

# NSW Arbovirus Surveillance & Mosquito Monitoring 2021-2022

Weekly Update: Week ending 8 January 2022

(Report Number 9)



# Summary

## Arbovirus Detections

- **Sentinel Chickens:** There were no arbovirus detections in sentinel chickens.
- **Mosquito Isolates:** There were no arbovirus detections in mosquito isolates.

## Mosquito Abundance

- **Inland:** LOW at Leeton, HIGH at Bourke.
- **Coast:** LOW at Kempsey and Wyong, HIGH at Gosford
- **Sydney:** HIGH at Georges River, Liverpool City, Northern Beaches, Paramatta and Sydney Olympic Park.

## Environmental Conditions

- **Climate:** In the week ending 8 January 2022, there was moderate to high rainfall in central and eastern NSW. Higher rainfall is expected for coastal regions of NSW for February 2022. Higher minimum temperatures than usual are expected across NSW in February and maximum temperatures are likely to exceed average in western NSW.
- **Tides:** High tides over 1.8 metres predicted 1-6 and 19-20 January 2022 which could trigger hatching of *Aedes vigilax*.

## Human Arboviral Disease Notifications

- **Ross River Virus:** 2 cases were notified in the week ending 18 December 2021.
- **Barmah Forest Virus:** 0 cases were notified in the week ending 18 December 2021.

## Comments and other findings of note

Flood warnings are in place for many catchments across inland NSW and are expected to persist as flood waters move through the river system over the coming weeks and months. There is a heightened and on-going risk of riverine flooding and dangerous flash flooding this summer.

### Weekly reports are available at:

[www.health.nsw.gov.au/environment/pests/vector/Pages/surveillance.aspx](http://www.health.nsw.gov.au/environment/pests/vector/Pages/surveillance.aspx)

### Please send questions or comments about this report to:

Surveillance and Risk Unit, Environmental Health Branch, Health Protection NSW: [hssg-ehbsurveillance@health.nsw.gov.au](mailto:hssg-ehbsurveillance@health.nsw.gov.au)

Testing and scientific services were provided by the Department of Medical Entomology, NSW Health Pathology (ICPMR) for mosquito surveillance, and the Arbovirus Emerging Diseases Unit, NSW Health Pathology (ICPMR) for sentinel chicken surveillance.

The arbovirus surveillance and mosquito monitoring results in this report remain the property of the NSW Ministry of Health and may not be used or disseminated to unauthorised persons or organisations without permission.

SPHN (HP NSW) 211005

Cover photos: **Bottom left** - Common banded mosquito, *Culex annulirostris*  
**Top and bottom right** - Saltmarsh mosquito, *Aedes vigilax*  
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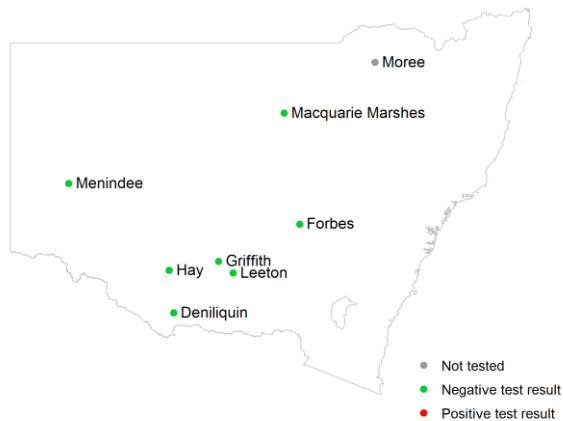
## Arbovirus Detections

This section details detections of Murray Valley encephalitis virus, Kunjin virus, Ross River virus and Barmah Forest virus in the NSW Arbovirus Surveillance and Mosquito Monitoring Program.

### Sentinel chickens

Chickens are bled for detection of antibodies directed against Murray Valley encephalitis virus and Kunjin virus, indicating exposure to these viruses. A test result is shown if it has been reported in the last two weeks.

