return for the health services provided on behalf of the NSW Ministry of Health. Allocations are normally recognised upon the receipt of cash.

General operating expenses/revenues of \$31.965m (net expense), for the following Affiliated Health Organisations, (Braeside Hospital, Karitane, South Western Sydney Scarba Service and Service for the Treatment and Rehabilitation of Torture and Trauma Survivors - STARTTS) have only been included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income prepared to the extent of the cash payments made to the Health Organisations concerned. The SWSLHD is not deemed to own or control the various assets/liabilities of the aforementioned Health Organisations and such amounts have been excluded from the Statement of Financial Position. Any exceptions are specifically listed in the notes that follow.

j) Accounting for the Goods & Services Tax (GST)

Income, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except that the:

- * amount of GST incurred by the SWSLHD as a purchaser that is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office is recognised as part of an asset's cost of acquisition or as part of an item of expense; and
- * receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis. However, the GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office are classified as operating cash flows.

k) Interstate Patient Flows

Interstate patient flows are funded through the State Pool, based on activity and consistent with the price determined in the service level agreement. The funding is recognised as recurrent allocation received from the immediate parent.

l) Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment acquired are initially recognised at cost and subsequently revalued at fair value less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost is the amount of cash or cash equivalents paid or the fair value of the other consideration given to acquire the asset at the time of its acquisition or construction or, where applicable, the amount attributed to that asset when initially recognised in accordance with the requirements of other Australian Accounting Standards.

Assets acquired at no cost, or for nominal consideration, are initially recognised at their fair value at the date of acquisition.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at measurement date.

Where payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal credit terms, its cost is the cash price equivalent, i.e. the deferred payment amount is effectively discounted over the period of credit.

Refer to Note 1(ae) for assets transferred as a result of equity transfer.

Land and buildings are owned by the Health Administration Corporation, an entity controlled by the immediate parent. Land and buildings which are operated/occupied by the SWSLHD are deemed to be controlled by the SWSLHD and are reflected as such in the financial statements.

m) Capitalisation Thresholds

Property, plant and equipment and Intangibles costing \$10,000 and above individually (or forming part of a network costing more than \$10,000) are capitalised.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

1. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

n) Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment

Depreciation is provided for on a straight-line basis for all depreciable assets so as to write off the depreciable amount of each asset as it is consumed over its useful life to the SWSLHD. Land is not a depreciable asset. All material identifiable components of assets are depreciated over their useful lives.

Details of depreciation rates initially applied for major asset categories are as follows:

Artwork	5.0%
Buildings	2.5%
Infrastructure Systems	2.5%
Plant and Equipment	
- Computer Equipment	20.0%
- Electro Medical Equipment	
* Costing less than \$200,000	10.0%
* Costing more than or equal to \$200,000	12.5%
- Furniture, Fittings and Furnishings	5.0%
- Linen	25.0%
- Motor Vehicle Sedans	12.5%
- Motor Vehicles, Trucks & Vans	20.0%
- Office Equipment	10.0%
- Plant and Machinery	10.0%
Leasehold Improvements	33.0%

"Infrastructure Systems" means assets that comprise public facilities and which provide essential services and enhance the productive capacity of the economy including roads, bridges, water infrastructure and distribution works, sewerage treatment plants, seawalls and water reticulation systems.

Depreciation rates are subsequently varied where changes occur in the assessment of the remaining useful life of the assets reported.

o) Revaluation of Non-Current Assets

Physical non-current assets are valued in accordance with the 'Valuation of Physical Non-Current Assets at Fair Value' Policy and Guidelines Paper (TPP 14-01). This policy adopts fair value in accordance with AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement, AASB 116 Property, Plant and Equipment and AASB 140 Investment Property.

Property, plant and equipment is measured at the highest and best use by market participants that is physically possible, legally permissible and financially feasible. The highest and best use must be available at a period that is not remote and takes into account the characteristics of the asset being measured, including any socio-political restrictions imposed by government. In most cases, after taking into account these considerations, the highest and best use is the existing use. In limited circumstances, the highest and best use may be a feasible alternative use, where there are no restrictions on use or where there is a feasible higher restricted alternative use.

Fair value of property, plant and equipment is based on a market participants' perspective, using valuation techniques (market approach, cost approach, income approach) that maximise relevant observable inputs and minimise unobservable inputs. Also refer Note 19 and Note 21 for further information regarding fair value.

To ensure that the carrying amount for each asset does not differ materially from its fair value at reporting date, indices are sourced. The indices reflect an assessment of movements made in the period between revaluations.

Non-specialised assets with short useful lives are measured at depreciated historical cost, as an approximation of fair value. The entity has assessed that any difference between fair value and depreciated historical cost is unlikely to be material.

When revaluing non-current assets using the cost approach, the gross amount and the related accumulated depreciation are separately restated.

For other assets valued using other valuation techniques, any balances of accumulated depreciation existing at the revaluation date in respect of those assets are credited to the asset accounts to which they relate. The net asset accounts are then increased or decreased by the revaluation increments or decrements.

Revaluation increments are credited directly to the revaluation surplus, except that, to the extent that an increment reverses a revaluation decrement in respect of that class of asset previously recognised as a loss in the net result, the increment is recognised immediately as a gain in the net result.

Revaluation decrements are recognised immediately as a loss in the net result for the year, except that, to the extent that a credit balance exists in the revaluation surplus in respect of the same class of assets, they are debited directly to the revaluation surplus.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

1. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

As a not-for-profit entity, revaluation increments and decrements are offset against one another within a class of non-current assets, but not otherwise.

Where an asset that has previously been revalued is disposed of, any balance remaining in the revaluation surplus in respect of that asset is transferred to accumulated funds.

p) Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment

As a not-for-profit entity with no cash generating units, impairment under AASB 136 Impairment of Assets is unlikely to arise. As property, plant and equipment is carried at fair value or an amount that approximates fair value, impairment can only arise in the rare circumstances such as where the costs of disposal are material. Specifically, impairment is unlikely for not-for-profit entities given that AASB 136 Impairment of Assets modifies the recoverable amount test for non-cash generating assets of not-for-profit entities to the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and depreciated replacement cost, where depreciated replacement cost is also fair value.

q) Assets Not Able to be Reliably Measured

The SWSLHD does not hold any assets that are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position due to those assets not being able to be reliably measured.

r) Restoration Costs

On initial recognition, the present value of the expected cost for the restoration or cost of dismantling of an asset after its use is included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met.

s) Non-Current Assets (or disposal groups) Held for Sale

Where SWSLHD has certain non-current assets (or disposal groups) classified as held for sale, their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction, not through continuing use. "

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) held for sale are recognised at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs of disposal. These assets are not depreciated while they are classified as held for sale.

t) Intangible Assets

The SWSLHD recognises intangible assets only if it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the SWSLHD and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are measured initially at cost.

Where an asset is acquired at no or nominal cost, the cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition. All research costs are expensed. Development costs are only capitalised when certain criteria are met.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be finite.

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period.

Intangible assets are subsequently measured at fair value only if there is an active market. As there is no active market for the SWSLHD's intangible assets, the assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Computer software developed or acquired by SWSLHD are recognised as intangible assets and are amortised over four years using the straight line method based on the useful life of the asset for both internally developed assets and direct acquisitions. Most computer software is acquired from the Health Administration Corporation, a controlled entity of the immediate parent.

Intangible assets are tested for impairment where an indicator of impairment exists. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount the carrying amount is reduced to recoverable amount and the reduction is recognised as an impairment loss.

u) Maintenance

Day-to-day servicing costs or maintenance are charged as expenses as incurred except where they relate to the replacement of a part or component of an asset, in which case the costs are capitalised and depreciated.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

1. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

v) Leased Assets

A distinction is made between finance leases which effectively transfer from the lessor to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased assets, and operating leases under which the lessor effectively retains all such risks and rewards.

Where a non-current asset is acquired by means of a finance lease, at the commencement of the lease term, the asset is recognised at its fair value or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments, at the inception of the lease. The corresponding liability is established at the same amount. Lease payments are allocated between the principal component and the interest expense.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

w) Inventories

Inventories held for distribution are stated at cost, adjusted when applicable, for any loss of service potential. Inventories (other than those held for distribution) are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost method.

Obsolete items are disposed of in accordance with instructions issued by the NSW Ministry of Health.

x) Loans and Receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. These financial assets are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent measurement is at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less an allowance for any impairment of receivables. Any changes are recognised in the Net Result when impaired, derecognised or through the amortisation process.

Short-term receivables with no stated interest rate are measured at the original invoice amount where the effect of discounting is immaterial.

y) Investments

Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. The SWSLHD determines the classification of its financial assets after initial recognition and, when allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates this at each financial year end.

* The SWSLHD subsequently measures investments classified as 'held for trading' or designated upon initial recognition "at fair value through profit or loss" at fair value.

Financial assets are classified as 'held for trading' if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term. Derivatives are also classified as held for trading. Gains or losses on these assets are recognised in the net result for the year.

