

DRUG WARNING

COCAINE may contain the dangerous opioids fentanyl and acetylfentanyl

Use of these drugs can be life-threatening.

Know the risks

- Acetylfentanyl and illicit fentanyl are both highly potent opioids and can cause unexpected, rapid and life-threatening overdose, even in very small doses.
- People who have never or rarely used opioids are at highest risk of overdose from these substances. Risk of overdose is also increased by use of other sedatives (such as alcohol, benzodiazepines, ketamine, GHB).
- Illicit drugs with variable purity and contents are being seen in NSW in 2020.

Effects to look out for

- Serious adverse effects may include drowsiness, loss of consciousness, slow breathing and skin turning blue.
- Be on the lookout for unexpected symptoms, such as drowsiness following use of a stimulant (e.g. cocaine) or unusually strong sedative effects from ketamine.

Getting help

If you see the warning signs of overdose:

Seek help immediately from your nearest emergency department or call **Triple Zero (000)**.

Start **CPR** if someone is not breathing.

Use **naloxone** if you have it. Call '000' even if naloxone has been given.



Acetylfentanyl and fentanyl have been found unexpectedly in drugs in Sydney and Western NSW in November 2020.

Support and advice



For free and confidential advice:

- Call [Alcohol and Drug Information Service](#) (ADIS) on 1800 250 015 at any time 24/7. Start a [Web Chat](#) with an ADIS counsellor Monday to Friday, 8.30am-5pm.

For information about potential adverse effects from drugs:

- Call the [NSW Poisons Information Centre](#) on 13 11 26.
- Visit [Your Room](#) for fact sheets and other resources.
- Visit [NUAA](#) or call 1800 644 413 for a range of resources to support you and your friends.

Take Home Naloxone Program

- **Naloxone** is an easy to use, life-saving medicine that can temporarily reverse an overdose from fentanyl or other opioid drugs. People at risk of experiencing an opioid overdose or who may witness an overdose can get naloxone for free without a prescription from some NSW community pharmacies and NSW Health needle and syringe programs.
- For participating pharmacies and more information on take-home naloxone: <https://yourroom.health.nsw.gov.au/getting-help/Pages/Naloxone.aspx>.
- Call '000' even if naloxone has been administered. Repeat doses may be required.