#### Chicken surveillance sites, 2021-2022 season



#### Positive test results in the 2021-2022 surveillance season

Date of sample collection	Location	Virus
There have been no detections in sentinel chickens in the 2021-2022 surveillance season		

### Mosquito isolates

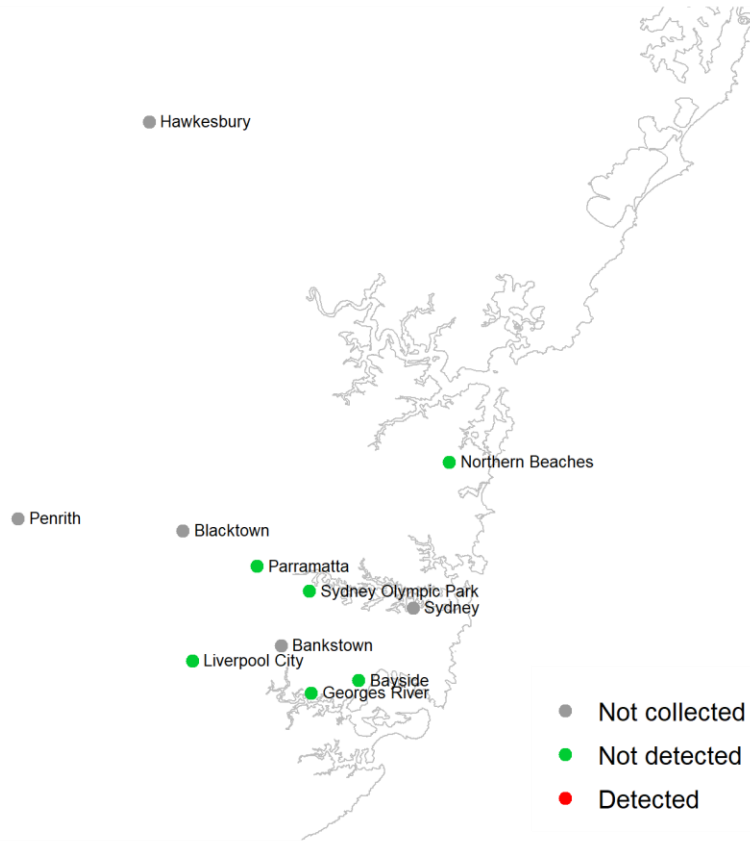
Whole grinds of mosquitoes are tested for arbovirus nucleic acids (including Ross River virus and Barmah Forest virus). There were no detections of Ross River virus and Barmah Forest virus among sites that had collected mosquitos in this reporting period.

#### Test results for mosquito trapping sites in the latest week to 8 January 2022 (by date of report)

##### Inland and Coastal sites



## Sydney Sites



## Ross River and Barmah Forest viruses detected in the past three weeks

Date of sample collection	Location	Virus
There have been no detections in mosquitoes in the 2021-2022 surveillance season		

## Mosquito Abundance

This section details counts of mosquitoes in the NSW Arbovirus Surveillance and Mosquito Monitoring Program. Each location represents the count average for all trapping sites at that location for the most recent week that collections were provided prior to preparation of this report.

*Culex annulirostris* and *Aedes vigilax* are vectors of interest for Ross River virus and Barmah Forest virus.

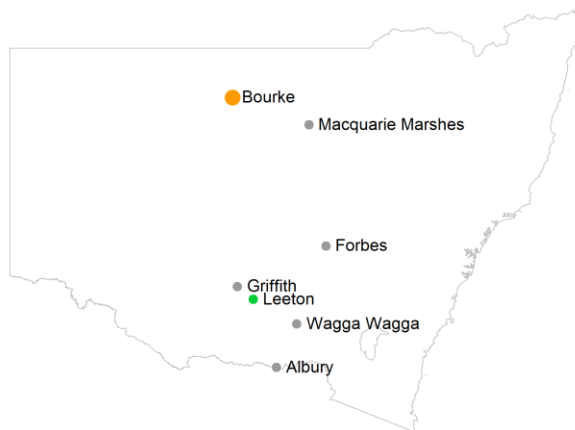
### Mosquito counts (Average per trap per location) in the latest week to 8 January 2022 (by date of report)

