**Improvement Notice for Regulated Systems**

***Public Health Act 2010* - sections 41 and 42**

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| **Authorised officer & Agency:** | **Date served**: |
| **Name of occupier:** | **ABN / ACN number (if any):** |
| **Address of premises:** | **Date and time of inspection:** |

Following an inspection of the above premises, this notice is served pursuant to sections 41 and 42 of the *Public Health Act 2010* (the Act) on the basis that there are reasonable grounds to believe that:

1. a Regulated System at the premises does not comply with an enforceable requirement, being a prescribed installation requirement, prescribed maintenance requirement or prescribed operating requirement, **or**
2. a Regulated System at the premises is not being maintained or operated in accordance with an enforceable requirement, being a prescribed installation requirement, prescribed maintenance requirement or prescribed operating requirement.

In particular, there has been a breach of section(s) ...................of the Public Health Regulation 2022 (the Regulation). The breach is due to:

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You are hereby directed to remedy the breach by complying with section(s).......................of the Regulation within **72 hours**/.................................(or other period specified) after service of this notice on the occupier. The breach can be remedied by undertaking the following action/s

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Failure to correct the above breach within the time specified may lead to the issuing of a prohibition order under section 45 of the Act. A prohibition order would prohibit the operation of the Regulated System until the occupier has been given a clearance certificate.

**Prescribed Fee payable**

In accordance with section 124 of the Regulation, a prescribed fee of ..................................... is payable on this improvement notice in relation to this Regulated System. The prescribed fee must be paid to the relevant agency within 60 days after the notice is given. Application may be made to the relevant agency for an extension of time to pay the fee or for a part or whole waiver of the fee. Failure to pay any outstanding fee within the required period, or after an extension period allowed by the relevant agency, is an offence under section 124 of the Regulation. An invoice will be issued for payment.

The relevant agency for this improvement notice is:

1. The Secretary of the Ministry of Health, **or**
2. .......................................................................Local Government Authority, **or**
3. ........................................................................Council

..............................................................

Name of authorised officer

...............................................................

Signature of authorised officer

Date: ..........................................

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| *I confirm that the matters raised in this improvement notice have now been addressed and now comply with the requirements of the Act and the Regulation.* .............................................................Name of authorised officer .............................................................Signature of authorised officerDate: .......................................... |

