

## The Power of Innovation

Care at the Front Line: Innovating through Integration
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General Manager,
Canterbury District Health Board





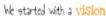
How did we do it?

Developing a patient-centred health system













#### Supported by key enablers:

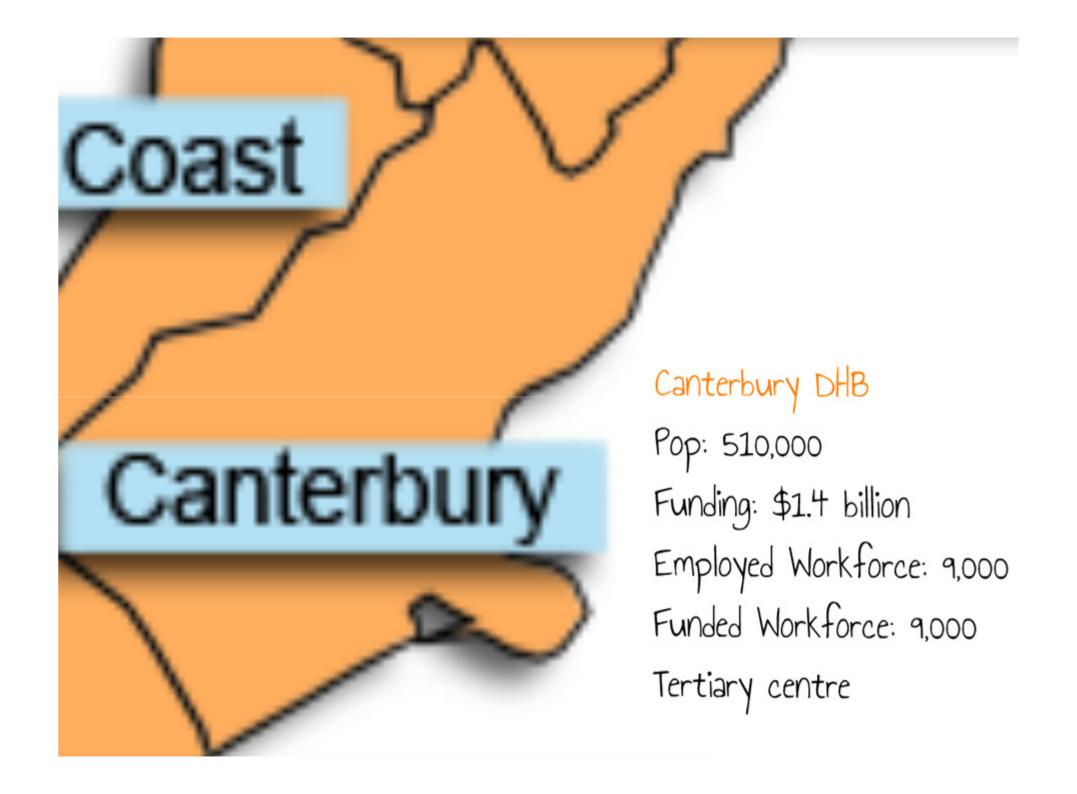






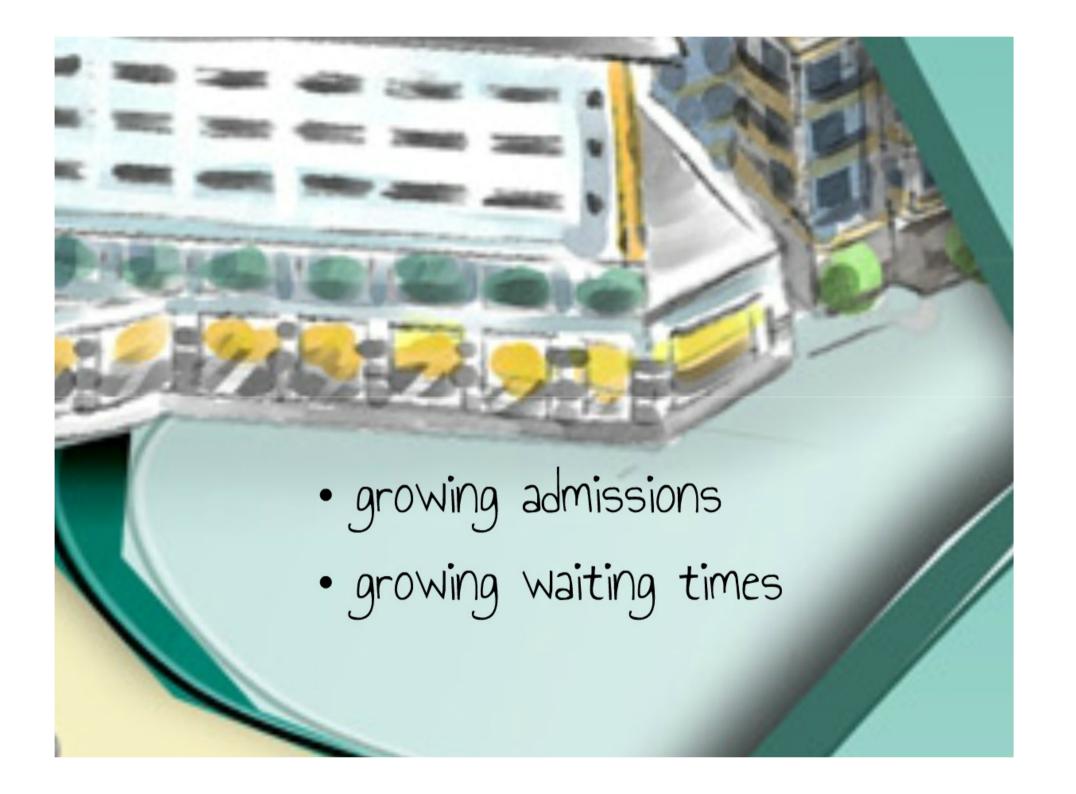




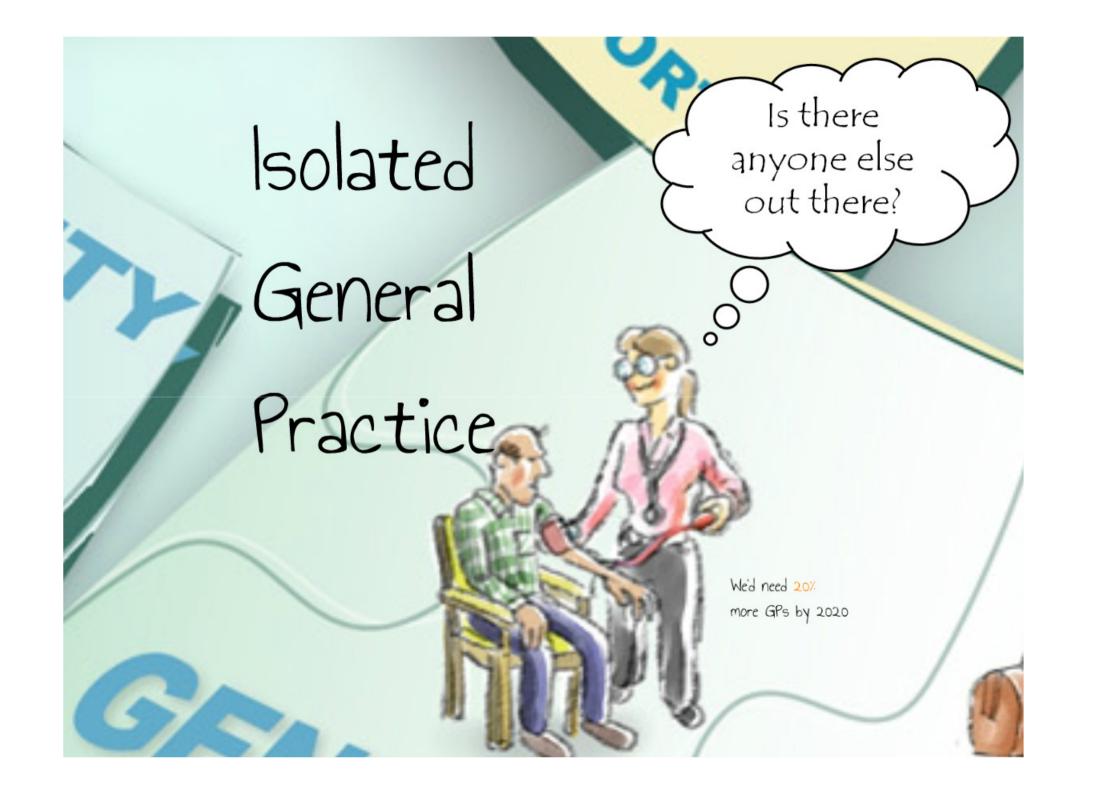


#### In 2007 Canterbury's health system was fragmented









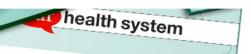






A scarce & ageing workforce

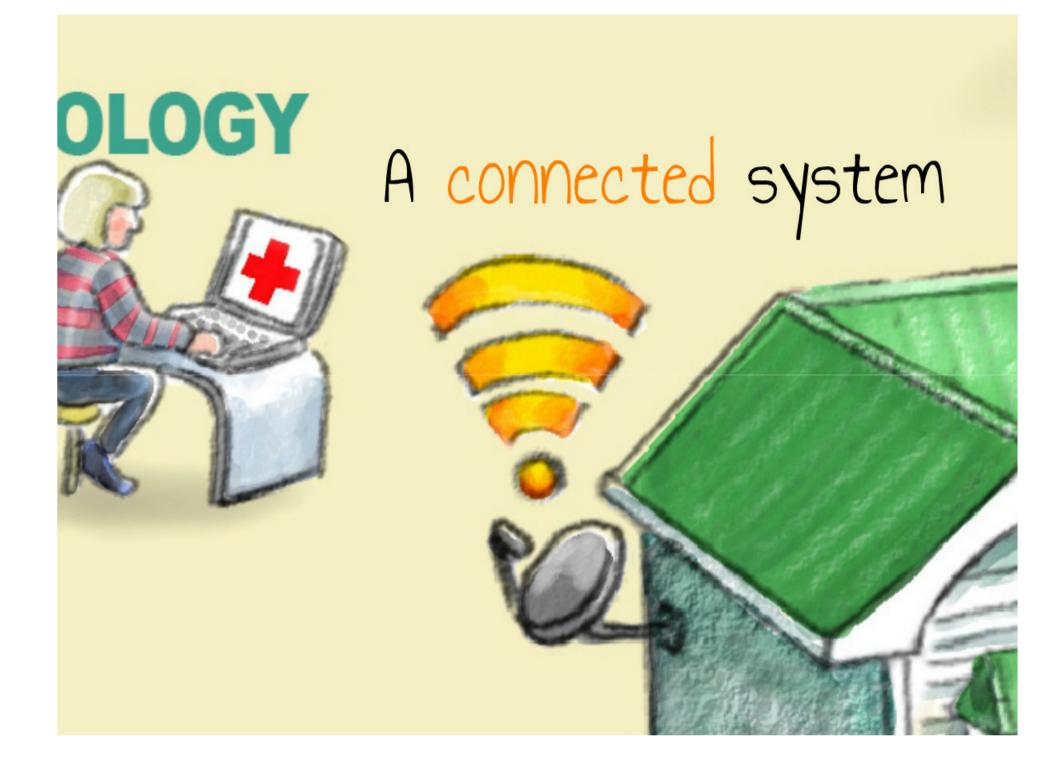




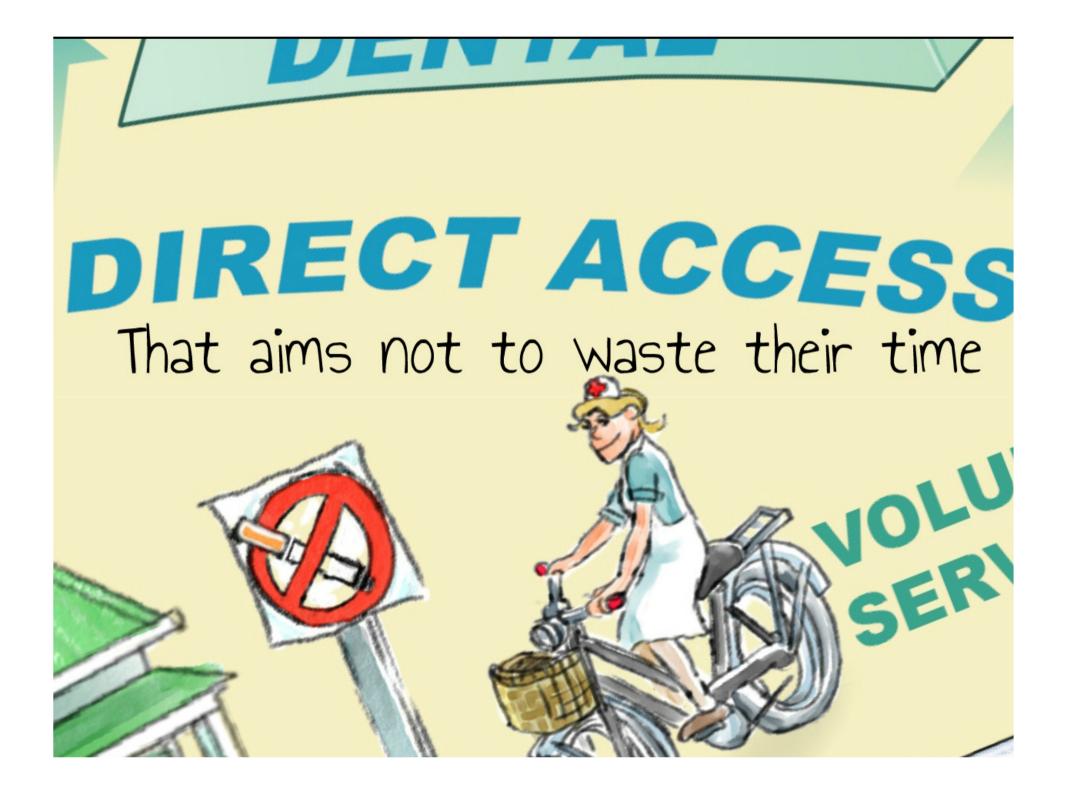
But together, we transformed our health system.



We started with a vision.







### Three strategic goals

#### People take greater responsibility for their own health.

•The development of services that support people/whānau to stay well and take increased responsibility for their own health and wellbeing.