Key:

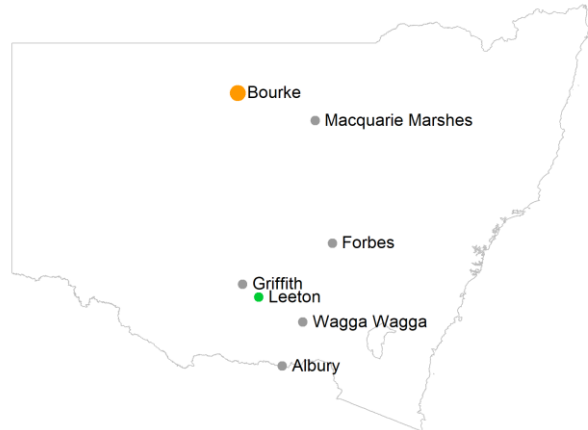
- No collection
- Low (<50)
- Medium (50-100)
- High (101-1,000)
- Very high (1,001-10,000)
- Extreme (>10,000)

#### Inland sites

##### Total mosquito counts

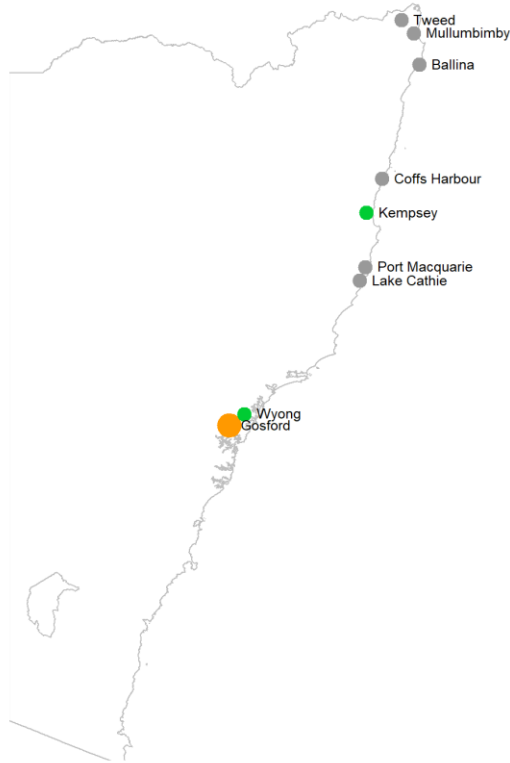


##### *Culex annulirostris* counts



## Coastal sites

### Total mosquito counts



### Key:

- No collection
- Low (<50)
- Medium (50-100)
- High (101-1,000)
- Very high (1,001-10,000)
- Extreme (>10,000)

### *Culex annulirostris* counts



### *Aedes vigilax* counts



## Sydney sites

### Total mosquito counts



### Key:

- No collection
- Low (<50)
- Medium (50-100)
- High (101-1,000)
- Very high (1,001-10,000)
- Extreme (>10,000)

### *Culex annulirostris* counts



### *Aedes vigilax* counts



## Mosquito abundance data for 2021-22 season to date

### Key:

	No collection
	Low (<50)
	Medium (50-100)
	High (101-1,000)
	Very high (1,001-10,000)
	Extreme (>10,000)

Data in the below table represent the average for all trapping sites at that location. “*Cx. annul*” refers to *Culex annulirostris* and “*Ae. vigilax*” refers to *Aedes vigilax*.