| **Information regarding Improvement Notices and Prohibition Orders** |
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| **Public Health Act 2010****Part 3, Division 5:** **Improvement notices and prohibition orders****40**   **Definitions**In this Division: ***enforceable requirement*** means: (a)  a prescribed installation requirement, prescribed maintenance requirement or prescribed operating requirement with respect to a regulated system under Division 2, or(b)  a prescribed operating requirement with respect to a public swimming pool or spa pool under Division 3, or(c)  a requirement prescribed with respect to premises at which skin penetration procedures are carried out under section 38.**41**   **Non-complying premises or procedures**An authorised officer may serve an improvement notice on the occupier of premises at which there is a regulated system or a public swimming pool or spa pool or premises at which a person carries out skin penetration procedures if the officer believes, on reasonable grounds, that: (a)  the premises, or a regulated system, public swimming pool or spa pool at those premises, does not comply with an enforceable requirement, or(b)  a regulated system, public swimming pool or spa pool at the premises is not being maintained or operated in accordance with an enforceable requirement.**42**   **Improvement notices**(1)  An improvement notice is to take the form of a direction that requires a specified enforceable requirement to be complied with within a period of 72 hours (or such longer period as is specified in the notice) after the service of the notice on the occupier or person.(2)  The notice may specify the actions to be taken to comply with the requirement.(3)  An improvement notice is to state that it is issued under this section and to specify any provision of the regulations to which it relates.**43**   **Compliance with improvement notice**(1)  If an improvement notice is complied with, an authorised officer is to note the date of compliance on the notice.(2)  An authorised officer must give a copy of an improvement notice, noted in accordance with this section, to the person on whom the improvement notice was served if requested to do so by the person.**44**   **Failure to comply with notice relating to regulated system**(1)  The Secretary, a local government authority or the General Manager of a council may take action under this section or section 45 if the occupier of premises at which there is a regulated system fails to comply with an improvement notice.(2)  The Secretary, local government authority or General Manager may take the action referred to in the notice and: (a)  unless the occupier represents the Crown, may recover an amount equal to the cost of doing so as a debt owed by the person to the Crown or to the local government authority, as the case may be, or(b)  if the occupier represents the Crown, may require the occupier to pay to the Secretary or to the local government authority an amount equal to the cost of doing so.(3)  An employee assigned, or a contractor engaged, by the Secretary or a local government authority to do any work on regulated premises under this section may, at any reasonable time, enter the premises and do the work or have it done.**45**   **Prohibition order**(1)  The Secretary, a local government authority or a General Manager of a council may serve a prohibition order on the occupier of premises if the Secretary, authority or General Manager believes on reasonable grounds: (a)  that any of the circumstances in which an improvement notice may be issued exist and that: (i)  the occupier has not complied with an improvement notice within the time required under the notice, and(ii)  the issue of the prohibition order is necessary to prevent or mitigate a serious risk to public health, or(b)  that any of the circumstances in which an improvement notice may be issued exist and that the issue of the order (without first issuing an improvement notice) is urgently necessary to prevent or mitigate a serious risk to public health.(2)  A prohibition order made against the occupier of premises at which there is a regulated system is to take the form of an order that the system must not be operated until the occupier has been given a clearance certificate stating that the system may be operated.(3)  A prohibition order made against the occupier of premises at which there is a public swimming pool or spa pool is to take the form of an order that the swimming pool or spa pool must not be opened for use by the public until the occupier has been given a clearance certificate stating that the swimming pool or spa pool may be opened for use by the public.(4)  A prohibition order made against the occupier of premises at which skin penetration procedures are carried out is to take the form of an order that such procedures must not be carried out at the premises until the occupier has been given a clearance certificate stating that skin penetration procedures may be carried out at the premises.(5)  A prohibition order is to state that it is issued under this section and to specify any provision of the regulations to which it relates.(6)  The Secretary, local government authority or General Manager who made the prohibition order must give a certificate of clearance if, after an inspection of the premises subject to the order, an authorised officer is satisfied that there is no serious danger to public health.**46**   **Request for re-inspection**(1)  An occupier of premises who is subject to a prohibition order may at any time after the order has been served make a written request to the person who made the order to cause the premises to be inspected by an authorised officer.(2)  If a request for inspection is made under this section and, through no fault of the person who made the request, the inspection does not take place within 2 working days of the request being received by the person who made the prohibition order, a certificate of clearance is taken to have been given under this Division to the person who made the request.**47**   **Contravention of prohibition order**A person must not fail to comply with a prohibition order served on the person under this Part. Maximum penalty (for an offence in respect of a public swimming pool or spa pool or premises where skin penetration procedures are carried out): (a)  in the case of an individual—200 penalty units, or 12 months imprisonment, or both, and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further 100 penalty units for each day the offence continues, or(b)  in the case of a corporation—1,000 penalty units and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further 500 penalty units for each day the offence continues.Maximum penalty (for an offence in respect of a regulated system): (a)  in the case of an individual—500 penalty units, or 12 months imprisonment, or both, and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further 250 penalty units for each day the offence continues, or(b)  in the case of a corporation—2,500 penalty units and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further 1,250 penalty units for each day the offence continues.**48**   **Review of decision to refuse certificate of clearance**An occupier of premises on whom a prohibition order has been served may apply to the Administrative Decisions Tribunal for a review of a decision of the person who made the order to refuse to give a certificate of clearance under this Part to the occupier.**49**   **Compensation**(1)  A person against whom a prohibition order is made who suffers loss as a result of the making of the order may apply to the person who made the order for compensation if the person against whom the order is made considers that the order was not made in good faith or that there were no grounds for the making of the order.(2)  If the order was not made in good faith or there were no grounds for the making of the order, the Secretary, the local government authority or the council (if the order was issued by the General Manager of the council) is to pay such compensation to the applicant as is just and reasonable.