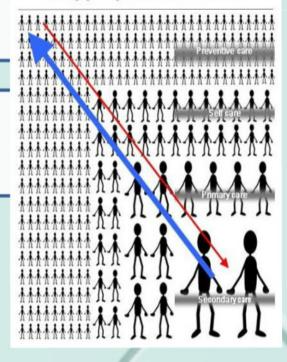
#### People stay well in their own homes and communities.

•The development of primary care and community services to support people/whānau in a community-based setting and provide a point of ongoing continuity, which for most people will be general practice.

#### People receive timely and appropriate complex care.

•The freeing-up of hospital based specialist resources to be responsive to episodic events and the provision of complex care and support and specialist advice to primary care.

A Changing Paradigm of Healthcare Service Provision



# And a collaborative way of working

#### One health system, one budget.

- Removing barriers and perverse incentives created by contracts and organisational boundries by planning and working collaboratively across the public, private and NGO sectors.
- Getting the best outcomes possible within the resources we have.

#### It's about people.

- •The key measure of success at every point in the system is reducing the time people waste waiting.
- •Right care, right place, right time, delivered by the right person.

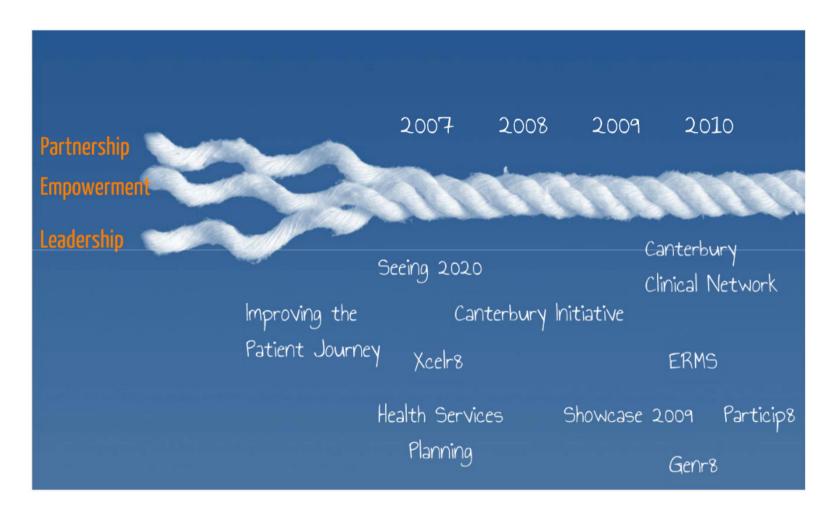
#### Focus on leadership.

- •The DHB's role is to buy the right thing for the population.
- •Clinicians are enabled to do the right thing the right way.

#### Take a 'whole of system' approach.

- Understand and respond to the needs of populations.
- •Use information to plan and drive service improvement.
- •Manage the short term in the context of the long term.
- Focus on improving productivity by doing the right thing the right way at the right time.
- •Make decisions based on where services are best provided:
- What is best for the patient?
- ·What is best for the system?