### Inland

		WEEK ENDING																													
		Nov-21				Dec-21				Jan-22				Feb-22				Mar-22				Apr-22				May-22					
Location	Mosquito	6	13	20	27	4	11	18	25	1	8	15	22	29	5	12	19	26	5	12	19	26	2	9	16	23	20	7	14	21	28
Albury	<i>Cx. annul</i>	Low	Low	Low	Low	High	Low	High																							
	Total	Low	Low	Low	High	High	Low	High																							
Bourke	<i>Cx. annul</i>				Low			Low	Low		High																				
	Total				Low			High	High		High																				
Forbes	<i>Cx. annul</i>	High	High	Low	High	High	High	Very high																							
	Total	High	High	High	High	Very high	High	Very high																							
Griffith	<i>Cx. annul</i>			Low	High	Low	High	Very high																							
	Total			High	High	High	High	Very high																							
Leeton	<i>Cx. annul</i>		Low	Low	Low	Low		High			Low																				
	Total		High	Low	Low	Low		High			Low																				
Macquarie Marshes	<i>Cx. annul</i>							High																							
	Total							High																							
Wagga Wagga	<i>Cx. annul</i>	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low																							
	Total	Low	Low	Low	Low	High	High	High																							



## Coastal

		WEEK ENDING																													
		Nov-21				Dec-21				Jan-22				Feb-22				Mar-22				Apr-22				May-22					
Location	Mosquito	6	13	20	27	4	11	18	25	1	8	15	22	29	5	12	19	26	5	12	19	26	2	9	16	23	20	7	14	21	28
Ballina	<i>Cx. annul</i>					█	█	█																							
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>																														
	Total					█	█	█																							
Coffs Harbour	<i>Cx. annul</i>					█		█																							
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>																														
	Total					█		█																							
Gosford	<i>Cx. annul</i>					█	█	█	█		█																				
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>					█	█	█	█		█																				
	Total					█	█	█	█		█																				
Kempsey	<i>Cx. annul</i>					█	█	█			█																				
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>					█	█	█			█																				
	Total					█	█	█			█																				
Lake Cathie	<i>Cx. annul</i>							█																							
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>							█																							
	Total							█																							
Mullumbimby	<i>Cx. annul</i>																														
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>																														
	Total																														
Port Macquarie	<i>Cx. annul</i>							█																							
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>							█																							
	Total							█																							
Tweed	<i>Cx. annul</i>					█	█																								
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>					█	█																								
	Total					█	█																								
Wyong	<i>Cx. annul</i>					█	█	█	█		█																				
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>					█	█	█	█		█																				
	Total					█	█	█	█		█																				

Sydney

		WEEK ENDING																													
		Nov-21				Dec-21				Jan-22					Feb-22				Mar-22				Apr-22				May-22				
Location	Mosquito	6	13	20	27	4	11	18	25	1	8	15	22	29	5	12	19	26	5	12	19	26	2	9	16	23	20	7	14	21	28
Bankstown	<i>Cx. annul</i>					█	█	█	█																						
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>					█	█	█	█																						
	Total					█	█	█	█																						
Blacktown	<i>Cx. annul</i>					█	█																								
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>					█	█																								
	Total					█	█																								
Georges River	<i>Cx. annul</i>						█	█	█					█																	
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>						█	█	█					█																	
	Total						█	█	█					█																	
Hawkesbury	<i>Cx. annul</i>					█	█	█	█																						
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>					█	█	█	█																						
	Total					█	█	█	█																						
Liverpool City	<i>Cx. annul</i>						█	█	█					█																	
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>						█	█	█					█																	
	Total						█	█	█					█																	
Bayside	<i>Cx. annul</i>						█	█	█																						
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>						█	█	█																						
	Total						█	█	█																						
Northern Beaches	<i>Cx. annul</i>					█	█		█					█																	
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>					█	█		█					█																	
	Total					█	█		█					█																	
Parramatta	<i>Cx. annul</i>					█	█	█	█					█																	
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>					█	█	█	█					█																	
	Total					█	█	█	█					█																	
Penrith	<i>Cx. annul</i>					█	█	█	█																						
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>					█	█	█	█																						
	Total					█	█	█	█																						
Sydney Olympic Park	<i>Cx. annul</i>					█	█	█	█					█																	
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>					█	█	█	█					█																	
	Total					█	█	█	█					█																	
Sydney	<i>Cx. annul</i>																														
	<i>Ae. vigilax</i>																														
	Total																														