TCorpIM Funds investment facilities are managed by New South Wales Treasury Corporation, a controlled entity of the ultimate parent. The facilities are designated at fair value through profit or loss as the management and performance of these financial assets is undertaken on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management strategy. Information about these assets is provided internally to the SWSLHD's key management personnel.

The risk management strategy of the SWSLHD has been developed consistent with the investment powers granted under the provision of the Public Authorities (Financial Arrangements) Act 1987.

TCorpIM Funds investment are made in an effort to improve interest returns on cash balances otherwise available whilst also providing secure investments.

The movement in the fair value of the TCorpIM Funds investment incorporates distributions received as well as unrealised movements in fair value and is reported in the line item 'investment revenue'.

* Held-to-maturity investments – Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity that the SWSLHD has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity are classified as 'held-to-maturity'.

These investments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Changes are recognised in the net result for the year when impaired, derecognised or through the amortisation process.

* Available-for-sale investments - Any investments that do not fall into any other category are accounted for as available-for-sale investments and measured at fair value. Gains or losses on available-for-sale investments are recognised in other comprehensive income until disposed or impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in the net result for the year. However, interest calculated using the effective interest method and dividends are recognised in the net result for the year.

Purchases or sales of investments under contract that require delivery of the asset within the timeframe established by convention or regulation are recognised on the trade date; i.e. the date the SWSLHD commits to purchase or sell the asset.

The fair value of investments that are traded at fair value in an active market is determined by reference to quoted current bid prices at the close of business on the Statement of Financial Position date.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

1. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

z) Impairment of Financial Assets

All financial assets, except those measured at fair value through profit and loss, are subject to an annual review for impairment. An allowance for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the entity will not be able to collect all amounts due.

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, the entity first assesses whether impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. Assets are assessed for impairment on a collective basis if they were assessed not to be impaired individually.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the allowance is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the net result for the year.

Any reversals of impairment losses are reversed through the net result for the year, where there is objective evidence. Reversals of impairment losses of financial assets carried at amortised cost cannot result in a carrying amount that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had there not been an impairment loss.

aa) De-recognition of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire; or if the SWSLHD transfers the financial asset:

- * where substantially all the risks and rewards have been transferred; or
- * where the SWSLHD has not transferred substantially all the risks and rewards, if the SWSLHD has not retained control.

Where the SWSLHD has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards or transferred control, the asset is recognised to the extent of the SWSLHD's continuing involvement in the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

ab) Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the SWSLHD and other amounts. Payables are recognised initially at fair value.

Subsequent measurement is at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Short-term payables with no stated interest rate are measured at the original invoice amount where the effect of discounting is immaterial.

Payables are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the SWSLHD.

ac) Borrowings

Loans are not held for trading or designated at fair value through profit or loss and are recognised at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains or losses are recognised in the net result for the year on derecognition.

Borrowings include finance lease liabilities. The finance lease liability is determined in accordance with AASB 117 Leases.

ad) Fair Value Hierarchy

A number of the SWSLHD's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. When measuring fair value, the valuation technique used maximises the use of relevant observable inputs and minimises the use of unobservable inputs. Under AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement, the SWSLHD categorises, for disclosure purposes, the valuation techniques based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- * Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets for identical assets / liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
- * Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- * Level 3 – inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The SWSLHD recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

Refer to Note 21 and Note 35 for further disclosures regarding fair value measurements of non-financial and financial assets.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

1. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

ae) Equity Transfers

The transfer of net assets between entities as a result of an administrative restructure, transfers of programs/functions and parts thereof between entities controlled by the ultimate parent are recognised as an adjustment to "Accumulated Funds". This treatment is consistent with AASB 1004 Contributions and Australian Accounting Interpretation 1038 Contributions by Owners Made to Wholly-Owned Public Sector Entities.

Transfers arising from an administrative restructure involving not-for-profit entities and for-profit government entities are recognised at the amount at which the asset was recognised by the transferor immediately prior to the restructure. Subject to below, in most instances this will approximate fair value.

All other equity transfers are recognised at fair value, except for intangibles. Where an intangible has been recognised at (amortised) cost by the transferor because there is no active market, the SWSLHD recognises the asset at the transferor's carrying amount. Where the transferor is prohibited from recognising internally generated intangibles, the SWSLHD does not recognise that asset.

af) Equity and Reserves

(i) Accumulated Funds

The category "accumulated funds" includes all current and prior period retained funds.

(ii) Revaluation Surplus

The revaluation surplus is used to record increments and decrements on the revaluation of non-current assets. This accords with the SWSLHD's policy on the revaluation of property, plant and equipment as discussed in Note 1(o).

ag) Trust Funds

The SWSLHD receives monies in a trustee capacity for various trusts as set out in Note 28.

As the SWSLHD performs only a custodial role in respect of these monies, and because the monies cannot be used for the achievement of the SWSLHD's own objectives, these funds are not recognised in the financial statements.

ah) Adjusted Budget Amounts

NSW Health's budget is shown at a consolidated level when presented in parliament each year (i.e. in the NSW Government Budget Papers). The SWSLHD's budget is not presented in parliament, therefore AASB 1055 Budgetary Reporting is not applicable. Unlike the requirement in AASB 1055 Budgetary Reporting to present original budget information, the SWSLHD's financial statements present adjusted budget information. The adjusted budgeted amounts are drawn from the initial Service Agreements between the SWSLHD and the NSW Ministry of Health at the beginning of the financial year, as well as any adjustments for the effects of additional supplementation provided in accordance with delegations to derive a final budget at year end (i.e. adjusted budget). The budget amounts are not subject to audit and, accordingly, the relevant column entries in the financial statements are denoted as "Unaudited".

Major variances between the original budgeted amounts and the actual amounts disclosed in the primary financial statements are explained in Note 34.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

1. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

ai) Changes in Accounting Policy, including new or revised Australian Accounting Standards

(i) Effective for the first time in 2017-18

The accounting policies applied in 2017-18 are consistent with those of the previous financial year except as a result of new or revised Australian Accounting Standards that have been applied for the first time as follows:

AASB 2016-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 107 Statement of Cash Flows applies to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017. The standard amends AASB 107 Statement of Cash Flows to require additional disclosures for financing activities in the Statement of Cash Flows. A reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities has been added to Note 31 of these financial statements.

(ii) Issued but not yet effective

NSW public sector entities are not permitted to early adopt new Australian Accounting Standards, unless NSW Treasury determines otherwise. The following new Australian Accounting Standards, excluding standards not considered applicable or material to the SWSLHD have not been applied and are not yet effective. The possible impact of these Accounting Standards in the period of initial application includes:

AASB 9 Financial Instruments applies to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. AASB 9 Financial Instruments will replace AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and establishes new principles for the financial reporting of financial assets, financial liabilities and hedge accounting. AASB 9 Financial Instruments also introduces a forward-looking 'expected credit losses' impairment model, which may impact the timing and amount of impairment recognition.

AASB 16 Leases replaces all existing leases requirements and applies to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. For lessees, the distinction between operating and finance leases will no longer exist. Instead, AASB 16 Leases will require lessees to account for practically all leases under a single on-balance sheet model in a similar way to finance leases under AASB 117 Leases. The standard includes two recognition exemptions for lessees – leases of 'low value' assets (e.g. personal computers below \$10,000) and short term leases (i.e. leases with a lease term of 12 months or less). At the commencement of a lease, a lessee will recognise a liability representing its obligation to make future lease payments and an asset representing its right of use to the underlying asset for the lease term. Lessees will be required to separately recognise interest expense on the lease liability and depreciation expense on the Right of Use asset rather than operating lease expense.

The lease expense recognition pattern for leases will generally be accelerated as compared to today. Some key balance sheet metrics may also be impacted. Also, the statement of cash flows for lessees will be affected as payments for the principal portion of the lease liability will be presented within financing activities.

Lessor accounting is substantially unchanged from today's accounting under AASB 117 Leases. Lessors will continue to classify all leases using the same classification as in AASB 117 Leases and distinguish between two types of leases: operating and finance leases.

The standard permits two methods of adoption: full retrospective – by retrospectively adjusting each prior reporting period presented and recognising the cumulative effect of initially applying the new requirements at the start of the earliest period, which would be 1 July 2018; or modified retrospective – by recognising the cumulative effect of initially applying the new requirements at the initial application, which would be 1 July 2019. NSW Treasury has mandated modified retrospective application of this accounting standard.

AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (and associated amending standards AASB 2014-5, AASB 2015-8, AASB 2016-3, AASB 2016-7 and AASB 2016-8) applies to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019 for not-for-profit entities. AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers establishes a contract-based five-step analysis of transactions to determine the nature, amount and timing of revenue arising from contracts with customers. This new standard requires revenue to be recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at the transaction price. This may impact the timing of recognising certain revenue currently recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction.

AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities applies to not-for-profit entities and is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. This standard requires entities to recognise income where the consideration to acquire an asset, including cash, is significantly less than the fair value principally to enable the entity to further its objectives. Under this standard, the timing of income recognition may be impacted depending on whether there is a liability or other performance obligation associated with the acquired asset, including cash. AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities also requires government agencies to recognise income for volunteer services received if the fair value of those services can be measured reliably and the services would have been purchased if they had not been donated. This is consistent with current practice under AASB 1004 Contributions and is not expected to materially impact these financial statements.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

1. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

AASB 1059 Service Concession Arrangements is applicable to public sector entities only and requires the grantor to recognise a service concession asset in a service concession arrangement where it controls the asset. A corresponding financial liability and/or grant of right liability is also recognised depending on the nature of the consideration exchanged. Service concession assets (including those provided by the operator, an upgrade to or a major component replacement of an existing asset of the grantor; and existing assets of the grantor – also applicable to previously unrecognised intangible assets except goodwill) are initially measured at current replacement cost based on AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement principles. They are subsequently accounted for under AASB 116 Property, Plant & Equipment or AASB 138 Intangible Assets. Service concession liabilities are initially measured at the same amount as the service concession asset and subsequently measured using either the “financial liability” model applying AASB 9 Financial Instruments or, the “grant of right” model under AASB 1059 Service Concession Arrangements. AASB 1059 Service Concession Arrangements requires retrospective application.

Overview of Assessment Activities

NSW Health designed a project roadmap to implement the above five new accounting standards by its application date. The project consists of 4 phases: Scoping, Data gathering, In Depth Analysis and Implementation. Scoping phase was completed and data gathering has begun. An external project consultant and project manager will be appointed, and various steering committees and project teams will be internally formed as part of the implementation project. Central high level estimates on the impact of the new accounting standards were also calculated and reported to NSW Treasury by the central team at the NSW Ministry of Health. Further details are available in the NSW Ministry of Health’s consolidated financial statements.

We are continuously analysing and assessing the impact of the new accounting standards. This includes changes to our accounting policies, internal and external reporting requirements, IT systems, business processes and associated internal controls with the objectives of quantifying the expected first time adoption impacts as well as supporting ongoing compliance with the new accounting requirements.

Potential Impact on The SWSLHD’s Financial Report

While the consolidated entity is yet to undertake a detailed assessment of the classification and measurement of all of the accounting standards, the following general impacts are expected from the work conducted so far:

Leases

- * The total assets and liabilities on the balance sheet will increase. Net total assets are expected to decrease due to a reduction of the capitalised asset being on a straight line basis whilst the liability reduces the principal amount of repayments. Net current assets will also show a decrease due to an element of the liability being disclosed as current liability.
- * Interest expenses will increase due to the unwinding of the effective interest rate implicit in the lease. Interest expense will be greater earlier in a lease life due to the higher principal value causing profit variability over the course of the lease life. This effect may be partially mitigated due to the number of leases held in the entity at different stages of their lease terms.
- * Depreciation expense will be booked on Right of Use assets, which will be on a straight-line basis.
- * Operating cash flows will be higher as repayment of the principal portion of all lease liabilities will be classified as financing activities.

Revenue and Income of Not-for-Profit Entities

- * The deferral of some revenues of The SWSLHD.
- * Impact on the estimates and judgements involved in the unbilled revenue process.
- * Specific quantitative and qualitative disclosures may be required under AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

Financial Instruments

- * The new impairment model requires the recognition of impairment provisions based on expected credit losses rather than only incurred impairment losses. This may result in earlier recognition of credit loss provisions.

Service Concession Arrangements

- * No significant impact expected on The SWSLHD.

Application Date

The SWSLHD plans to adopt the new standards on the required effective date in line with the NSW Treasury’s instructions.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

PARENT			CONSOLIDATION	
2018 \$000	2017 \$000		2018 \$000	2017 \$000
		2. Employee Related Expenses		
----	----	Salaries and Wages (including annual leave and ADO)	1,041,273	965,715
----	----	Superannuation - Defined Benefit Plans	6,553	6,770
----	----	Superannuation - Defined Contribution Plans	90,494	83,896
----	----	Long Service Leave	48,244	19,879
----	----	Redundancies	211	396
----	----	Workers' Compensation Insurance	19,483	12,746
----	----	Fringe Benefits Tax	174	81
<u>-----</u>	<u>-----</u>		<u>1,206,432</u>	<u>1,089,483</u>
		3. Personnel Services		
1,041,273	965,715	Salaries and Wages	----	----
----	----	Superannuation - Defined Benefit Plans	----	----
90,494	83,896	Superannuation - Defined Contribution Plans	----	----
5,197	485	Long Service Leave	----	----
211	396	Redundancies	----	----
19,483	12,746	Workers' Compensation Insurance	----	----
174	81	Fringe Benefits Tax	----	----
<u>1,156,832</u>	<u>1,063,319</u>		<u>-----</u>	<u>-----</u>

Personnel services of South Western Sydney Local Health District was provided by its controlled entity, South Western Sydney Local Health District Special Purpose Service Entity.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

PARENT			CONSOLIDATION	
2018	2017		2018	2017
\$000	\$000		\$000	\$000
4. Other Expenses				
123	167	Advertising	123	167
236	230	Auditor's Remuneration - Audit of Financial Statements	236	230
13,135	12,089	Blood and Blood Products	13,135	12,089
926	683	Consultancies	926	683
2,651	3,123	Contractors	2,651	3,123
20,122	19,695	Domestic Supplies and Services	20,122	19,695
69,877	77,643	Drug Supplies	69,877	77,643
32,081	29,989	Food Supplies	32,081	29,989
11,798	10,126	Fuel, Light and Power	11,798	10,126
12,431	7,119	Patient Transport Costs	12,431	7,119
17,484	12,987	Information Management Expenses	17,484	12,987
1,435	1,430	Insurance	1,435	1,430
45,616	60,200	Maintenance (See 4(b) below)	45,616	60,200
95,391	91,016	Medical and Surgical Supplies	95,391	91,016
1,959	1,267	Motor Vehicle Expenses	1,959	1,267
2,058	2,209	Postal and Telephone Costs	2,058	2,209
4,179	4,046	Printing and Stationery	4,179	4,046
1,892	1,827	Rates and Charges	1,892	1,827
3,624	3,450	Rental	3,624	3,450
7,668	12,907	Hosted Services Purchased from entities controlled by the immediate parent	7,668	12,907
75,011	68,581	Specialised Services (Pathology, Radiology, Dialysis, Imaging, Dental, Allied Health)	75,011	68,581
14,516	9,553	Staff Related Costs	14,516	9,553
5,776	5,208	Travel Related Costs	5,776	5,208
44,881	45,859	Other (See 4(a) below)	44,881	45,859
484,870	481,404		484,870	481,404

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

PARENT			CONSOLIDATION	
2018	2017		2018	2017
\$000	\$000		\$000	\$000
4. Other Expenses				
a) Other Includes:				
25	20	Aircraft Expenses (Ambulance)	25	20
8,895	9,633	Contract for Patient Services	8,895	9,633
13,882	13,961	Corporate Support Services	13,882	13,961
614	589	Courier and Freight	614	589
77	98	Isolated Patient Travel and Accommodation Assistance Scheme	77	98
358	424	Legal Services	358	424
960	861	Membership/Professional Fees	960	861
2,524	2,893	Motor Vehicle Operating Lease Expense - Minimum Lease Payments	2,524	2,893
2,444	710	Other Operating Lease Expense - Minimum Lease Payments	2,444	710
150	146	Quality Assurance/Accreditation	150	146
6,820	4,393	Security Services	6,820	4,393
8,132	12,131	Other Miscellaneous	8,132	12,131
44,881	45,859		44,881	45,859
b) Reconciliation of Total Maintenance				
23,272	24,550	Maintenance Contracts	23,272	24,550
15,931	22,786	New/Replacement Equipment under \$10,000	15,931	22,786
6,371	12,809	Repairs Maintenance/Non Contract	6,371	12,809
42	55	Other	42	55
45,616	60,200	Maintenance Expense - Contracted Labour and Other (Non-Employee Related in Note 4)	45,616	60,200
4,029	3,801	Employee Related/Personnel Services Maintenance Expense included in Notes 2 and 3	4,029	3,801
49,645	64,001		49,645	64,001

'Auditor's Remuneration' was paid to The Audit Office of New South Wales, an entity controlled by the ultimate parent.

'Patient Transport Costs' were paid to Health Administration Corporation, which is an entity controlled by the immediate parent.

The majority of 'Information Management Expenses' were paid to Health Administration Corporation, an entity controlled by the immediate parent.

The majority of 'Domestic Supplies and Services', 'Food Supplies', 'Corporate Support Services', were paid to Health Administration Corporation, an entity controlled by the immediate parent.

The majority of 'Specialised Service' expenses were paid to the Health Administration Corporation, an entity controlled by the immediate parent.

The majority of 'Rates and Charges' were paid to Sydney Water Corporation, an entity controlled by the ultimate parent.

Some 'Rental' expenses were paid to entities controlled by the **ultimate** parent.

All of 'Hosted Services Purchased from entities controlled by the immediate parent' were paid to Sydney Local Health District.