#### We launched a series of initiatives.



### Supported by key enablers:







#### HealthPathways



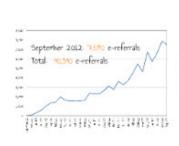






### Agreed pathways

Electronic Referral Management System





### HealthPathways



Health professionals from across the system working together to





# Health professionals from across the system

working together to











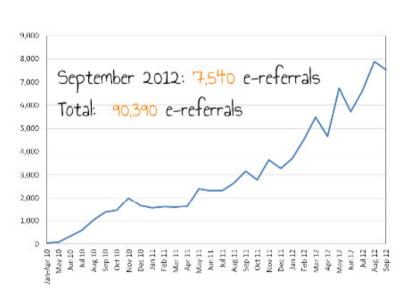
### healthinfo.org.nz

Health information for Canterbury

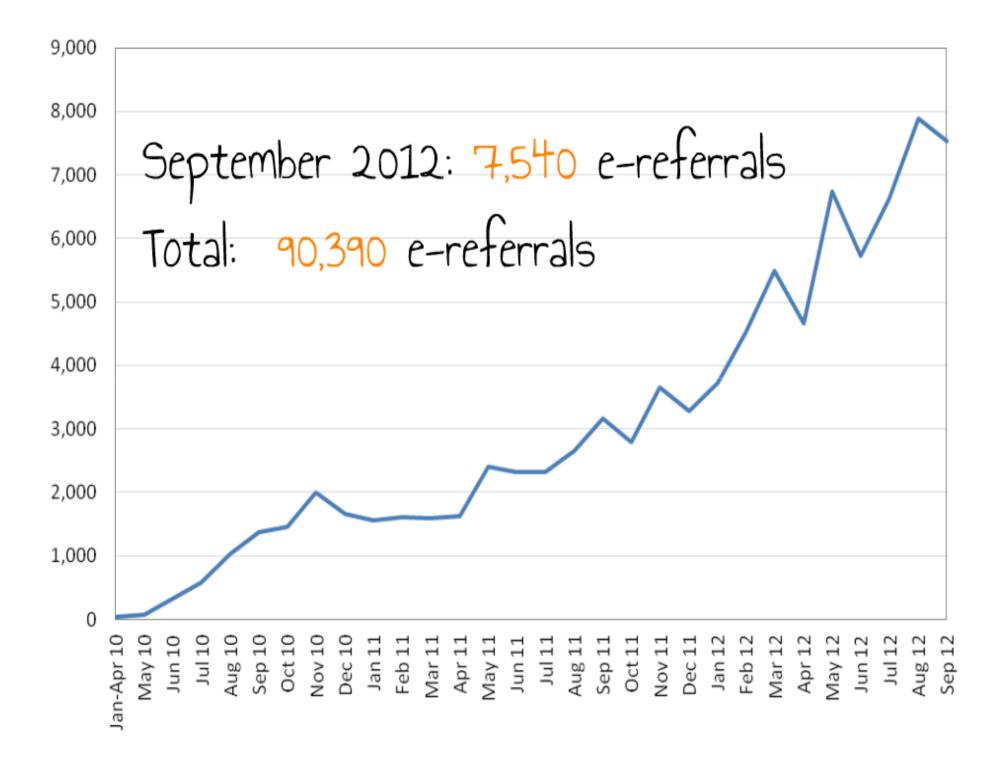
HealthInfo is for patients

Search

### Electronic Referral Management System









# Shared information





### Working together

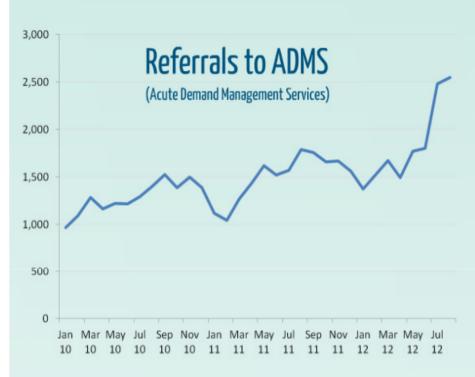




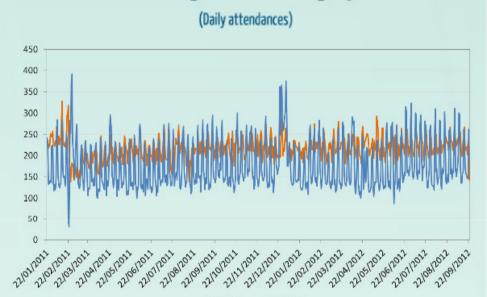
### The Canterbury health system is connected.



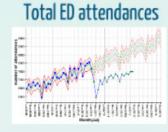
### More urgent care in the community



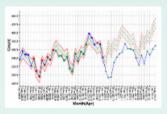
#### Patients attending 24 Hour Surgery vs. ChCh ED