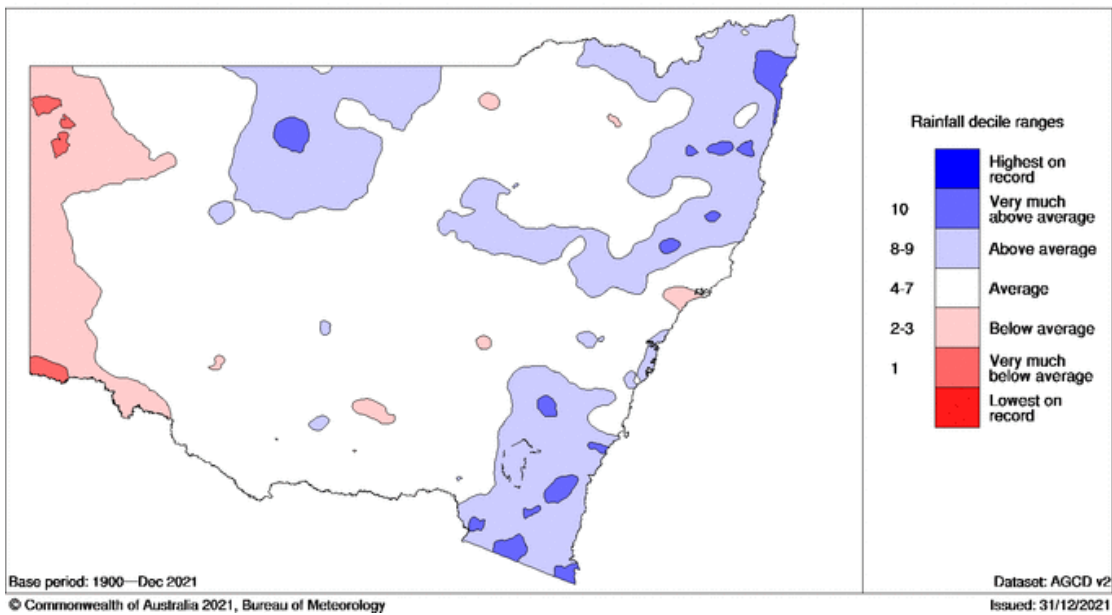
## Environmental Conditions

Mosquitoes require water to breed. Rainfall and tides (for the salt marsh mosquito) are important contributing factors for proliferation of mosquito numbers. Unseasonably warm weather can also contribute to higher mosquito numbers.