Some 'Legal expenses' were paid to the Crown Solicitors Office, an entity controlled by the ultimate parent.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

PARENT			CONSOLIDATION	
2018	2017		2018	2017
\$000	\$000		\$000	\$000
5. Depreciation and Amortisation				
44,971	44,525	Depreciation - Buildings	44,971	44,525
16,547	15,306	Depreciation - Plant and Equipment	16,547	15,306
384	384	Depreciation - Infrastructure Systems	384	384
419	481	Amortisation - Leasehold Improvements	419	481
145	142	Amortisation - Intangible Assets	145	142
62,466	60,838		62,466	60,838
6. Grants and Subsidies				
8,442	8,073	Non-Government Organisations	8,442	8,073
908	307	Grants to Research Organisations	908	307
10	150	Grants paid to entities controlled by the immediate parent	10	150
678	633	Other Grants	678	633
10,038	9,163		10,038	9,163
7. Finance Costs				
537	338	Finance Lease Interest Charges	537	338
1,928	2,157	Interest on Loans	1,928	2,157
2,465	2,495		2,465	2,495
8. Payments to Affiliated Health Organisations				
18,675	18,094	Braeside Hospital	18,675	18,094
----	550	Carrington Centennial Care	----	550
6,039	5,835	Karitane	6,039	5,835
559	547	South Western Sydney Scarba Service	559	547
6,692	7,508	NSW Service for the Treatment and Rehabilitation of Torture and Trauma Survivors - STARTTS	6,692	7,508
31,965	32,533		31,965	32,533

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

PARENT			CONSOLIDATION	
2018	2017		2018	2017
\$000	\$000		\$000	\$000
9. Sale of Goods and Services				
a) Sale of Goods comprise the following:-				
275	313	Pharmacy Sales	275	313
4,537	4,018	Sale of Prosthesis	4,537	4,018
144	27	Other	144	27
b) Rendering of Services comprise the following:-				
		Patient Fees		
73,093	68,589	- Inpatient Fees	73,093	68,589
464	381	- Nursing Home Fees	464	381
3,786	3,227	- Non Inpatient Fees	3,786	3,227
18,617	24,126	Department of Veterans' Affairs	18,617	24,126
57	49	Staff-Meals and Accommodation	57	49
21,877	17,369	Infrastructure Fees - Monthly Facility Charge	21,877	17,369
9,703	8,695	Infrastructure Fees - Annual Charge	9,703	8,695
9,006	8,561	Car Parking	9,006	8,561
1,811	1,573	Child Care Fees	1,811	1,573
12	3	Clinical Services (excluding Clinical Drug Trials)	12	3
1,105	1,368	Commercial Activities	1,105	1,368
249	296	Fees for Medical Records	249	296
23	24	Information Retrieval	23	24
34,546	41,651	Highly Specialised Drugs	34,546	41,651
14,395	13,557	Motor Accident Authority Third Party	14,395	13,557
122	138	Private Use of Motor Vehicles	122	138
----	2	Salary Packaging Fee	----	2
153	152	Hosted Services Provided to entities controlled by immediate parent	153	152
523	482	Services Provided to Non NSW Health Organisations	523	482
4	----	Shared Corporate Services	4	----
62	68	Multi Purpose Service Centre Fees	62	68
2,106	1,271	Other	2,106	1,271
196,670	195,940		196,670	195,940

The majority of 'Motor Accident Authority Third Party' revenue was received from State Insurance Regulatory Authority (SIRA) an entity controlled by the ultimate parent.

All of 'Hosted Services Provided to entities controlled by immediate parent' was revenue received from Sydney Local Health District.

10. Investment Revenue

1,168	1,175	Interest	1,168	1,175
		TCorplM Funds Investment Facilities Designated at Fair Value		
13	----	Other - Royalty Income	13	----
1,181	1,175		1,181	1,175

The majority of 'Interest' earned was from the NSW Treasury Corporation, an entity controlled by the ultimate parent.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

PARENT			CONSOLIDATION	
2018	2017		2018	2017
\$000	\$000		\$000	\$000
11. Grants and Other Contributions				
3,374	2,358	Clinical Drug Trials	3,374	2,358
13,650	13,024	Commonwealth Government Grants	13,650	13,024
331	194	Commonwealth Teaching Hospital Grants	331	194
3,759	3,222	Industry Contributions/Donations	3,759	3,222
7,343	7,287	Cancer Institute Grants	7,343	7,287
2,096	3,081	Grants & Contributions received from entities controlled by the ultimate parent	2,096	3,081
778	981	Grants & Contributions received from entities controlled by the immediate parent	778	981
157	787	Research Grants	157	787
5,022	3,439	Other Grants	5,022	3,439
36,510	34,373		36,510	34,373
<p>The Cancer Institute is an entity controlled by the immediate parent.</p> <p>The majority of grants that were received from entities controlled by the ultimate parent were received from the NSW Department of Family & Community Services.</p> <p>The majority of grants that were received from entities controlled by the immediate parent were received from Health Education and Training Institute & Sydney Local Health District</p>				
12. Acceptance by the Crown Entity of Employee Benefits				
The following liabilities and expenses have been assumed by the Crown Entity:				
----	----	Superannuation-defined benefit	6,553	6,770
----	----	Long Service Leave	43,047	19,394
----	----		49,600	26,164
13. Other Income				
Other Income comprises the following:-				
483	495	Commissions	483	495
2,131	1,664	Conference and Training Fees	2,131	1,664
46	----	Discounts received	46	----
45	532	Insurance Refunds	45	532
3,083	1,927	Lease and Rental	3,083	1,927
----	1	Sale of Merchandise, Old Wares and Books	----	1
172	308	Sponsorship	172	308
108	6,924	Treasury Managed Fund Hindsight Adjustment	108	6,924
1,940	1,067	Other	1,940	1,067
8,008	12,918		8,008	12,918

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

PARENT			CONSOLIDATION	
2018	2017		2018	2017
\$000	\$000		\$000	\$000
14. Gain / (Loss) on Disposal				
7,892	5,709	Property, Plant and Equipment	7,892	5,709
(7,464)	(5,205)	Accumulated Depreciation	(7,464)	(5,205)
<u>428</u>	<u>504</u>	Written Down Value	<u>428</u>	<u>504</u>
44	29	Proceeds from Disposal	44	29
<u>(384)</u>	<u>(475)</u>	Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	<u>(384)</u>	<u>(475)</u>
----	1,878	Assets Held for Sale	----	1,878
----	1,739	Proceeds from Disposal	----	1,739
<u>-----</u>	<u>(139)</u>	Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Assets Held for Sale	<u>-----</u>	<u>(139)</u>
<u>(384)</u>	<u>(614)</u>	Total Gain/(Loss) on Disposal	<u>(384)</u>	<u>(614)</u>
15. Other Gains / (Losses)				
(3,242)	(3,941)	Impairment of Receivables	(3,242)	(3,941)
<u>(3,242)</u>	<u>(3,941)</u>		<u>(3,242)</u>	<u>(3,941)</u>

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

PARENT			CONSOLIDATION	
2018	2017		2018	2017
\$000	\$000		\$000	\$000
16. Cash and Cash Equivalents				
30,139	37,953	Cash at Bank and On Hand	30,139	37,953
39,717	38,942	Short Term Deposits	39,717	38,942
<u>69,856</u>	<u>76,895</u>		<u>69,856</u>	<u>76,895</u>
<p>For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank, cash on hand, short-term deposits with a maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and net of outstanding bank overdraft.</p> <p>Cash & cash equivalent assets recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are reconciled at the end of the financial year to the Statement of Cash Flows as follows:</p>				
69,856	76,895	Cash and Cash Equivalents (per Statement of Financial Position)	69,856	76,895
<u>69,856</u>	<u>76,895</u>	Closing Cash and Cash Equivalents (per Statement of Cash Flows)	<u>69,856</u>	<u>76,895</u>

Refer to Note 35 for details regarding credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk arising from financial instruments.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