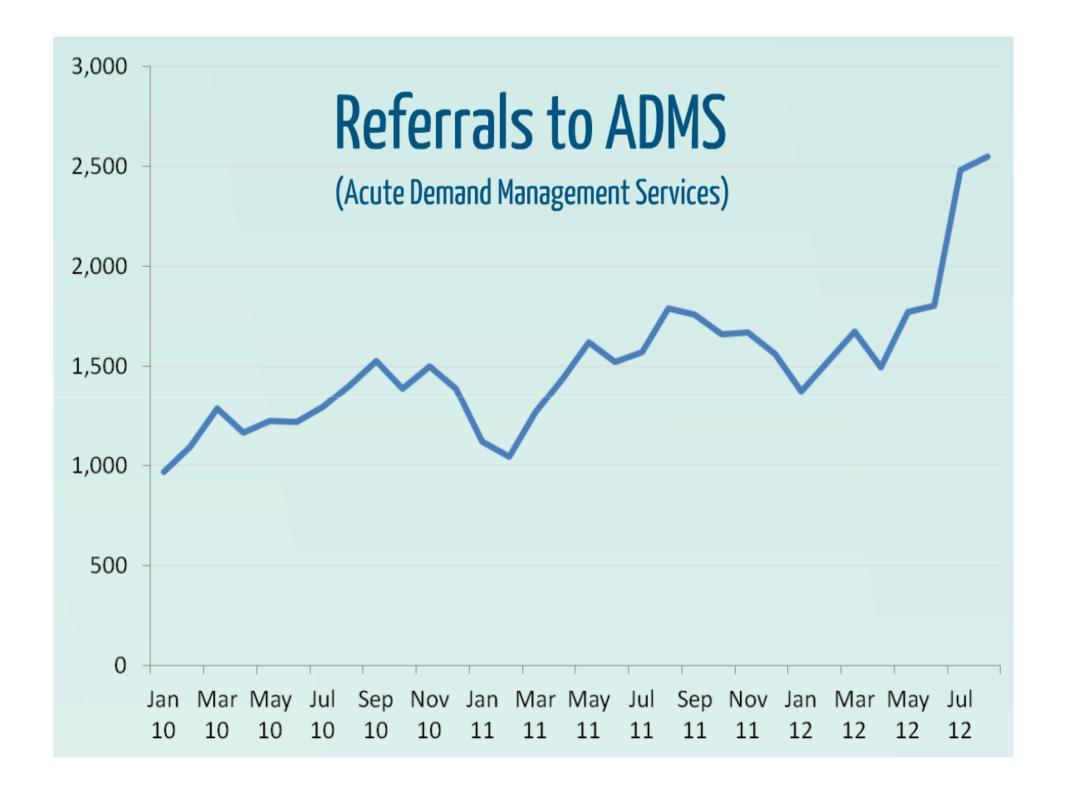


### Keeping down the load on our hospitals



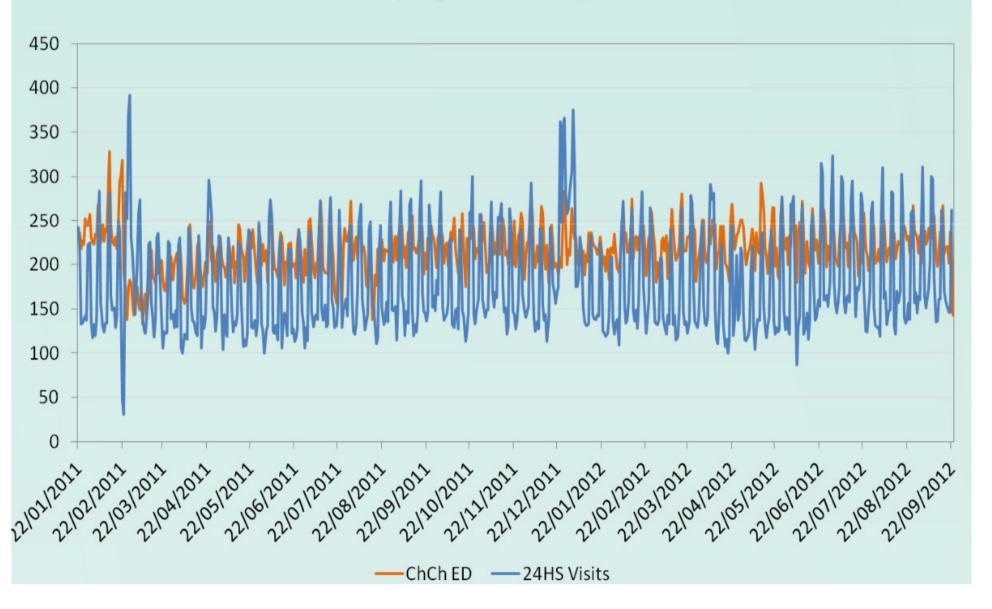
#### Acute medical admissions



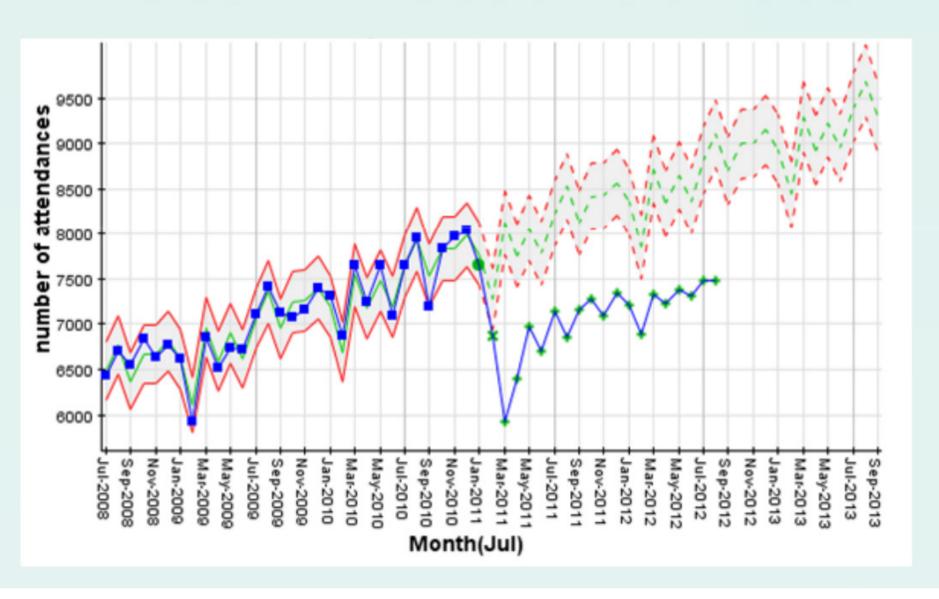


### Patients attending 24 Hour Surgery vs. ChCh ED

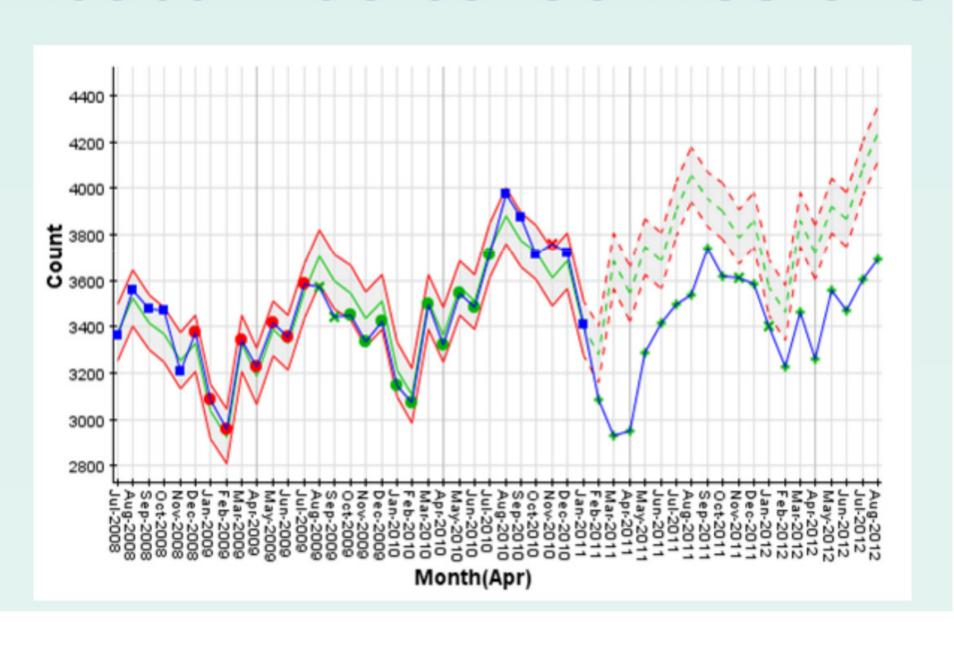
(Daily attendances)



