Implementing an Assertive Community Treatment Team

to support consumers with a serious mental illness to live a life of their choosing in the community – Minister for Mental Health Award for Excellence in the Provision of Mental Health Services

Introduction

2012 saw the development and redesign of a community mental health team in direct response to the needs of consumers severely impacted by the effect of their mental illness.

An Assertive Community Treatment (ACT) team was established to work collaboratively and intensively with consumers to support them to live a fulfilling life in the community and reduce the number and length of hospital admissions.

After 12 months of implementation, an evaluation of outcomes achieved has shown a dramatic decrease in days in hospital and number of admissions for consumers supported by this team.

Aim

The aims of the ACT team are to:

- support people with a serious mental illness to live a fulfilling life in the community
- build rapport and engage with consumers to meet their needs
- reduce acute health service usage and therefore increase the time that people spend in their own environment
- improve psychosocial functioning that may have previously led to relapse of mental illness

Method

Core principles of the ACT model were identified and a plan established to work as close to the model as possible incorporating available resources. Regular reviews using the ACT Fidelity Scale guided improvements during service set-up.

Practices implemented to ensure quality of services provided include:

- daily team meetings
- interactive case reviews with reflection on collaborative care planning
- creation of Clinical Lead position to guide practices of the team
- team management of consumers (distinct from normal case management as consumers have a primary clinician and significant team input utilising skills of multiple staff and promoting continuity of care when staff are on leave)
- identification of community resources available to support consumers, and network and build partnerships with these services to improve access
- liaison with other streams of the mental health service to ensure appropriate and comprehensive service provision when required by consumers

Results

Key outcomes achieved after the first year in comparison to the year prior to implementation include:

- bed days reduced from 3022 to 569
- admissions reduced from 75 to 32
- average admitted bed days per consumer reduced from 79 to 15 days

Other outcomes include:

- consumer participation with services and less reliance on Community Treatment Orders to enforce treatment and engagement with clinicians
- consumers developing and working towards goals
- improved functioning and interaction in the community
- positive feedback ie Police report reduced involvement with certain consumers
- in-reach to inpatient units and working with consumers to improve their experience when needing acute mental health services
- greater staff satisfaction

Conclusion

NBMHLHD is not unique in trying to meet the needs of consumers requiring intensive support from mental health services to maintain independent living. With the implementation of a well-researched and evidence based model of community care, the NBMHLHD team has shown that, even with reduced resources, great outcomes for consumers can be achieved. This makes ACT a viable approach for adoption of services to meet the needs of consumers.

Acknowledgements

The ACT Team would like to thank the consumers we have worked with, and our management, which supported us to develop this service.