NSW Arbovirus Surveillance & Mosquito Monitoring 2019-2020

Weekly Update: 17 January 2020 (Report Number 4)











Summary

Arboviral Detections

- **Sentinel Chickens:** there have been no detections for Murray Valley encephalitis virus (MVEV) and Kunjin virus in the current surveillance season.
- **Mosquito Isolates:** there have been no Ross River virus or Barmah Forest virus detections in the current surveillance season.

Mosquito Numbers

- Inland: HIGH at Griffith and Leeton, LOW elsewhere.
- Coast: HIGH at Ballina, MEDIUM at Tweed Heads and Mullumbimby, LOW elsewhere.
- **Sydney:** HIGH at Liverpool, MEDIUM at Penrith, Parramatta, Sydney Olympic Park and Georges River (Illawong area), LOW elsewhere.

Environmental Conditions

- Climate: the past week has seen moderate rainfall in eastern NSW and parts of central NSW. The outlook for February is for usual rainfall for most of the state, higher than usual temperatures across the state, particularly in the north east.
- Tides: high tides between 23-26 January 2020 and 8-12 February 2020 could trigger hatching of Aedes vigilax.

Human Arbovirus Notifications

Ross River Virus: notifications in January to date are low.

Barmah Forest Virus: notifications in January to date are low.

Weekly reports are available at:

www.health.nsw.gov.au/environment/pests/vector/Pages/surveillance.aspx

Please send questions or comments about this report to:

Surveillance and Risk Unit, Environmental Health Branch, Health Protection NSW: nswh-envepi@health.nsw.gov.au

Testing and scientific services were provided by the Department of Medical Entomology, NSW Health Pathology (ICPMR) for the mosquito surveillance, and the Arbovirus Emerging Diseases Unit, NSW Health Pathology (ICPMR) for the sentinel chicken surveillance.

The arbovirus surveillance and mosquito monitoring results in this report remain the property of the NSW Ministry of Health and may not be used or disseminated to unauthorised persons or organisations without permission.

SHPN (HP NSW) 190738

Cover photos: Bottom left - Common banded mosquito, Culex annulirostris

Top and bottom right - Saltmarsh mosquito, Aedes vigilax

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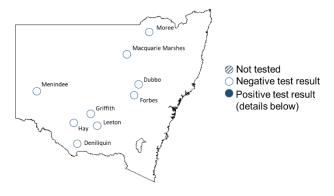
Arboviral Detections

This section details detections of Murray Valley encephalitis virus, Kunjin virus, Ross River virus and Barmah Forest virus in the NSW Arbovirus Surveillance and Mosquito Monitoring Program.

Sentinel Chickens

Chickens are bled for detection of antibodies directed against Murray Valley encephalitis virus and Kunjin virus, indicating exposure to these viruses. A test result is shown if it has been reported in the last two reporting weeks. *No collection* indicates there has been no collection for the last two reporting weeks.

Test results in the latest week to 17 January 2020 (by date of report)



Positive test results in the 2019-2020 surveillance season

Date of sample collection	Location	Positive test results		
There have been no positive results in the 2019-2020 surveillance season				

Mosquito isolates

Whole grinds of mosquitoes are tested for arboviral nucleic acids (including Ross River virus and Barmah Forest virus).

Test results in the latest week to 17 January 2020 (by date of report)



Ross River and Barmah Forest viruses detected in the past three weeks

Date trapped	LOCATION - Site	Virus	
There have been no detections in the 2019-2020 surveillance season			

Mosquito Abundance

This section details counts of mosquitoes in the NSW Arbovirus Surveillance and Mosquito Monitoring Program. Each location represents the count average for all trapping sites at that location for the most recent week that collections were provided prior to preparation of this report. *No collection* indicates there has been no collection for the last two reporting weeks.

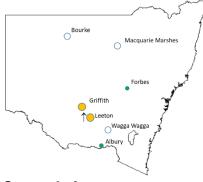
Mosquito counts in the latest week to 17 January 2020 Key:

No collection ↑ Increase from previous week
 Low (<50) ↓ Decrease from previous week
 Medium (50-100)
 High (101-1,000)
 Very high(1,001-10,000)
 Extreme (>10,000)

Culex annulirostris and Aedes vigilax are vectors of interest for Ross River virus and Barmah Forest virus

Inland sites

Total mosquito counts



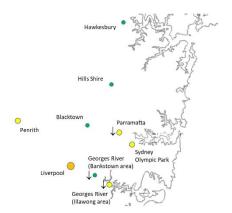
Coastal sites

Total mosquito counts

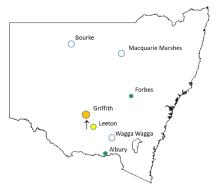


Sydney sites

Total mosquito counts



Culex annulirostris counts

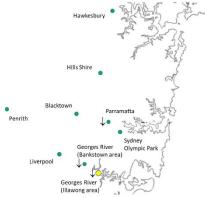


Aedes vigilax counts



Aedes vigilax counts

(C. annulirostris for Blacktown, Hawkesbury, Hills Shire, Penrith)