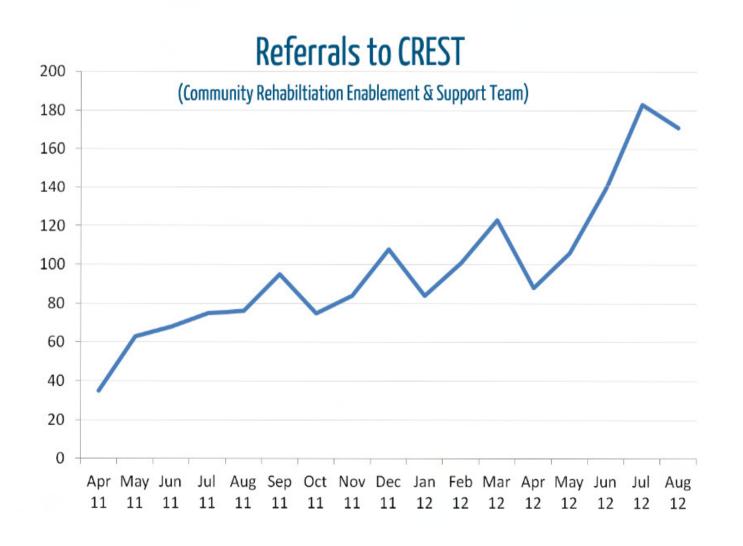
### Total ED attendances



## Acute medical admissions



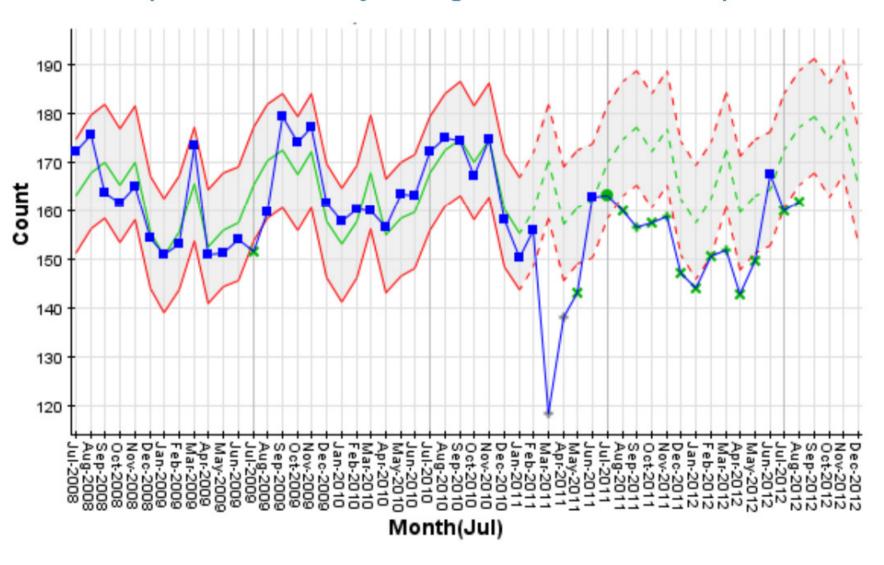
## Older people supported to regain and maintain their independence at home





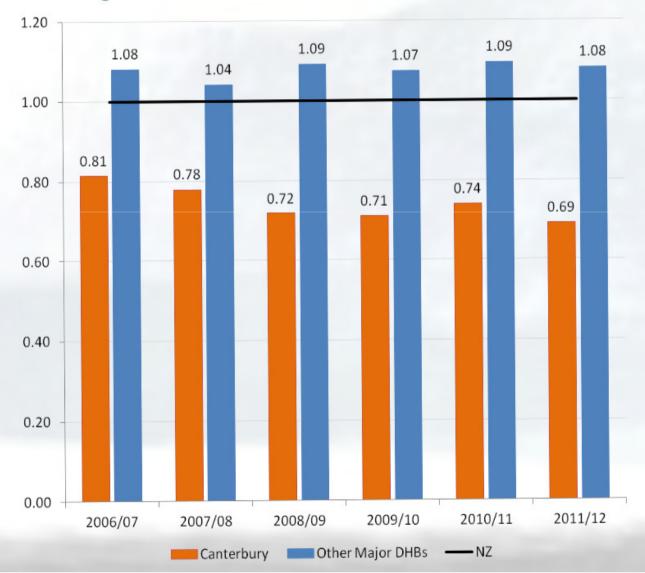
## Keeping down the load on our hospitals