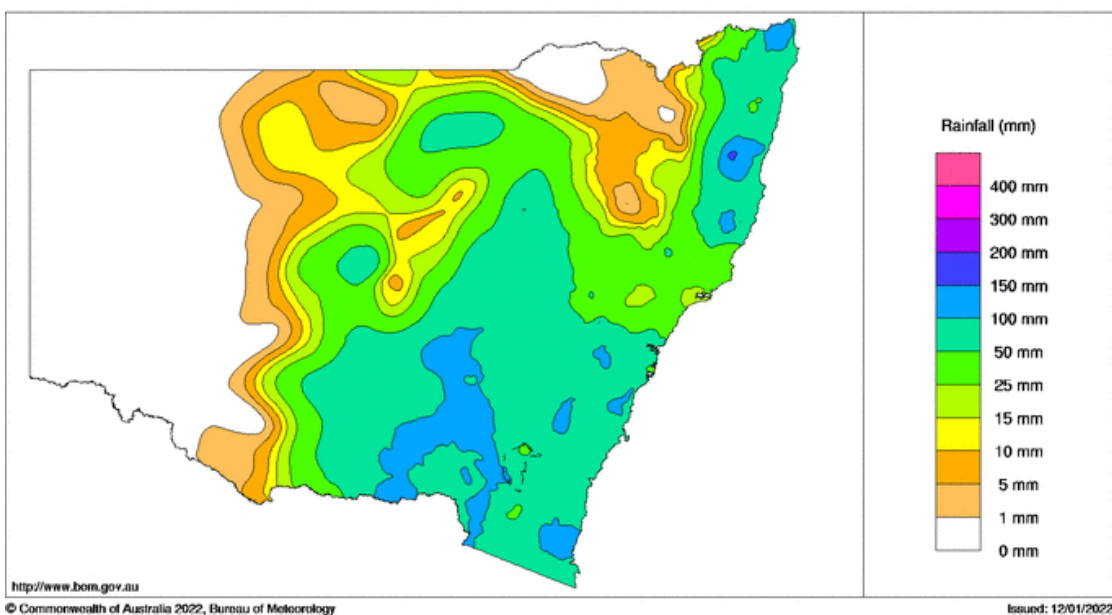
### Rainfall

In December, rainfall was near average across most of NSW, with slightly above average totals in the east and slightly below average in the far west. In the week ending 8 January 2022, there was moderate to high rainfall in central and eastern NSW.

New South Wales rainfall deciles December 2021  
Australian Gridded Climate Data



New South Wales Rainfall Totals (mm) Week Ending 8th January 2022  
Australian Bureau of Meteorology



Source: Australian Government, Bureau of Meteorology: <http://www.bom.gov.au/climate/maps/rainfall>

## Next month's rainfall and temperature outlook

The Bureau of Meteorology's rainfall outlook map predicts that coastal regions of NSW are likely to receive more rainfall than usual for February.

[www.bom.gov.au/climate/outlooks/#/rainfall/median/monthly/0](http://www.bom.gov.au/climate/outlooks/#/rainfall/median/monthly/0)

The Bureau of Meteorology's temperature outlook maps predict that minimum temperatures are likely to be higher than usual across NSW in February. Maximum temperatures are likely to exceed the average maximum temperature in western NSW and be near average elsewhere.

[www.bom.gov.au/climate/outlooks/#/temperature/maximum/median/monthly/0](http://www.bom.gov.au/climate/outlooks/#/temperature/maximum/median/monthly/0)

[www.bom.gov.au/climate/outlooks/#/temperature/minimum/median/monthly/0](http://www.bom.gov.au/climate/outlooks/#/temperature/minimum/median/monthly/0)

## Tides

Tidal information is relevant for the prediction of the activity of the salt marsh mosquito, *Aedes vigilax*. Typically for NSW, high tides of over 1.8 m, as measured at Sydney, can induce hatching of *Aedes vigilax* larvae. Predicted tide heights can provide some indication of when this is likely to occur.

### Dates of predicted high tides of over 1.8 m at Sydney (Fort Denison) for January

- 1-6 and 19-20 January 2022

Source: Australian Government, Bureau of Meteorology: <http://www.bom.gov.au/australia/tides/#/nsw-sydney-fort-denison>

Note: Measured tides at Sydney Port Jackson for the current week are available from the NSW Government, Manly Hydraulics Laboratory: <https://mhl.nsw.gov.au/Data-OceanTide>.

## Human Arboviral Disease Notifications

Under the *NSW Public Health Act 2010*, human arboviral infections are notifiable in NSW. The NSW Health Communicable Diseases Weekly Report (CDWR) reports confirmed and probable case numbers by the week they are received by the NSW notifiable diseases surveillance system, and is available at: [www.health.nsw.gov.au/Infectious/reports/Pages/CDWR.aspx](http://www.health.nsw.gov.au/Infectious/reports/Pages/CDWR.aspx).