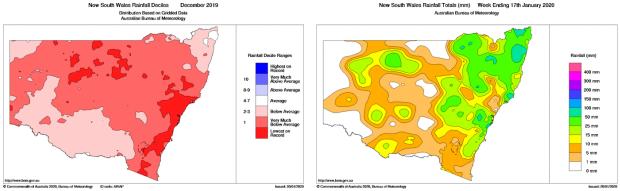


Environmental Conditions in NSW

Mosquitoes require water to breed. Rainfall and tides (for the salt marsh mosquito) are important contributing factors for proliferation of mosquito numbers. Unseasonably warm weather can also contribute to higher mosquito numbers.

Rainfall

Rainfall was considerably lower than usual across NSW in December (left). In the week ending 17 January 2020, moderate rainfall was recorded in eastern NSW and parts of central NSW, with little or no rainfall reported elsewhere (right).



Source: Australian Government, Bureau of Meteorology: http://www.bom.gov.au/jsp/awap/rain/index.jsp

Next month's rainfall and temperature outlook

The Bureau of Meteorology's rainfall outlook map for February predicts that most of NSW is likely to receive usual rainfall.

www.bom.gov.au/climate/outlooks/#/rainfall/median/monthly/0

The Bureau of Meteorology's temperature outlook maps for February predict that maximum and minimum temperatures are likely to be higher than usual across the state, particularly in the north east. https://www.bom.gov.au/climate/outlooks/#/temperature/minimum/median/monthly/0 www.bom.gov.au/climate/outlooks/#/temperature/minimum/median/monthly/0

Tides

Tidal information is relevant for the prediction of the activity of the salt marsh mosquito, *Aedes vigilax*. Typically for NSW, high tides of over 1.8m, as measured at Sydney, can induce hatching of *Aedes vigilax* larvae. Predicted tide heights can provide some indication of when this is likely to occur.

Dates of predicted high tides of over 1.8m at Sydney (Fort Denison) for the next month

23-26 January 2020

8-12 February 2020
Source: Australian Government, Bureau of Meteorology: http://www.bom.gov.au/australia/tides/#!/nsw-sydney-fort-denison
Note: Measured tides at Sydney Port Jackson for the current week are available from the NSW Government, Manly Hydraulics Laboratory: https://mhl.nsw.gov.au/data/realtime/oceantide/Station-213470.

Human Vector Borne Disease Notifications

Under the NSW Public Health Act 2010, public health laboratories, general practitioners and hospitals are required to notify of any case of human vector borne disease listed as a scheduled medical condition. The NSW Health's Communicable Diseases Weekly Report (CDWR)

(www.health.nsw.gov.au/Infectious/reports/Pages/CDWR.aspx) details cases by the week that they are received by NSW Public Health Units.

The data for Ross River virus and Barmah Forest virus from the CDWR for the latest 3 weeks are in the following table.

Recent notifications of Ross River virus and Barmah Forest virus in humans

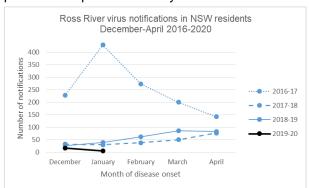
(by date of case report received)

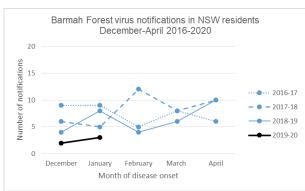
	Week			
	Latest week (5-11 Jan 2020)	1-week prior (29 Dec 2019 - 4 Jan 2020)	2-weeks prior (22-28 Dec 2019)	
Ross River virus	3	3	2	
Barmah Forest virus	1	0	0	

Source: CDWR, Communicable Diseases Branch, Health Protection NSW, NSW Health Notifications are for NSW residents, infection may have been acquired outside NSW

Monthly Ross River virus and Barmah Forest virus notifications, <u>by month of disease onset</u> (the earlier of patient-reported onset, specimen, or notification date), are available at the following NSW Health websites: www1.health.nsw.gov.au/IDD/#/ROSS www1.health.nsw.gov.au/IDD/#/BF

The following figures, show the monthly number of notifications of Ross River virus and Barmah Forest virus for the current NSW Arbovirus and Mosquito Monitoring season (December 2019-April 2020), and the same period in the previous three years.





Source: NSW Health Notifiable Conditions Information Management System (NCIMS), Communicable Diseases Branch and Centre for Epidemiology and Evidence, NSW Health

The data for the current month are the notifications to date.