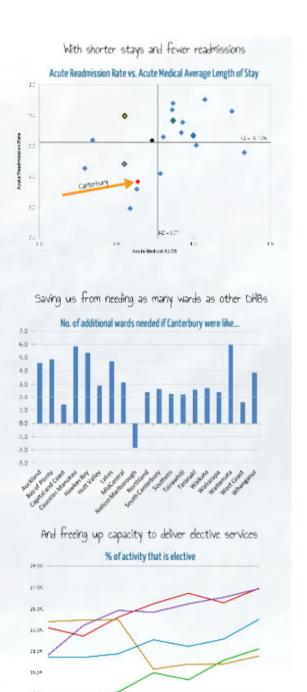
#### Occupied acute bed days for ages 60-80 at ChCh Hospital



#### Fewer acute admissions

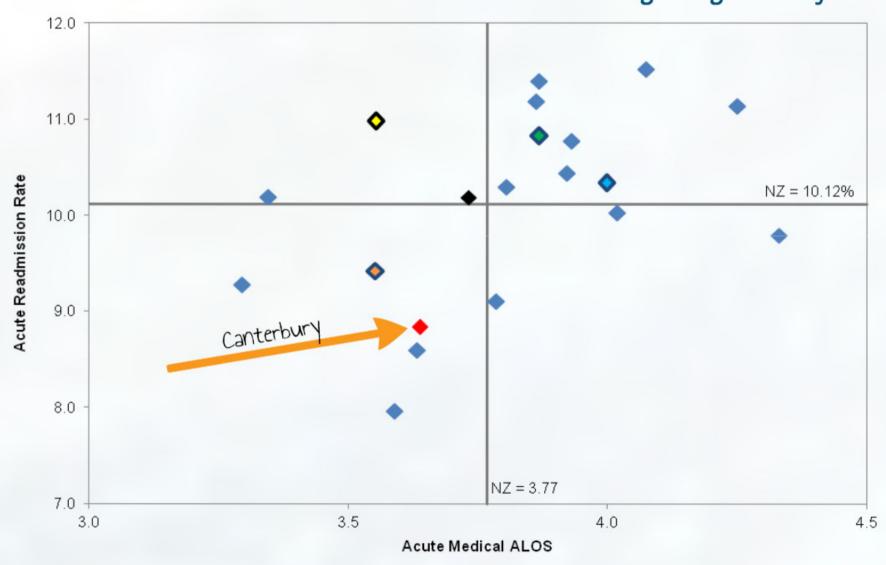
#### Age standardised acute medical admission ratio





#### With shorter stays and fewer readmissions

#### Acute Readmission Rate vs. Acute Medical Average Length of Stay



### Saving us from needing as many wards as other DHBs



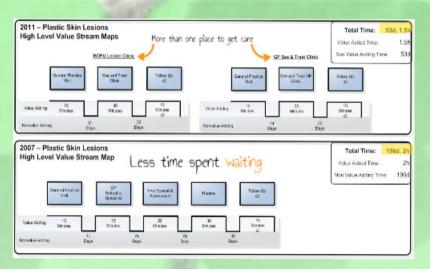


And freeing up capacity to deliver elective services % of activity that is elective

