# **Fast starts**

# **Dribble tag**

Stage: Stage 2 upwards

## **Activity set-up**

- Set out the playing area (25 students = approximately  $25m \times 25m$ ).
- Provide each student with a ball.
- Five students are selected as 'taggers' and given a braid each.

## How to play

- All students start dribbling their ball around the area using the inside, outside and soles of their feet.
- On the teacher's signal, the five taggers then attempt to tag the other students, while still dribbling their ball.
- If a student is tagged, they then swap roles and become the tagger.



#### Category: Tag Game

### **Equipment**

- 8 markers (to set out playing area).
- 1 ball per student.
- 1 braid or similar per tagger.

## Increase/decrease challenge

- Vary the size of the playing area.
- Vary the number of taggers.
- Taggers try to kick each student's ball out of the playing area instead of tagging

#### **Additional variations**

- If a student is tagged or their ball is kicked out, they must perform a movement or activity to return to play. For example, 10 sole taps or jumping jacks.
- Students dribble the ball with their hands.

## Sample questions

- How did you move your body to participate effectively?
- How can you use and adapt different skills in the game to improve success?
- How can you refine your strategy to be successful in the game?
- What would you do differently next time?



# **Activity considerations**

## **Qualities of a Fast Start activity**

A fast start activity provides an opportunity to:

- engage in moderate to vigorous physical activity (huff 'n' puff) with minimal rules within 2 minutes
- explore and practise movement skills (fundamental and specialised movement skills and concepts, tactical and creative movement, health and fitness enhancing movement)
- reinforce an inclusive learning environment that supports positive interactions and ongoing collaboration
- become familiar with equipment and space
- use age and stage appropriate language and concepts that act as a hook to engage students
- make planning adjustments based on observations of the physical preparedness of students and the group dynamic.



#### **Inclusion**

All students, regardless of disability, ethnicity, socio-economic status, nationality, language, gender, sexual orientation or faith, can access and fully participate in learning, alongside their similar aged peers, supported by reasonable adjustments and teaching strategies tailored to meet their individual needs. Considerations for teaching students from diverse backgrounds and sample adjustments can be accessed on the Aboriginal education and communities', High Potential and Cifted Education, Multicultural education, Disability, learning and support and NESA's Adjustments pages.

## Linking to other learning areas

Skills, concepts and topics from other learning areas may be embedded into activities to reinforce student learning. Examples include, counting while passing the ball, labelling movements or objects with nouns / verbs, The 'Thinking while moving' programs available on the <a href="NSW School Sport Unit">NSW School Sport Unit</a> website provide additional guidance of how to link physical activity with other key learning areas.

# Safety considerations

Prior to the commencement of any physical activities, teachers must ensure that the following has been addressed.

**Activity**: ensure that the activity being undertaken is suitable for the age, maturity and experience of the students.

**Student safety**: ensure that students have:

- personal safety (see <u>sport safety guidelines</u>)
- adequate protection from the sun (eg. hats and shaded areas where possible)
- regular opportunities to hydrate
- access to necessary medications such as asthma puffers.

**Equipment:** all playing equipment must be inspected and in good working order.

**Playing area / surface:** choose a playing area suitable for the activity and weather conditions on the day. Playing area boundaries must be clearly marked using field markers or similar and be free from any dangerous objects or obstructions (such as slippery surfaces, rocks, trees, benches / seats, student bags).