(3)  The person who made the prohibition order is to determine the compensation payable in accordance with subsection (2).(4)  The person who made the prohibition order is to send written notification of its determination as to the payment of compensation under this section to each applicant for the payment of such compensation.(5)  If an application for compensation under this section is not determined by the person who made the prohibition order within 28 days of receiving the application, the application is taken to have been refused.(6)  An applicant for the payment of compensation under this section who is dissatisfied with a determination as to the refusal to pay compensation or as to the amount of compensation may apply to the Administrative Decisions Tribunal for a review of the determination: (a)  within 28 days after the day on which notification of the determination was received, or(b)  in a case to which subsection (5) applies, within 28 days after the expiration of the 28-day period referred to in that subsection.**Public Health Regulation 2022:****124 Fee for improvement notices and prohibition orders**(1) A person who is given an improvement notice or a prohibition order must, within 60days after the notice is given, pay the fee specified in Schedule 5 to the relevantagency if the notice or order contains a requirement to do so.(2) The relevant agency may—(a) extend the time for payment of the fee, on the application of the person towhom the improvement notice or prohibition order was given, or(b) waive payment of the whole or part of the fee, on the relevant agency’s owninitiative or on the application of the person to whom the improvement noticeor prohibition order was given.(3) A person to whom an improvement notice or prohibition order is given must pay thefee required by this section within the time provided under this section.Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.(4) In this section—*relevant agency* means—(a) for an improvement notice given by an authorised officer appointed by theSecretary or a prohibition order given by the Secretary—the Secretary, or(b) for an improvement notice given by an authorised officer appointed by a localgovernment authority or a prohibition order given by a local governmentauthority—the local government authority, or(c) for a prohibition order given by a General Manager of a council—the council.**Schedule 5 Fees**Improvement notice or prohibition order given to occupier of premises at whichthere is regulated system— (a) on or after 1 July 2023—$605(b)  on or after 1 July 2023 and before 1 July 2024—$620(c)  on or after 1 July 2024 and before 1 July 2025—$635 |
| **Prescribed Requirements - Public Health Regulation 2022****Division 1 Air-handling, hot water and humidifying systems****4 Requirements for air-handling systems**(1) For the Act, section 27, an air-handling system installed in a dwelling is exempt fromthe operation of the Act, Part 3, Division 2.(2) For the Act, section 28, an air-handling system must be—(a) installed in accordance with AS/NZS 3666.1:2011, and(b) fitted with supply air filters.(3) For the Act, section 29—(a) an air-handling system must be operated as required by AS/NZS 3666.2:2011,and(b) there must be safe and easy access to an air-handling system for the purposesof the cleaning, inspection and maintenance of the system.(4) For the Act, section 30, an air-handling system must be maintained in accordancewith—(a) AS/NZS 3666.2:2011, or(b) AS/NZS 3666.4:2011.**5 Requirements for hot water systems**(1) For the Act, section 27, a hot water system installed in a dwelling is exempt from theoperation of the Act, Part 3, Division 2.(2) For the Act, section 28, a hot water system must be installed in accordance withAS/NZS 3666.1:2011.(3) For the Act, section 29, a hot water system must be operated as required by AS/NZS3666.2:2011.(4) For the Act, section 30—(a) a hot water system must be maintained in accordance with AS/NZS3666.2:2011, and(b) maintenance must be carried out on a hot water system to ensure that, whenthe system is in operation, it delivers water at each outlet each time the outletis turned on at not less than 60°C, once any water standing in the pipe to theoutlet before it was turned on has been expelled.**6 Requirements for humidifying systems**(1) For the Act, section 27, a humidifying system installed in a dwelling is exempt fromthe operation of the Act, Part 3, Division 2.(2) For the Act, section 29—(a) a humidifying system must be operated as required by AS/NZS 3666.2:2011,and(b) there must be safe and easy access to a humidifying system for the purposes ofthe cleaning, inspection and maintenance of the system.(3) For the Act, section 30, a humidifying system must be maintained in accordance withAS/NZS 3666.2:2011.**Division 2 Warm-water systems****7 Requirements for warm-water systems**(1) For the Act, section 27, a warm-water system installed in a dwelling or otherpremises is exempt from the operation of the Act, Part 3, Division 2, except if thepremises are a hospital.(2) For the Act, section 28, a warm-water system—(a) must be installed in accordance with AS/NZS 3666.1:2011, and(b) must not be installed in a hospital unless it is of a kind approved in writing bythe Secretary.(3) An application for an approval by the Secretary under subsection (2)(b) must beaccompanied by the fee specified in Schedule 5.(4) For the Act, section 29—(a) a warm-water system must be operated as required by AS/NZS 3666.2:2011,and(b) there must be safe and easy access to a warm-water system for the purposes ofthe cleaning, inspection and maintenance of the system.(5) For the Act, section 30—(a) a warm-water system must be maintained in accordance with AS/NZS3666.2:2011, and(b) maintenance carried out on a warm-water system must comply with thedocument entitled *Water—Requirements for the provision of cold and heated**water* published by the Ministry of Health.**Division 3 Cooling water systems****9 Requirements for cooling water systems**(1) For the Act, section 27, a cooling water system used solely for making snow isexempt from the operation of the Act, Part 3, Division 2.(2) For the Act, section 28, a cooling water system must be installed in accordance withAS/NZS 3666.1:2011(3) For the Act, section 29—(a) a cooling water system must be operated as required by AS/NZS 3666.2:2011,and(b) a cooling water system must be equipped with a disinfection procedure that isin operation at all times and designed to control microbial growth so that—(i) the level of *Legionella* in the system is less than 10 colony-formingunits per millilitre, and(ii) the heterotrophic colony count in the system is less than 100,000colony-forming units per millilitre, and(c) there must be safe and easy access to a cooling water system for the purposesof the cleaning, inspection and maintenance of the system.**11 Maintenance requirements**(1) This section prescribes the maintenance requirements for cooling water systems forthe Act, section 30.(2) A cooling water system must be maintained in accordance with AS/NZS3666.3:2011, including the control strategies set out in Table 3.1 for *Legionella* andTable 3.2 for heterotrophic micro-organisms.(3) A risk assessment for a cooling water system required under AS/NZS 3666.3:2011must be—(a) conducted in accordance with section 12, and(b) documented and reported in accordance with section 13, and(c) audited in accordance with section 14.(4) Sampling, testing and inspection of a cooling water system must be conducted inaccordance with section 17.(5) Despite subsection (2), a cooling water system at a thermal power station is notrequired to be maintained in accordance with AS/NZS 3666.3:2011, clauses 3.2 and3.3.(6) Instead, a cooling water system at a thermal power station must be maintained inaccordance with the *Thermal Power Station Main Water Cooling Systems—Trigger**Action Response Protocols*, published by the Ministry of Health. |