PARENT			CONSOLIDATION	
2018 \$000	2017 \$000		2018 \$000	2017 \$000
		17. Receivables		
		Current		
31,108	24,323	Sale of Goods and Services	31,108	24,323
12,182	15,492	Intra Health Receivables	12,182	15,492
5,959	6,496	Goods and Services Tax	5,959	6,496
12,465	4,677	Other Debtors	12,465	4,677
<u>61,714</u>	<u>50,988</u>	Sub Total	<u>61,714</u>	<u>50,988</u>
<u>(3,343)</u>	<u>(3,447)</u>	Less Allowance for Impairment	<u>(3,343)</u>	<u>(3,447)</u>
58,371	47,541	Sub Total	58,371	47,541
2,565	2,592	Prepayments	2,565	2,592
<u>60,936</u>	<u>50,133</u>		<u>60,936</u>	<u>50,133</u>
		Intra Health Receivables include amounts receivable from entities controlled by the immediate parent. The majority of the balance at reporting date was receivable from the immediate parent, the NSW Ministry of Health for Proceeds of Property Sales.		
		a) Movement in the Allowance for Impairment		
		Sale of Goods and Services		
(3,338)	(2,189)	Balance at Commencement of Reporting Period	(3,338)	(2,189)
3,321	2,791	Amounts written off during the year	3,321	2,791
<u>(3,294)</u>	<u>(3,941)</u>	(Increase)/decrease in Allowance Recognised in the Net Result	<u>(3,294)</u>	<u>(3,941)</u>
<u>(3,311)</u>	<u>(3,338)</u>	Balance at 30 June 2018	<u>(3,311)</u>	<u>(3,338)</u>
		b) Movement in the Allowance for Impairment		
		Other Debtors		
(109)	(130)	Balance at Commencement of Reporting Period	(109)	(130)
25	21	Amounts written off during the year	25	21
52	-----	(Increase)/decrease in Allowance Recognised in the Net Result	52	-----
<u>(32)</u>	<u>(109)</u>	Balance at 30 June 2018	<u>(32)</u>	<u>(109)</u>
<u>(3,343)</u>	<u>(3,447)</u>		<u>(3,343)</u>	<u>(3,447)</u>
		Non-Current		
1,125	1,170	Prepayments	1,125	1,170
<u>1,125</u>	<u>1,170</u>		<u>1,125</u>	<u>1,170</u>
		c) The current sale of goods and services balances above include the following patient fee receivables:		
4,217	3,866	Patient Fees - Compensable	4,217	3,866
7,438	6,849	Patient Fees - Ineligible	7,438	6,849
12,094	10,163	Patient Fees - Inpatient & Other	12,094	10,163
<u>23,749</u>	<u>20,878</u>		<u>23,749</u>	<u>20,878</u>

Details regarding credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk, including financial assets that are either past due or impaired are disclosed in Note 35.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

PARENT			CONSOLIDATION	
2018	2017		2018	2017
\$000	\$000		\$000	\$000
		18. Inventories		
4,978	4,264	Drugs	4,978	4,264
145	145	Medical and Surgical Supplies	145	145
87	81	Engineering Supplies	87	81
<u>5,210</u>	<u>4,490</u>		<u>5,210</u>	<u>4,490</u>

South Western Sydney Local Health District
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for the year ended 30 June 2018

PARENT			CONSOLIDATION	
2018	2017		2018	2017
\$000	\$000		\$000	\$000
19. Property, Plant and Equipment				
Land and Buildings - Fair Value				
1,979,658	1,958,718	Gross Carrying Amount	1,979,658	1,958,718
776,290	731,320	Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	776,290	731,320
<u>1,203,368</u>	<u>1,227,398</u>	Net Carrying Amount	<u>1,203,368</u>	<u>1,227,398</u>
Plant and Equipment - Fair Value*				
224,876	207,119	Gross Carrying Amount	224,876	207,119
132,582	123,499	Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	132,582	123,499
<u>92,294</u>	<u>83,620</u>	Net Carrying Amount	<u>92,294</u>	<u>83,620</u>
Infrastructure Systems - Fair Value				
15,044	15,049	Gross Carrying Amount	15,044	15,049
3,095	2,711	Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	3,095	2,711
<u>11,949</u>	<u>12,338</u>	Net Carrying Amount	<u>11,949</u>	<u>12,338</u>
Leasehold Improvements - Fair Value*				
1,791	1,792	Gross Carrying Amount	1,791	1,792
1,465	1,047	Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	1,465	1,047
<u>326</u>	<u>745</u>	Net Carrying Amount	<u>326</u>	<u>745</u>
<u>1,307,937</u>	<u>1,324,101</u>	Total Property, Plant and Equipment	<u>1,307,937</u>	<u>1,324,101</u>
		At Net Carrying Amount		

* For non-specialised assets with short useful lives, recognition at depreciated historical cost is regarded as an acceptable approximation of fair value, in accordance with Treasury Policy Paper 14-01.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
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PARENT & CONSOLIDATION

19. Property, Plant and Equipment - Reconciliation

A reconciliation of the carrying amount for each class of property, plant and equipment is set out below:

	Land and Buildings \$000	Plant and Equipment \$000	Infrastructure Systems \$000	Leasehold Improvements \$000	Total \$000
2018					
Net carrying amount at start of year	1,227,398	83,620	12,338	745	1,324,101
Additions	20,941	25,615	(5)	----	46,551
Disposals	----	(428)	----	----	(428)
Transfers within NSW Health Entities through Statement of Comprehensive Income	----	34	----	----	34
Depreciation Expense	(44,971)	(16,547)	(384)	(419)	(62,321)
Net carrying amount at end of year	1,203,368	92,294	11,949	326	1,307,937

	Land and Buildings \$000	Plant and Equipment \$000	Infrastructure Systems \$000	Leasehold Improvements \$000	Total \$000
2017					
Net carrying amount at start of year	1,245,940	73,937	13,017	876	1,333,770
Additions	26,017	25,349	(295)	350	51,421
Disposals	----	(504)	----	----	(504)
Transfers within NSW Health Entities through Statement of Comprehensive Income	----	110	----	----	110
Depreciation Expense	(44,525)	(15,306)	(384)	(481)	(60,696)
Reclassifications	(34)	34	----	----	----
Net carrying amount at end of year	1,227,398	83,620	12,338	745	1,324,101

Further details regarding the fair value measurement of property, plant and equipment are disclosed in Note 21.

- (i) Land and Buildings include land owned by the Health Administration Corporation but controlled by the SWSLHD [see note 1(l)].
- (ii) Indices provided by Liquid Pacific Holdings P/L were not applied as they were deemed immaterial.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
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PARENT			CONSOLIDATION	
2018	2017		2018	2017
\$000	\$000		\$000	\$000
20. Intangible Assets				
Intangibles				
815	596	Cost (Gross Carrying Amount)	815	596
418	273	Less Accumulated Amortisation and Impairment	418	273
<u>397</u>	<u>323</u>	Net Carrying Amount	<u>397</u>	<u>323</u>
<u>397</u>	<u>323</u>	Total Intangible Assets at Net Carrying Amount	<u>397</u>	<u>323</u>

PARENT & CONSOLIDATION

20. Intangible Assets - Reconciliation

	Total \$000
2018	
Net carrying amount at start of year	323
Additions (From Internal Development or Acquired Separately)	219
Amortisation (Recognised in Depreciation and Amortisation)	(145)
Net carrying amount at end of year	397

	Total \$000
2017	
Net carrying amount at start of year	391
Additions (From Internal Development or Acquired Separately)	74
Amortisation (Recognised in Depreciation and Amortisation)	(142)
Net carrying amount at end of year	323

South Western Sydney Local Health District
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PARENT & CONSOLIDATION

21. Fair Value Measurement of Non-Financial Assets

Fair value measurements recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are categorised into the following levels.

a) Fair Value Hierarchy

2018	Level 1 \$000	Level 2 \$000	Level 3 \$000	Total \$000
Property, Plant and Equipment (Note 19)				
- Land and Buildings	----	69,224	1,051,338	1,120,562
- Infrastructure Systems	----	----	12,249	12,249
	<u>----</u>	<u>69,224</u>	<u>1,063,587</u>	<u>1,132,811</u>

There were no transfers between level 1 and 2 during the year ended 30 June 2018.

Work in Progress and Newly Completed Projects are carried at cost, therefore excluded from figures above and as a result will not agree to Note 19.

2017	Level 1 \$000	Level 2 \$000	Level 3 \$000	Total \$000
Property, Plant and Equipment (Note 19)				
- Land and Buildings	----	71,345	1,092,803	1,164,148
- Infrastructure Systems	----	----	12,633	12,633
	<u>----</u>	<u>71,345</u>	<u>1,105,436</u>	<u>1,176,781</u>

There were no transfers between level 1 and 2 during the year ended 30 June 2017.

Work in Progress and Newly Completed Projects are carried at cost, therefore excluded from figures above and as a result will not agree to Note 19.

b) Valuation Techniques, Inputs and Processes

For land, buildings and infrastructure systems the SWSLHD obtains external valuations by independent valuers at least every three years. The last revaluation was performed by Liquid Pacific Holdings P/L as at 31 December 2015 for the 2015/16 financial year. Liquid Pacific Holdings P/L is an independent entity and is not an associated entity of the SWSLHD.

At the end of each reporting period a fair value assessment is made on any movements since the last revaluation, and a determination as to whether any adjustments need to be made. These adjustments are made by way of application of indices, refer note 19 reconciliation.

The non-current assets categorised in a) above have been measured as either level 2 or level 3 based on the following valuation techniques and inputs:

South Western Sydney Local Health District
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PARENT & CONSOLIDATION

21. Fair Value Measurement of Non-Financial Assets

For land, the valuation by the valuers is made on a market approach, comparing similar assets (not identical) and observable inputs. The most significant input is price per square metre.

All commercial and non-restricted land is included in Level 2 as these land valuations have a high level of observable inputs although these lands are not identical.

All of the restricted land has been classified as level 3 as, although observable inputs have been used, a significant level of professional judgement is required to adjust inputs in determining the land valuations. Certain parcels of land have zoning restrictions, for example hospital grounds, and values are adjusted accordingly.