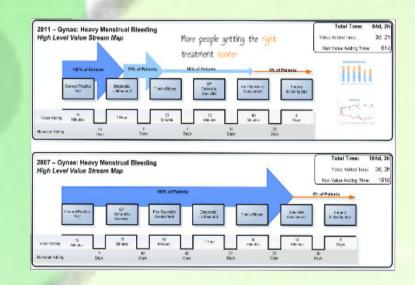


## Shorter Waiting times

e.g. skin lesion removal



e.g. gynaecology



## e.g. skin lesion removal



Minutes

Days

Days

Minutes

20

Minutes

Minutes

Days

15

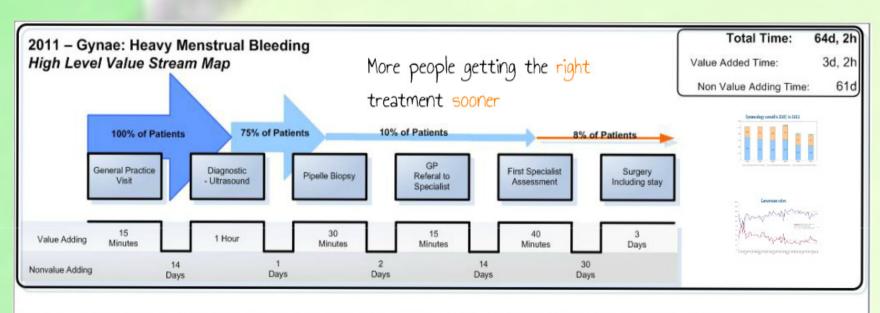
Minutes

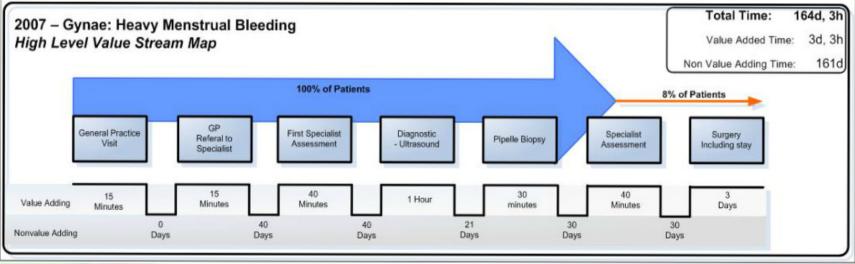
Days

Value Adding

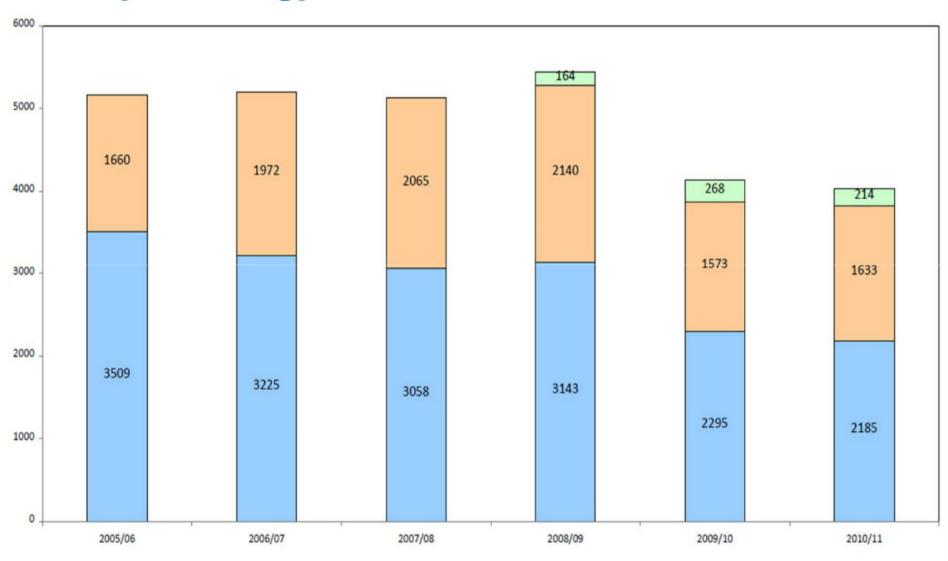
Nonvalue Adding

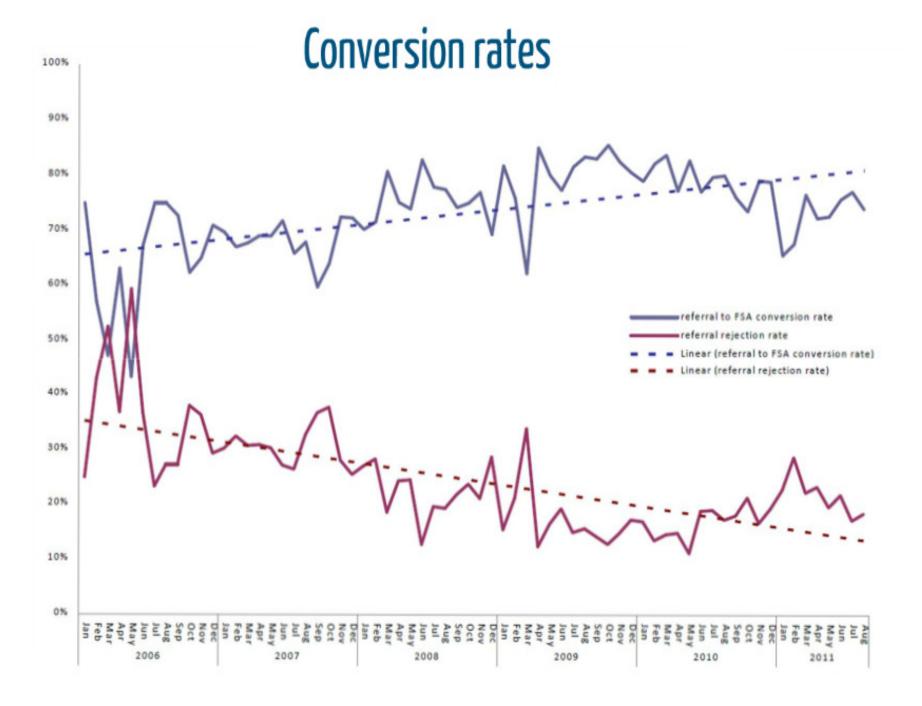
## e.g. gynaecology





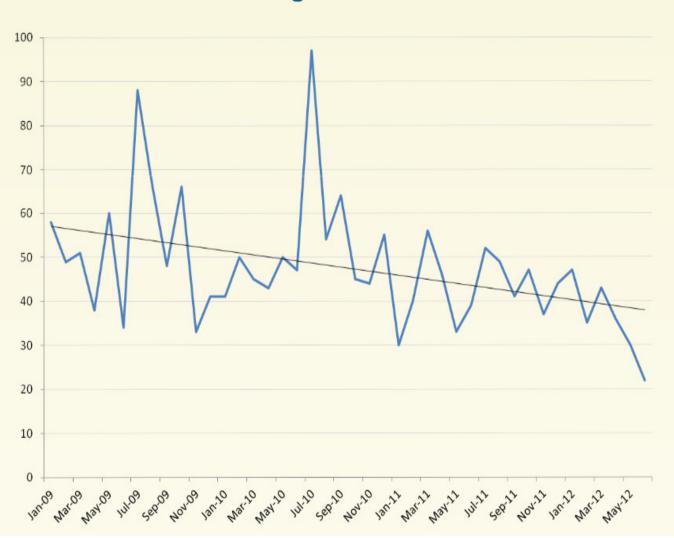
## Gynaecology consults 2005 to 2011

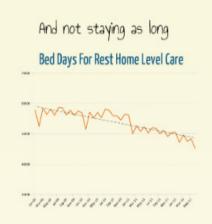




## Fewer people going into aged residential care

#### Clients commencing in ARC for rest home care





## And not staying as long

#### Bed Days For Rest Home Level Care



# How did we do it? Developing a patient-centred health system

## together.