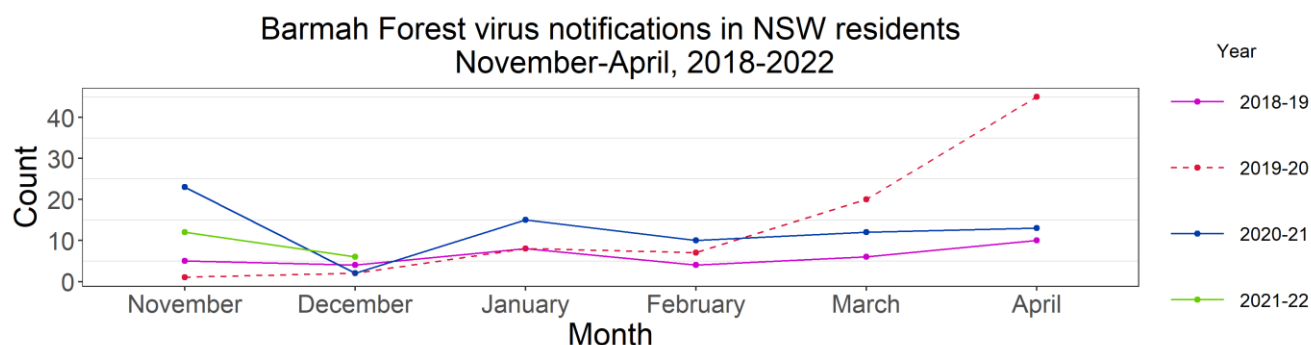
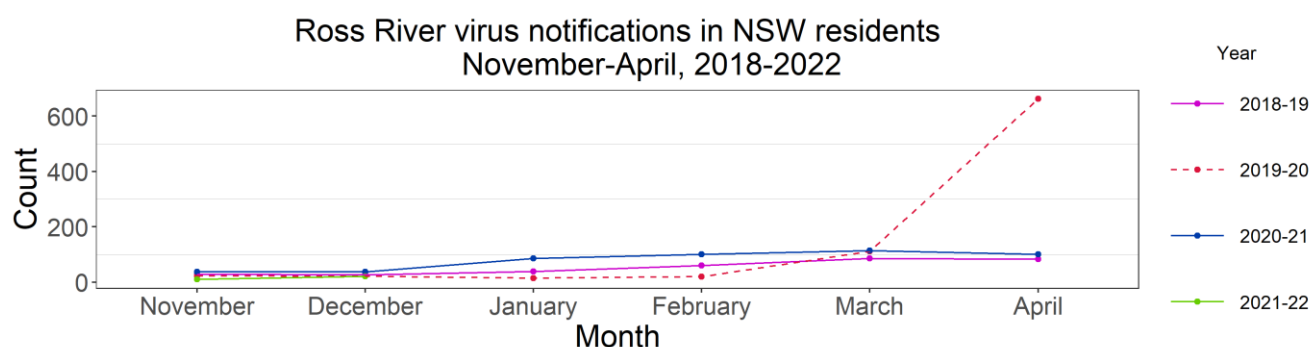
The data for Ross River virus and Barmah Forest virus from the CDWR for the latest reported 3 weeks are in the following table.

### Recent notifications of Ross River virus and Barmah Forest virus infections in humans (by date of case report received)

	Week		
	Latest week (12 – 18 Dec 2021)	1-week prior (5 – 11 Dec 2021)	2-weeks prior (28 Nov–4 Dec 2021)
<b>Ross River virus</b>	2	5	4
<b>Barmah Forest virus</b>	0	3	1

Source: CDWR, Communicable Diseases Branch, Health Protection NSW, NSW Health

Notifications of Ross River and Barmah Forest virus infections, by month of disease onset (the earlier of patient-reported onset or specimen collection date), are available online at: <https://www1.health.nsw.gov.au/IDD/pages/data.aspx>. The following figures show this data for the current NSW Arbovirus and Mosquito Monitoring season (November 2021 to April 2022), and the same period in the previous three years.



Source: NSW Health Notifiable Conditions Information Management System (NCIMS), Communicable Diseases Branch and Centre for Epidemiology and Evidence, NSW Health

Notes: The data for the previous month are the notifications to date (data extracted on 13 January 2022). Notifications are for NSW residents, regardless of whether the infection was acquired or diagnosed in NSW. Notifications of Ross River virus and Barmah Forest virus infection lag the date of acquiring the infection due to the time taken for symptom development, diagnosis, notification, and other factors. The weekly numbers by date of notification are useful for monitoring recent short-term trends but represent infections that were acquired some time ago. The monthly numbers by date of onset are more timely but less exact because they represent the earlier of patient-reported onset or specimen collection date and are therefore useful for monitoring general trends in human arboviral disease over the course of a season.