For buildings and infrastructure, many assets are of a specialised nature or use, and thus the most appropriate valuation method is depreciated replacement cost. These assets are included as level 3 as these assets have a high level of unobservable inputs. However, residential properties are valued on a market approach and included in level 2.

Non-Current Assets Held for Sale is a non-recurring item that is measured at fair value less cost to sell, which is less than its carrying amount. These assets, if any, are categorised as level 2.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
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PARENT & CONSOLIDATION

21. Fair Value Measurement of Non-Financial Assets

c) Reconciliation of Recurring Level 3 Fair Value Measurements

2018	Land and Buildings \$000	Infrastructure Systems \$000	Total Level 3 Recurring \$000
Fair value as at 1 July 2017	1,092,803	12,633	1,105,436
Depreciation	(41,465)	(384)	(41,849)
Fair value as at 30 June 2018	<u><u>1,051,338</u></u>	<u><u>12,249</u></u>	<u><u>1,063,587</u></u>

There were no transfers between Level 1 or 2 during the year ended 30 June 2018.

2017	Land and Buildings \$000	Infrastructure Systems \$000	Total Level 3 Recurring \$000
Fair value as at 1 July 2016	1,134,507	13,017	1,147,524
Depreciation	(41,704)	(384)	(42,088)
Fair value as at 30 June 2017	<u><u>1,092,803</u></u>	<u><u>12,633</u></u>	<u><u>1,105,436</u></u>

There were no transfers between Level 1 or 2 during the year ended 30 June 2018.

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PARENT & CONSOLIDATION

22. Restricted Assets

The SWSLHD's financial statements include the following assets which are restricted for stipulated purposes and/or by externally imposed conditions, eg. donor requirements. The assets are only available for application in accordance with the terms of the donor restrictions.

Category	Opening Equity 1 July 2017 \$000	Expense 2018 \$000	Revenue 2018 \$000	Closing Equity 30 June 2018 \$000
Community Welfare	3,668	1,009	1,367	4,027
Facility Improvements	10,000	1,573	8,508	16,934
Patient Welfare	2,283	747	640	2,175
Private Practice Disbursements (No.2 Accounts)	25,853	6,930	10,234	29,158
Public Contributions	1,762	369	1,687	3,080
Research	4,078	4,385	10,640	10,333
Staff Welfare	583	41	40	583
Training and Education incl. Conferences	6,803	713	912	7,002
	55,029	15,767	34,029	73,291

Restricted Financial Asset categories have been expanded in the 2017/18 financial year to provide more clarity to the users of the financial statements. As a result, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to the current year's presentation.

Restricted assets are held for the following purpose and cannot be used for any other purpose.

Category	Purpose
Community Welfare	Improvements to service access, health literacy, public and preventative health care.
Facility Improvements	Repairs, maintenance, renovations and/or new equipment or building related expenditure.
Patient Welfare	Improvements such as medical needs, financial needs and standards for patients' privacy and dignity.
Private Practice Disbursements (No.2 Accounts)	Staff specialists' private practice arrangements to improve the level of clinical services provided.
Public Contributions	Donations or legacies received without any donor-specified conditions as to its use.
Research	Research to gain knowledge, understanding and insight.
Staff Welfare	Staff benefits such as staff recognition awards, functions and staff amenities improvements.
Training and Education incl. Conferences	Professional training, education and conferences.
Other	Doesn't meet the definition of any of the above categories.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

PARENT			CONSOLIDATION	
2018	2017		2018	2017
\$000	\$000		\$000	\$000
23. Payables				
Current				
----	----	Accrued Salaries, Wages and On-Costs	25,464	21,159
----	----	Taxation and Payroll Deductions	7,744	6,916
33,208	28,075	Accrued Liability - Purchase of Personnel Services	----	----
45,761	49,635	Creditors	45,761	49,635
		Other Creditors		
975	1,975	- Capital Works	975	1,975
12,057	11,910	- Payables to entities controlled by the immediate parent	12,057	11,910
29,263	20,843	- Other	29,263	20,843
<u>121,264</u>	<u>112,438</u>		<u>121,264</u>	<u>112,438</u>

'Creditors' include some amounts owing to entities controlled by the ultimate parent.

The majority of 'Payables to entities controlled by the immediate parent' relate to balances payable to the Health Administration Corporation, an entity controlled by the immediate parent.

Details regarding credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk, including a maturity analysis of the above payables are disclosed in Note 35.

24. Borrowings				
Current				
5,056	5,057	Other Loans and Deposits	5,056	5,057
951	932	Finance Leases [see note 1(v)]	951	932
<u>6,007</u>	<u>5,989</u>		<u>6,007</u>	<u>5,989</u>
Non-Current				
17,972	21,100	Other Loans and Deposits	17,972	21,100
33,331	33,745	Finance Leases [see note 1(v)]	33,331	33,745
<u>51,303</u>	<u>54,845</u>		<u>51,303</u>	<u>54,845</u>

Other Loans and Deposits is made up of balances due to the immediate parent, the NSW Ministry of Health. The majority of the balance is for the Liverpool Carpark Loan.

No assets have been pledged as security/collateral for liabilities and there are no restrictions on any title to property.

Final Repayment of loan is scheduled for 30th June, 2019 for the EEGP Fairfield Hospital Utilities Upgrade loan and 25th June, 2024 for the Liverpool Carpark loan.

'Finance Leases' relates to an arrangement with the Ingham Institute for Applied Medical Research to create a research precinct on the grounds of Liverpool Hospital. The goal is to undertake medical research that can be translated and applied to the needs of the local population and wider Australia. As part of this arrangement, the Ingham Institute Building has been sub-leased to SWSLHD to allow its employees to conduct research across a number of streams.

The final repayments for the Ingham Finance Lease is to be made in 2051/52

This arrangement was recognised as a Non-Cash 'Donation' and as such is not included in the Statement of Cash Flows.

Details regarding credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk, including a maturity analysis of the above borrowings are disclosed in Note 35.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

PARENT			CONSOLIDATION	
2018 \$000	2017 \$000		2018 \$000	2017 \$000
24. Borrowings				
a) Finance Leases				
Minimum lease payments in relation to finance leases are payable as follows:				
951	932	Within one year	951	932
3,997	3,919	Later than one year and not later than five years	3,997	3,919
40,722	41,752	Later than five years	40,722	41,752
45,670	46,603	Minimum Lease Payments	45,670	46,603
11,388	11,925	Less: Future Finance Charges	11,388	11,925
34,282	34,677	Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	34,282	34,677
The present value of finance lease payments is as follows:				
420	395	Within one year	420	395
1,942	1,836	Later than one year and not later than five years	1,942	1,836
31,920	32,447	Later than five years	31,920	32,447
34,282	34,677	Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments Classified as:	34,282	34,677
951	932	Current (Note 24)	951	932
33,331	33,745	Non-Current (Note 24)	33,331	33,745
34,282	34,677		34,282	34,677

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018

PARENT			CONSOLIDATION	
2018	2017		2018	2017
\$000	\$000		\$000	\$000
25. Provisions				
Current				
----	----	Annual Leave - Short Term Benefit	111,204	103,540
----	----	Annual Leave - Long Term Benefit	71,763	67,287
----	----	Long Service Leave Consequential On-Costs	25,343	20,561
----	----	Provision for Other Employee Benefits*	4,196	2,032
212,506	193,420	Provision for Personnel Services Liability	----	----
212,506	193,420		212,506	193,420
*ADO liabilities have been reclassified from 'Other' to 'Provision for Other Employee Benefits'. Prior year comparatives have been restated as a result.				
Non-Current				
----	----	Long Service Leave Consequential On-Costs	2,204	1,788
2,204	1,788	Provision for Personnel Services Liability	----	----
2,204	1,788		2,204	1,788
Aggregate Employee Benefits and Related On-Costs				
----	----	Provisions - Current	212,506	193,420
----	----	Provisions - Non-Current	2,204	1,788
----	----	Accrued Salaries, Wages and On-Costs (Note 23)	33,208	28,075
247,918	223,283	Liability - Purchase of Personnel Services	----	----
247,918	223,283		247,918	223,283
26. Other Liabilities				
Current				
1,087	1,167	Income in Advance	1,087	1,167
1,087	1,167		1,087	1,167
Non-Current				
20,466	21,008	Income in Advance	20,466	21,008
20,466	21,008		20,466	21,008

In 2016/17 SWSLHD entered into a contractual arrangement with Western Sydney University (WSU) and the Health Administration Corporation (HAC) to construct the Macarthur Clinical School on the land at Campbelltown Hospital.

The economic substance of the transaction has been classified as an operating lease and the construction costs borne by WSU treated as Rental Income in Advance over the lease term of 40 years (Current \$0.542m and Non-Current \$20.466m).

This arrangement was recognised as a Non-Cash 'Donation' and as such is not included in the Statement of Cash Flows.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
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PARENT			CONSOLIDATION	
2018 \$000	2017 \$000		2018 \$000	2017 \$000
27. Commitments for Expenditure				
a) Capital Commitments				
Aggregate capital expenditure for the acquisition of land and buildings, plant and equipment, infrastructure systems, and intangible assets, contracted for at balance date and not provided for:				
21,879	799	Within one year	21,879	799
1,141	229	Later than one year and not later than five years	1,141	229
23,020	1,028	Total Capital Expenditure Commitments (Including GST)	23,020	1,028
The majority of 'capital commitments' contracted but not provided for related to capital works overseen by the Health Administration Corporation, an entity controlled by the immediate parent.				
b) Operating Lease Commitments				
Future non-cancellable operating lease rentals not provided for and payable:				
3,669	2,974	Within one year	3,669	2,974
7,124	3,138	Later than one year and not later than five years	7,124	3,138
10,793	6,111	Total Operating Lease Commitments (Including GST)	10,793	6,111
The operating lease commitments above are for motor vehicles and medical equipment.				
c) Contingent Asset Related to Commitments for Expenditure				
The total 'Capital Expenditure Commitments' and 'Operating Lease Commitments' of \$33.813 million as at 30 June 2018 includes input tax credits of \$1.748m that are expected to be recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (2017 \$0.556m).				

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
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PARENT & CONSOLIDATION

28. Trust Funds

The SWSLHD holds trust funds of \$1.3 million which are held for the safe keeping of patients' monies, deposits on hired items of equipment and Private Practice Trusts.

These funds are excluded from the financial statements as the SWSLHD cannot use them for the achievement of its objectives. The following is a summary of the transactions in the trust account.

	Patient Trust		Refundable Deposits		Private Practice Trust Funds		Third Party Funds		Total	
	2018 \$000	2017 \$000	2018 \$000	2017 \$000	2018 \$000	2017 \$000	2018 \$000	2017 \$000	2018 \$000	2017 \$000
Balance at the beginning of the financial year	122	118	96	95	----	----	545	386	764	598
Revenue	50	4	379	2	40,984	37,678	1,097	1,039	42,509	38,723
Expenses	----	----	6	----	(40,978)	(37,678)	(1,024)	(879)	(41,996)	(38,557)
Balance at the end of the financial year	172	122	481	96	6	----	618	545	1,277	764

Trust Fund categories have been expanded in the 2017/18 financial year to provide more clarity to the users of the financial statements. As a result, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to the current year's presentation.

The following list provides a brief description of the purpose of the trust fund categories.

Category	Purpose
Patient Trust	The safe custody of patients' valuables including monies.
Refundable Deposit	A sum of money held in trust as a security deposit.
Private Practice Trusts	The revenue derived from private patient and other billable services provided by Staff Specialists.
Third Party Funds	A sum of money held in trust on behalf of external parties, e.g. external foundations, volunteer groups and auxiliaries.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
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		CONSOLIDATION	
2018	2017	2018	2017
\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
29. Reconciliation of Cash Flows from Operating Activities to Net Result			
42,815	46,373	42,815	46,373
(62,466)	(60,838)	(62,466)	(60,838)
(3,242)	(3,941)	(3,242)	(3,941)
622	96	622	96
(19,502)	(10,002)	(19,502)	(10,002)
15,031	(2,267)	15,031	(2,267)
(9,136)	(34,693)	(9,136)	(34,693)
395	575	395	575
(384)	(614)	(384)	(614)
34	110	34	110
<u>(35,833)</u>	<u>(65,201)</u>	<u>(35,833)</u>	<u>(65,201)</u>
30. Non-Cash Financing and Investing Activities			
34	110	34	110
-----	21,685	-----	21,685
<u>34</u>	<u>21,795</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>21,795</u>

PARENT & CONSOLIDATION

31. Changes in Liabilities arising from Financing Activities

	2017	Cash Flow	Non-cash Changes Other	2018
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Borrowings and Advances	60,834	(3,129)	(395)	57,310

32. 2017/18 Voluntary Services

It is considered impracticable and immaterial to quantify the monetary value of voluntary services provided to the SWSLHD. Services provided include:

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Chaplaincies and Pastoral Care - Pink Ladies/Hospital Auxiliaries - Patient Support Groups - Community Organisations | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Patient & Family Support - Patient Services, Fund Raising - Practical Support to Patients and Relatives - Counselling, Health Education, Transport, Home Help & Patient Activities |
|---|---|

33. Unclaimed Monies

All money and personal effects of patients which are left in the custody of the SWSLHD by any patient who is discharged or dies in the hospital and which are not claimed by the person lawfully entitled thereto within a period of twelve months are recognised as the property of the SWSLHD.

All such money and the proceeds of the realisation of any personal effects are lodged to the credit of the Samaritan Fund which is used specifically for the benefit of necessitous patients or necessitous outgoing patients.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
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PARENT AND CONSOLIDATION

34. Adjusted Budget Review - Parent and Consolidated

Net Result

The actual Net Result was favourable to the Adjusted Budget by \$4.4m, primarily due to:

Favourability in Revenue of \$6.4m being offset by un-favourability in Expense of \$2m.

The Revenue result was due to favourability in the Facility Fees, High Cost Drugs, Clinical Drug Trial Income and Rental Income line items. Patient Fees was \$2.5m unfavourable to budget and was impacted by the reduction in DVA Revenue and fewer patients opting to use private health insurance.

The un-favourability in Expense was due to Employee Related Expenditure, namely the unfunded portion of the Workers Compensation Premium and the award increase on the Annual Leave Provision.

The following Service Agreement Key Performance Indicators were met with General Fund Expenditure and Own Source Revenue favourable to budget.

Assets and Liabilities

The \$4.4m favourability in Net Assets to Budget was mainly represented by a reduction Trade Creditors actuals. As a consequence Cash actuals were lower than budget, however this was offset by an increase in Debtors raised.

Cash Flows

The overall \$8m un-favourability in the Cashflow actuals to budget was as a result of the Net Cashflows from Operating Activities. Actual expenditure outflows were \$2m higher than budget due to Employee Related costs, while Sale of Goods & Services inflows were \$6m under budget, predominantly the reduced DVA revenue. The impacts of Cashflows from Investing and Financing Activities largely offset each other.

Movements in the level of the NSW Ministry of Health Recurrent Allocation that have occurred since the time of the initial allocation on 21 June, 2017 are as follows:

	\$000
Initial Allocation, 21 June 2017	1,417,794
Growth & Escalation	91,579
Special Projects	
Integrated Care Initiative	1,590
NSW Palliative Care Program PEACH	5,188
Keep Them Safe Funding Allocations 2017-18	1,244
Winter Funding Supplementation	5,599
Nursing and Midwifery Strategy Reserves and Enhancements	1,118
Other Initiatives	7,619
	1,531,731
Balance as per Statement of Comprehensive Income	1,531,731

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
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35. Financial Instruments

The SWSLHD's principal financial instruments are outlined below. These financial instruments arise directly from the SWSLHD's operations or are required to finance its operations. The SWSLHD does not enter into or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

The SWSLHD's main risks arising from financial instruments are outlined below, together with the SWSLHD's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk. Further quantitative and qualitative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements.

The Chief Executive has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of risk management and reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks. Risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the SWSLHD, to set risk limits and controls and to monitor risks. Compliance with policies is reviewed on a continuous basis.

(a) Financial Instrument Categories

PARENT AND CONSOLIDATION

Financial Assets Class:	Category	Carrying Amount	
		2018 \$000	2017 \$000
Cash and Cash Equivalents (note 16)	N/A	69,856	76,895
Receivables (note 17)*	Loans and receivables (at amortised cost)	52,412	41,045
		122,268	117,940

Financial Liabilities

Borrowings (note 24)	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	57,310	60,834
Payables (note 23)**	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	113,520	105,522
		170,830	166,356

Notes

* Excludes statutory receivables and prepayments (i.e. not within scope of AASB7 Financial Instruments Disclosures).

**Excludes statutory payables and unearned revenue (i.e. not within scope of AASB7 Financial Instruments Disclosures). Prior year comparatives have been restated to include Accrued Salaries, Wages and On-Costs.

(b) Credit Risk

Credit risk arises when there is the possibility that the counterparty will default on their contractual obligations, resulting in a financial loss to the SWSLHD. The maximum exposure to credit risk is generally represented by the carrying amount of the financial assets (net of any allowance for impairment).

Credit risk arises from financial assets of the SWSLHD, including cash, receivables and authority deposits. No collateral is held by the SWSLHD. The SWSLHD has not granted any financial guarantees.

Credit risk associated with the SWSLHD's financial assets, other than receivables, is managed through the selection of counterparties and establishment of minimum credit rating standards. Authority deposits held with NSW TCorp are guaranteed by the State.

Cash

Cash comprises cash on hand and bank balances deposited within the NSW Treasury banking system. Interest is earned on daily bank balances at rates of approximately 2.14% in 2017/18 compared to 2.37% in the previous year.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
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35. Financial Instruments

The TCorpIM Funds Investment facility is discussed in paragraph (d) below.

Receivables - trade debtors

All trade debtors are recognised as amounts receivable at balance date. Collectability of trade debtors is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Procedures as established in the NSW Ministry of Health Accounting Manual for Public Health Organisations and Fee Procedures Manual are followed to recover outstanding amounts, including letters of demand. Debts which are known to be uncollectable are written off. An allowance for impairment is raised when there is objective evidence that the SWSLHD will not be able to collect all amounts due. This evidence includes past experience and current and expected changes in economic conditions and debtor credit ratings. No interest is earned on trade debtors.

The SWSLHD is not materially exposed to concentrations of credit risk to a single trade debtor or group of debtors. Based on past experience, debtors that are not past due are not considered impaired.

In addition Patient Fees Compensables are frequently not settled within 6 months of the date of the service provision due to the length of time it takes to settle legal claims. Most of the SWSLHD's debtors are health insurance companies or compensation insurers settling claims in respect of inpatient treatments.

Financial assets that are past due or impaired could be either 'Sales of Goods and Services' or 'Other Debtors' in the 'Receivables' category of the Statement of Financial Position. Patient Fees Ineligibles represent the majority of financial assets that are past due or impaired.

	2018	2017
	\$000	\$000
Neither past due not impaired	46,939	37,074
Past due but not impaired ^{1,4}		
< 3 months overdue	1,147	1,258
3 - 6 months overdue	4,326	2,713
Impaired ^{1,2}		
< 3 months overdue	522	203
3 - 6 months overdue	812	2,255
> 6 months overdue	2,009	989
Total ^{1,3}	55,755	44,492

Notes

1 Each column in the table reports "gross receivables".

2 The ageing analysis excludes statutory receivables, as these are not within the scope of AASB 7 Financial Instruments Disclosures. Therefore, the "total" will not reconcile to the receivables total recognised in the statement of financial position.

Authority Deposits

The SWSLHD has placed funds on deposit with TCorpIM Funds Investment facilities, which has been rated 'AAA' by Standard and Poor's. These deposits are similar to money market or bank deposits and can be placed 'at call' or for a fixed term. For fixed term deposits, the interest rate payable by TCorpIM is negotiated initially and is fixed for the term of the deposit, while the interest rate payable on at call deposits can vary. The deposits at balance date were earning an average interest rate of 1.75% (2017: 2.40%), while over the year the weighted average interest rate was 1.99% (2017: 2.37%) on a weighted average balance during the year of \$39.4m (2017: \$38.5m). None of these assets are past due or impaired.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
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35. Financial Instruments

(c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the SWSLHD will be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due. The SWSLHD continuously manages risk through monitoring future cash flows and maturities planning to ensure adequate holding of high quality liquid assets. The objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through effective management of cash, investments and liquid assets and liabilities.

The SWSLHD has negotiated no loan outside of arrangements with the NSW Ministry of Health or NSW Treasury.

During the current and prior years, there were no defaults of loans payable. No assets have been pledged as collateral.

The SWSLHD has exposure to liquidity risk. However, the risk is minimised by the service agreement with the NSW Ministry of Health, as the annual service agreement requires local management to control its financial liquidity and in particular meet benchmarks for the payment of creditors. Where the SWSLHD fails to meet service agreement performance standards, the Ministry as the state manager can take action in accordance with annual performance framework requirements, including providing financial support and increased management interaction (refer Note 1).

The liabilities are recognised for amounts due to be paid in the future for goods or services received, whether or not invoiced. Amounts owing to suppliers (which are unsecured) are settled in accordance with the policy set by the NSW Ministry of Health in accordance with NSW Treasury Circular 11/12. For small business suppliers, where terms are not specified, payment is made not later than 30 days from date of receipt of a correctly rendered invoice. For other suppliers, if trade terms are not specified, payment is made no later than the end of the month following the month in which an invoice or a statement is received.

For small business suppliers, where payment is not made within the specified time period, simple interest must be paid automatically unless an existing contract specifies otherwise.

For other suppliers, where settlement cannot be effected in accordance with the above, e.g. due to short term liquidity constraints, contact is made with creditors and terms of payment are negotiated to the satisfaction of both parties.

South Western Sydney Local Health District
Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
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35. Financial Instruments

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the SWSLHD's financial liabilities together with the interest rate exposure.

Maturity Analysis and interest rate exposure of financial liabilities

	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate	Interest Rate Exposure				Maturity Dates		
		Nominal Amount ¹	Fixed Interest Rate	Variable Interest Rate	Non - Interest Bearing	< 1 Yr	1-5 Yr	> 5Yr
		\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
2018								
Payables:								
- Creditors ²		113,520	----	----	113,520	113,520	----	----
Borrowings:								
- Loans and Deposits	7.74%	28,685	28,685	----	----	5,000	20,000	3,685
- Finance Leases	1.55%	45,670	----	45,670	----	951	3,997	40,722
- Other (EEGP Fairfield Hospital)	2.51%	57	57	----	----	57	----	----
		<u>187,932</u>	<u>28,742</u>	<u>45,670</u>	<u>113,520</u>	<u>119,528</u>	<u>23,997</u>	<u>44,407</u>
2017								
Payables:								
- Creditors ²		105,522	----	----	105,522	105,522	----	----
Borrowings:								
- Loans and Deposits	7.74%	33,685	33,685	----	----	5,000	20,000	8,685
- Finance Leases	1.55%	46,603	----	46,603	----	932	3,919	41,752
- Other (EEGP Fairfield Hospital)	2.51%	114	114	----	----	57	57	----
		<u>185,924</u>	<u>33,799</u>	<u>46,603</u>	<u>105,522</u>	<u>111,511</u>	<u>23,976</u>	<u>50,437</u>

Notes:

1 The amounts disclosed are the contractual undiscounted cash flows of each class of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the SWSLHD can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows and therefore will not reconcile to the Statement of Financial Position.

2 **Excludes statutory payables and unearned revenue (i.e. not within scope of AASB7 Financial Instruments Disclosures). Prior year comparatives have been restated to include Accrued Salaries Wages, On-Costs and Payroll Deductions.

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35. Financial Instruments

(d) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The SWSLHD's exposures to market risk are primarily through interest rate risk on the SWSLHD's borrowings and other price risks associated with the movement in the unit price of the TCorpIM Funds investment facilities. The SWSLHD has no exposure to foreign currency risk and does not enter into commodity contracts.

The effect on net result and equity due to a reasonably possible change in risk variable is outlined in the information below, for interest rate risk and other price risk. A reasonably possible change in risk variable has been determined after taking into account the economic environment in which the SWSLHD operates and the time frame for the assessment (i.e. until the end of the next annual reporting period). The sensitivity analysis is based on risk exposures in existence at the Statement of Financial Position date. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2017. The analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises primarily through the SWSLHD's interest bearing liabilities.

However, the SWSLHD is not permitted to borrow external to the NSW Ministry of Health (except energy loans which are negotiated through NSW Treasury).

Both NSW Treasury and NSW Ministry of Health loans are set at fixed rates and therefore are generally not affected by fluctuations in market rates. The SWSLHD does not account for any fixed rate financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss or as available-for-sale. Therefore, for these financial instruments, a change of interest rates would not affect net result or equity.

A reasonably possible change of +/-1% is used consistent with current trends in interest rates (based on official RBA interest rate volatility over the last five years). The basis will be reviewed annually and amended where there is a structural change in the level of interest rate volatility.

The SWSLHD's exposure to interest rate risk is set out below.

	Carrying Amount	-1% Net Result	Equity	+1% Net Result	Equity
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
2018					
Financial Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	69,856	(699)	(699)	699	699
Receivables	52,412	----	----	----	----
Financial Liabilities					
Payables*	113,520	----	----	----	----
Borrowings	57,310	573	573	(573)	(573)
2017					
Financial Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	76,895	(769)	(769)	769	769
Receivables	41,045	----	----	----	----
Financial Liabilities					
Payables*	105,522	----	----	----	----
Borrowings	60,834	608	608	(608)	(608)

*Excludes statutory payables and unearned revenue (i.e. not within scope of AASB7 Financial Instruments Disclosures). Prior year comparatives have been restated to include Accrued Salaries Wages, On-Costs and Payroll Deductions.

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36. Related Party Transactions

PARENT AND CONSOLIDATION

Key management personnel compensation is as follows:

	2018	2017
	\$000	\$000
Short-term employee benefits	627	565
Post-employment benefits	60	50
	687	615

During the financial year, South Western Sydney Local Health District obtained key management personnel services from the immediate parent and incurred \$0.459m for these services (2016/17 \$0.460m).

Compensation for the Minister for Health is paid by the Legislature and is not reimbursed by the Ministry of Health and its controlled entities. Accordingly no such amounts are included in the key management personnel compensation disclosures above.

Remuneration for the Secretary and Deputy Secretaries are paid by the Ministry of Health and is not reimbursed by the health entities. Accordingly no such amounts are included in the key management personnel compensation disclosures above.

There were no transactions with key management personnel and their close family members (2017: \$Nil).

Transactions with ultimate parent

There were no transactions with the ultimate parent during the financial year (2017: \$Nil).

37. Events After the Reporting Period

No known matters have arisen subsequent to balance date that would require these financial statements to be amended

END OF AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS